Frankfurt

STATE OF STREET COMPANIES () Nowthat. Min ar ... F # 1 11/2 🖦 i seran 🚣 relations of ********** the base to e as

i ber eren Charles Co. ricke geber ger Martin ... مناجلة فانته 🗯 The But # **Marga** 1135 c. 🗗 🙀 s ezer 🖫 **iş hat**opolin. 🙀 🔯 😕 🕝

grafies lague

APPR COLUMN minima. Burger dans 🎒 व्यक्तिक 👝 ह # pd V. 10 🚧 विकास

Man will be a second of the second

entime. t the terminal Maria III

r **Cas**alaa 🗀 | The Care a Writer and ested by the Re. A. Re. C.F. Peel 200 h Rate talk

boost for Jo burg

NOMURA ASIAN PRASTRUCTURE FUND A CHAPTER T

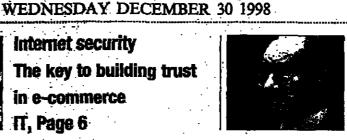


World Business Newspaper http://www.FT.com

Germany Schröder's unstuffy style takes hold Page 9



Internet security The key to building trust in e-commerce



The near-cr

Fakebusters 4 8 1 China's wily counterfeit cops Odd jobs, Page 8

WORLD NEWS

Cyprus retreats on proposal to deploy missiles

Cyprus acted to defuse an escalating dispute with Turkey over the deployment of Russian surface-to-air missiles, agreeing not to base them on the divided island and to negotiate instead to place them on the Greek island of Crete. Page 2

Brissels in suro note programme The European Commission aims to raise the visibility of the euro among international investors with the launch of a euro denominated medium-term note programme next Tuesday, a day after trading begins. Page 2

Khmer Rouge chiefs apologies Two top Khmer Rouge leaders offered the first apologies to the Cambodian people for their genocidal rule two decades ago and asked their countrymen to forget the past. Page 4

traci aircraft fit no-fly zones Baghdad stepped up its defiance against the west, claiming that its own aircraft were flying in the "no-fly zones" despite US insistence that it would continue to enforce the zones. Page 4

Moscow widens \$1bn bank probe Russia's interior ministry said it is was widening its investigation into alleged wrongdoing at the central bank and suggested that more than \$1bn could have gone missing. Page 2

lasing distributes start targets
Otman lasing, chief economist of the European Central Bank, has dismissed German government proposals for exchange rate target zones for the euro as "dangerous" and "Musory". Page 2

German call charges set to fall German telephone users are entering the new year with the prospect of further drops in the cost of calls, thanks to a price war in Europe's biggest telecoms market. Page 2

Tests on seven surviving Texas. octuplets yielded "very dramatic good news" when they showed the babies had no early signs of neurological problems.

Saudi Arabia to cut spending Low oil revenues have forced Saudi Arabia, the world's largest oil exporter, to cut projected spending in 1999 by 12 per cent to SR165bn (\$44bn) from last year's actual SR189bn. Page 4

Disasters cost 50,000 fives Natural disasters caused 50,000 deaths and damage costing more than \$90 billion in 1998, said reinsurers Munich Re MUVGn.F

Confition plan for Ankara Turkish independent parliamentarian Yalim Erez said he hoped to form a coalition government next week after a month of political instability.

US home tales set for record Sales of US existing homes rose to a near record in November, on track to shatter last year's levels, said the National Association of

Most Chileans think Pinochet guilty Almost two-thirds of Chileans believe that former president Augusto Pinochet is guilty of numan rights abuses during his 17-year rule, a survey showed.

A German autobahn was showered with DM77,000 (\$46,000) of email change after an accident involving a security van.

BUSINESS NEWS

Conoco to take \$50m charge and cut 975 jobs

Conoco, the US oil company, became the latest casualty of depressed oil prices as it amounced an after-tax charge of \$50m, or 8 cents a share, against fourth quarter earnings to cut: said 975 jobs would be lost.

Page 15 Lafarge of France has won an agreement to take a majority stake in Serbla's state-owned Beoch cement plant, but diplomats said European Union saing tions against Serbia could block

the proposed deal. Page 11. Scania, the Swedish heavy truck manufacturer, is expecting a sharp increase in European sales this year following increased fleet demand in France and Germany.

Page 14 es of shares traded hands on the London Stock Exchange in 1998, with turnover boosted by a large rise in the value of international share trading. Page 11

Russia looked set to miss a \$362m cash repayment on its private sector debt due by midnight last night, but officials said foreign creditors were unlikely to declare the country in default. Page 2; Cooling the neltdown, Page 3

Yolvo, the Swedish automotive group, warned that transaction and currency charges associated with the euro could cost it up to SKr300m (\$37m) a year. Page 14. Malayala is to borrow US\$1.35bn from a consortium of 12 foreign commercial banks. The five-year

troubled local banks and to finance infrastructure building projects. Page 4 Singer, the US maker of sewing trachines, this taken the faut step in a confidential forced on

loans will be used to recapital

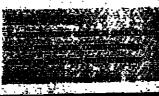
it by the colleged of emerging markets. Page 12 More King property lending rose sharply list month, reflecting the leanth of a further of new developments: Gross new loans rose 86.5 (Ser Cent to HK\$10.3bin (\$1.53bn), Page 4

ite Vokado, one of Japan's largest retailers, has launched huge discount sales during the eact-of-year altopping season in an attempt to revive consumer sentiment. Page 11; Editorial Comment, Page 9

Anglagoid, the world's largest gold producin, is to use a syndi-cated bank loan of \$350m to help finance the acquisition of the gold mining and exploration interests of Minorco, its sister company. Page 15

Forbas magazine has named Pfizer, the US drugs group, as its company of the year, saying, The people who brought us Viagra have more blockbusters on the way".

decided to sell a 51 per cent stake in its national carrier, Air Senegal, and wants to receive bids by February 26, 1999.



WORLD MARKETS

Harr York: Cornex Dog Jones Ind Ar ... MASDAD Conscensio MASOAC Composite Burger and For Best COCKO OTHER PARTS (F2%) (135,867) (136,56) (166,47) (60,253) Tokye Close 110.175

© THE FINANCIAL TIMES LIMITED 1998 No.33,793 London - Leeds - Peris - Frenkfurt - Stantilatus - Milas - Madrid - More Chicago - Los Angules - Tokyo - Hong Song



Four hostages die as Yemeni forces storm

IT, Page 6

Western tourists killed in rescue attempt after abduction by tribesmen

captors' base

Three British hostages and one Australian were killed and others injured yesterday when Yemeni security forces stormed a position held by the kidnappers of 16 tour-ists, Robin Cook, British foreign secretary said.

The group of eight men and eight women - 12 Britons two Americans and two Australians had been taken by tribesmen on Monday near Haban, in southcentral Abyan province, an area of ragged terrain and 6,000 foot high mountains.

A Yemeni official said troops had stormed the tribesmen's stronghold after reports that they had killed two of their captives. He said it was the first time hostages had been killed in the country where more than 100 foreigners, including several diplomats and oil workers, have been abducted since 1992.

Two of the kidnappers, Islamic militants demanding the release of a tailed colleague, were also injured in an operation which resulted, according to officials, in the release of the other According to Western diplo-

mais, the group had been travel-ling in five vehicles when they were abducted by tribesmen. The tribesmen have long been at odds with the central govern-ment for by President Ali Abdul-Marib field, operated by Yemen gle currency. Conversion rates ish Salah, whom they accuse of Hunt Oil Company in conjunction the 11 currencies joining monsoftuption and of neglecting the tion with Exxon.

people who live in rural areas.

Mr Cook said that the Foreign Kidnapping and abductions, Page 4

Office was advising that British nationals visiting the country should leave.

Abyan province is on the regular tour route for visitors going from San'a and other favoured northern Yemen destinations, to the Hadramawt in southern Yemen Most tourists in the country, like the group kidnapped on Monday, are escorted by Yemeni tour operators with guides who come from, or are friendly with, tribesmen in areas

through which they are passing. One of the vehicles, carrying a Yemeni guide and a British tourist, escaped and alerted the

The abductions came only three weeks after gunmen took four German tourists hostage, including three women, in Marib province 170 kilometres east of · San'a.

Negotiations for their release are still going on. Monday's kidnapping was the largest single such incident in a

country as rich in abductions as it is in historical sites. The most recent tragedy is certain to damage the country's tourism industry, which last year generated \$100m in badly-needed

foreign exchange. Last Saturday, disgruntled time since June, part of the pipe-

hanic needs of the majority of . The 420km pipeline has an average throughput of 145,000 Yemen, with a population of barrels a day, more than one fan people in the south-west corthird of the 380,000 b/d produced her of the Arabian peninsula, is by foreign companies. Revenues one of the world's poorest coun-from crude oil provide more than tries with an annual income of 80 per cent of state revenue.

Balloons outside the Paris headquarters of French bank Paribas herald the launch of Europe's single currency on Australia cautions against investing in UK after euro

FRIVE

FIM

By Gwen Robinson in Sydney and Christopher Adems in London

The Australian government has warned companies they face a 'competitive disadvantage" investing in the UK because it is

outside monetary union. The warning, in a report by the Australian department of foreign affairs and trade, is the strongest tribesmen blew up, for the 19th | sign yet of official concern etary union (Emu) will be published tomorrow and the euro will be traded for the first time

on world markets on Monday. The report said companies based outside the single currency zone would face additional transaction and hedging costs related to the euro, compared with their competitors within the euro-zone.

The report is an embarrassment for the UK government. which claims inward investment will not be significantly affected monetary union for the time nomenon," according to the Aus- countries.

being, Britain, Sweden, Denmark and Greece are the only members of the 15-nation European Union not joining the euro.

The report predicted most Australian companies in the UK would be unlikely to shift operations to continental Europe immediately because the UK was "unlikely to remain out of Emu for lone".

But it voiced what many among the UK's main trading non-EU governments have said privately: that the UK's decision to stay out of the euro's launch impact on its bilateral trade and investment relations with non-EU partners.

"There is widespread agreement that countries participating in the 'first wave' of Emu might become more attractive for forelen investors, which could lead to some re-direction of FDI [foreign direct investment] flows. In particular the UK, which is a traditional recipient of FDI flows of by its decision to stay out of negatively affected by this phe-foreign direct investment in EU

The UK government is fighting

to maintain influence in Europe despite not taking part in monetary union at an early stage. The report will provide ammunition for an increasingly active section of British business, which is in favour of adopting the euro as soon as possible. The UK Department of Trade

and Industry yesterday disputed the report's conclusions, saving that high levels of new investment suggested the UK's position will have a negative short-term on the euro was not a significant issue for the world's leading companies. An official at the Confederation

of British Industry said: "With the possibility of the UK joining the single currency still open in the future, our non-involvement at this stage will have minimal effect on inward investment," The UK is by far Australia's

largest EU trading partner. It receives nearly one third of Auslarge investor countries like the tralia's exports to the EU and US, Canada, and Japan, might be about 85 per cent of Australia's

China passes law to improve stock market regulation

passed a securities law to create enforce the regulations." broad legal framework for its growing stock markets.

The law, which has been under consideration for six years, is designed to bring some order to China's volatile young markets. But, while the legislation rein-

investors' funds, market analysts have noted the absence of rules to govern some of the more sophisticated matters in the financial services industry, such as derivatives and debt issuance. Senior members of the

National People's Congress, China's parliament, approved the 214 article law which includes "detailed stipulations on preventing market risk and standardis- lukewarm response to the longing market operations to protect the interests of investors", the official Xinhua news agency reported.

The law sets out broad powers for the market regulator, stiffens the punishments for trading and issuing tregularities, stops bro- to several last minute chances kerages from using customers' and is expected to undergo more funds for trading on the firms' revisions when it goes before the accounts, separates trading and State Council, China's cabinet. underwriting operations and clearly divides the banking, trust

Shanghai, said: "The law represents a platform from which the China took another cautious step authorities can put the securities towards becoming a modern mar-houses in order, but, as usual, it ket economy yesterday when it depends on how rigorously they

China's stock markets in Shanghai and Shenzhen, which have grown over the past eight years to boast more than 800 listed companies and a total market capitalisation of more than the many regulations, directives ket capitalisation of more than and policy guidelines that have RMB2,000bn (\$240bn), have accompanied the development of tended to be speculative and unpredictable.

Some Chinese commanies have forces panalties for abuses such shown scant regard for financial as insider trading and theft of regulations. For example, Chengdu Hongguang, the television component maker, claimed to have generated substantial profits to secure a listing on the Shanghal stock exchange in 1997. The company had actually made a loss of RMB102m

Insider trading has also been common at a number of securi-

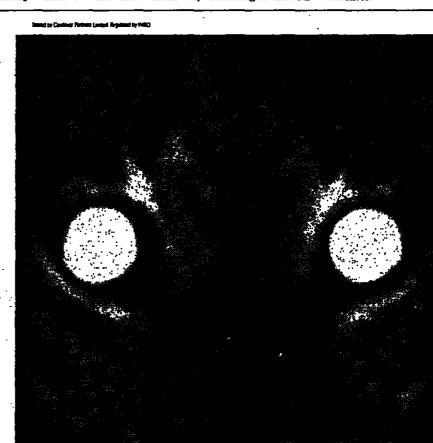
The stock markets offered a awaited approval of the law Traders generally welcomed the legislation but were concerned that certain regulations would squeeze money out of the markets in the short-term.

The draft law has been subject Ceremonial approval by the assembly of the National People's Congress will take place in Gavin Bacon, partner at the March, and the law is due to take law area Simmons & Simmons in effect on July 1 next year.

CONTENTS

World News 2-4 UK News 5 Features 6 Comment & Analysis 8,9 Companies & Finance 11-16 World Stock Markets 22-28

Full contents and Less back page



The leopard's eye is brilliantly adapted for seeing at night. It maximises the light rays it receives by bouncing them back off a reflective layer behind its retina, giving the eye a second chance to absorb them.

Vision that delivers.

Throwing light on the real potential of a business, forming a clear view of its -value and being prepared to pay for it also takes a particular vision; Vision that we back with the £850 million Candover 1997 Fund. Vision that delivers.

candover

WORLD NEWS

Cyprus backtracks over missiles Internet starts to

Cyprus yesterday acted to defuse an escalating dispute with Turkey over the deployment of Russian surface-toair missiles, agreeing not to base them on the divided island and to negotiate instead to place them on the

Greek island of Crete. After meeting Costas Simitis, the Greek president, in oric between Cyprus and the Athens and then debating the issue for three hours cil. Glafkos Clerides, presi-dent of Cyprus, said he had

not to install the missiles on Cyprus and I agreed to negotiate with the Russian government on the possibility of installing them on Crete," he said in a statement yester-

Cyprus' 1997 decision to buy \$425m of \$-300 missiles from Russia has led to increasingly belligerent rhetclaims the missiles would be with Cyprus' National Coun- able to threaten aircraft in Threats by Turkey to

them in Cyprus drew Greece - which guarantees the security of Cyprus - into the on the island. dispute, and led to strong international pressure to

"not bowing to international pressure or blackmail" but believed his decision was the best for the national interest" of Cyprus. If placed on Crete, the missiles would no longer be able

to threaten Turkish air

the missile contract only if Turkey agreed to his pro-posal for demilitarisation of the island or if there was progress towards a solution ending its division. Turkish

will be highly controversial

The Cypriot president had

Cyprus in 1974. Yesterday Vassos Lyssar-Edek party, said he "totally

troops occupied Northern

destroy the missiles if any tions. But the decision nev-attempt was made to deploy ertheless represents a climb-would decide within hours down by Mr Clerides and it whether to withdraw from the government. Mr Clerides said Cyprus

> He also referred to a recent United Nations Security Council resolution calling for reductions of troops and armaments in Cyprus and said he hoped this and commitments given by Bill Clinton, US president, and ides, leader of the socialist Tony Blair, the British prime

would now press ahead with earlier said he would cancel its attempt to join the Euroshoppers patient shoppers have

Schwarz, the top New York

toy store featured in the

movie *Big.* For some American families it is an

annual pilgrimage, for others part of a routine

seasonal shopping trip - but it is also a testament to the

continuing draw of the

But while some parents

wonder, as they shepherd their cold, whingeing children along Fifth Avenue,

whether there is an easier way, others have recently discovered that there is.

Christmas shopping on the internet has more than

tripled since last year,

according to a survey by

consultancy, and shop.org, a

trade association for internet

The data for the period

from November 23 to

December 30 show a 230 per

cent rise in Christmas

shopping on the internet,

with an average order size of

\$55, up 6 per cent over last

This surge in Christmas

shopping exceeds the 200 per

cent growth projected in

online retailing revenues to

\$300bm for 1998 - a total

which still represents less

than one per cent of retail

David Pecaut, head of

BCG's global e-commerce

practice, describes the

Christmas internet shopping

surge as "a coming of age".

Last year, he says, most

people who shopped on the

web viewed it as an

Scott Appleby, e-commerce analyst at ABN Amro, was not surprised by the surge:

"Two or three times last

year's levels was the

minimum" he expected, he

A number of factors have

psychological shift in the

willingness of shoppers to

Sites in certain categories

greater selection than shops.

The biggest Barnes & Noble

bookstores stock 180,000

titles, compared with about

or amazon.com. Mr Pecaut

estimates that 8 per cent of

US books are now bought on

Worries about credit card

security on the internet but

risks by handing over their

numbers over the phone.

But the main reason seems

offers discount prices on

books which can be ordered,

gift-wrapped and shipped

with a few strokes of the

analysts believe these are

not widespread. "I don't

think it's a reflection of a

noted that there is "not an

overwhelming number of

contributed to

use the internet

the internet.

retailers.

Boston Consulting Group,

management

shopping

Christmas

EXCHANGE RATES ECB'S CHIEF ECONOMIST DISMISSES PROPOSALS BY THE GERMAN FINANCE MINISTER

Issing rejects euro target zones call

Otmar Issing, chief economist of the European Central Bank, has dismissed German government proposals for exchange rate target zones for the euro as "dangerous" and "illusory".

Mr Issing's comments amount to tough criticism of Oskar Lafontaine, German finance minister, who has proposed target bands for exchange rates between the euro, the dollar and the yen as a contribution to global

The comments by Mr Issing, the only German repre- in a kind of 'world policy'. I sentative on the ECB's executive board, suggest that the birth of the euro will do nothing to end policy differences over future euro exchange rate policy between the ECB and the

Both Germany and France

Securities to

against the US dollar, thus damaging exports. The ECB categorically rejects this approach, claiming it would undermine the bank's constiprice stability by aiming for a second, possibly conflicting, target.

In an interview published today with Stern, the weekly German magazine, Mr Issing savs international policy coordination should be limited to a "lively exchange of views" among the central banks. "It would be something completely different to co-ordinate monetary policy consider such an attempt not only illusory, but also dangerous," he says.

Mr Issing adds that the US Federal Reserve also opposes such a form of policy co-'always put American interests first in the end".

favour an explicit exchange Exchange rate target zones result of rate policy to prevent the usually involve the fixing of reforms.

or more currencies combined with an agreed fluctuation less formal arrangements, under which central banks tutional objective to achieve intervene to counteract a strong appreciation or depreciation of the exchange rate, but without formal bands or

> The Maastricht treaty, which contains the legal blueprint for economic and monetary union, leaves national governments in charge of deciding whether to adopt an exchange rate policy for the euro. But the ECB would have to be consulted in this case.

The German government has recently toned down its rhetoric over target zones, after the US administration made clear that it strongly opposed the idea. Mr Issing said the succes

of US monetary policy during the 1990s was largely the



Tourists set to head 'raise visibility' for central banks

By Peter Norman in Brussels

The European Commission financial terms of the variaims to raise the visibility of ous tranches to be deterthe euro among interna- mined in the light of market tional investors with the conditions at the time of launch of a euro-denominated medium-term note programme next Tuesday, one day after trading in the new single currency begins. Yves-Thibault de Silguy,

commissioner for monetary affairs, will sign a prospectus for the issue of up to 2bn euro of notes with maturities ranging from three months to 30 years, as well as an Sachs of the US. agreement with an interna- • The move to the European tional group of financial securities with investors. According to Commission

officials, the programme will renew and increase an existing note programme of up to pledged yesterday. Eculbn (\$1.1bn), which was launched in 1994 and has so far raised Ecu790m for the European Union.

The notes will in future be issued on behalf of the European Community as the legal representative of the in 10 to 15 years. EU and Euratom, the European Atomic Energy Com-

The funds will mainly finance projects in third countries, including nuclear safety projects in the republics of the former Soviet

Union. The Commission has sought to make the note pro-

gramme as flexible as possible, leaving the amounts and

institutions involved with the issue include Barclays of the UK, the London-based operations of Deutsche Bank, Banca Commerciale Italiana, Paribas of France, ABN-Amro of the Netherlands, Merrill Lynch, Salomon Brothers and Goldman

single currency will see no institutions to place the relaxation of Belgium's policy of reducing its public debt as a percentage of gross domestic product, Elio di Rupo, economics minister, Claiming that the country

was now in a "virtuous circle" of debt reduction, he said Belgium could bring its debt-to-GDP ratio down to the 60 per cent level specified in the Maastricht treaty The government expects

the debt-to-GDP ratio will drop to 115 per cent next year following a steady fall from the 1993 record high of The minister said Belgium

135 per cent. intended to maintain an annual primary budget surplus of about 6 per cent to reduce its public debt.

By Peter Wise in Lisbon and Elizabeth Robinson in London Should travellers prove one of the areas where

to find the cheapest rate to experience the practical exchange currencies inside the euro-zone after the launch of the single currency on Friday, then the august corridors of Europe's use of free exchange at central banks will soon echo to the chatter of thousands of tourists.

In the 11 countries forming the euro-zone, each central bank will be obliged to with commercial banks to exchange notes from any of exchange other euro the other 10 countries into currencies into local the local currency without currency for a small charging a fee or transaction fee. In Portugal, commission. They will use the conversion rates commission has been fixed between the 11 currencies at a maximum of 0.5 per and the euro that are to be cent. permanently

"The least expensive means of exchange within the euro-zone will be to take your local currency with you and go to the nearest branch of the central bank in the country you are visiting," a Portuguese central bank

official said yesterday. The euro-zone currencies will remain in use for the next three years, until they are replaced by euro notes and coins on January 1 2002. This unexpected and humble new role for central

consequence of economic only Es253. From Friday, and monetary union for the there will be just one currency exchange business. willing to go to any lengths ordinary citizens will first loss in revenue as a result of

> effects of the transition to the euro. In practice, however, tourists are unlikely to make central banks because they lack the facilities to conduct retail exchange businesses.

Instead, central banks have reached agreements .for example,

The advent of the single currency, however, will be bad news for Europe's bureaux de chanae. The practice of charging different rates for buying or selling currencies, from which the bureaux de change have traditionally made the

bulk of their margins, will disappear at a stroke next in Lisbon yesterday, banks and bureoux de change were charging about Es258 for one Irish pound, for example. But if you were exchanging

an Irish punt for escudos,

banks is just one you would have received

exchange rate.

We expect a 30 per cent the single currency," said such as books now offer Silvino Silva, a Lisbon branch manager with Cotacámbios, a small company which runs 10 exchange bureaux in Portugal Mr Silva indicated, 3m on barnesandnoble.com however, that the bureaux will try to make up for those losses by charging higher

João Capucho, a banking fraud seems to have faded, sector analyst with partly as a result of better Portugal's Banco Finantia, also because consumers believes the euro means the have realised that they are end of the currency exchange business in Europe probably running greater on any significant scale.
"We are moving into a

credit cards in restaurants world dominated by fust or stating credit card three currencles, the euro, the dollar and the yen, in which more than 80 per cent to be ease and convenience of global output will be amazon.com, for example denominated. People will need to exchange currencies less and less."

As for the euro itself, it will for now be exchanged mouse. only in the form of Since ease is the internet's travellers' cheques or by selling point, if a gift then credit card companies. falls to arrive on time, the Carlson Wagonlit Travel, consumer's ire is likely to be more pronounced than if a the business travel agent, estimates that business shop is out of stock. There have been delivery failures this Christmas but travellers to the euro-zone will save an average \$13.15

breakdown of the system." said Mr Appleby. Furthermore, many sites have managed expectations

by posting latest order dates for Christmas gifts. Mr Pecaut said that in addition to delivery motivated and is designed to problems, some sites had become overloaded, but

> examples".
> As compelling as the data is the anecdotal evidence that internet shopping has arrived.

It has recently become a hot topic of conversation even among Americans who are not on the technological cutting edge. At the recent seasonal

round of parties, around Christmas and Chanukkah this year, New York parents. as well as discussing schools Russia's aggressive financial and property prices like their peers in London, could be heard telling each other to sign on to e-toys rather twice fired on Mr Dubinin's than face another trudge around ToysRUs.

NEWS DIGEST

DEFAULT DECLARATION 'UNLIKELY'

Moscow likely to miss cash repayment on debt

Russia yesterday looked set to miss a \$362m cash repayment on its private sector debt due by midnight but finance officials said foreign creditors were unlikely to declare the country in default.

Officials said that almost three-quarters of the holders of the Soviet-era "London Club" debt had accepted the gov-emment's restructuring proposals by yesterday's deadline - even though this fell short of the 95 per cent level technically needed for approval.

Vneshekonombank, the government's agent, is now likely to issue additional interest Arrear Notes (IANs) in place of the cash repayment. Foreign investors fear that such a move will further depress the price of existing IANs but appear reluctant to start a complicated legal battle against the Russian government by declaring a default. Finance officials said they would continue to talk to London Club creditors about an orderly, longer-term restruct-uring although this process would be complicated by the diffuse ownership of the debt, which has already been restructured once before.

The government forecasts it will be able to service only \$9.5bn of the \$17.5bn of foreign debt repayments due next year. John Thomhill, Moscow

FRENCH TREASURY

End of paper bonds

The French treasury is to stop offering government debt in the form of bearer bonds on paper certificates from next week, due to the declining popularity of these instruments. and their incompatibility with European economic and

Bond certificates, which were offered to individual investors, associations and local authorities, accounted for only 0.3 per cent of outstanding French debt at the end of last year. The vast majority of bonds is held in electronic form and traded by computer.

When French debt is redenominated over the next week end, each bond will be broken down into a round number of euro-denominated bonds. This will take place automatically for securities registered in electronic clearing systems, while holders of bond certificates will have bring them to a treasury office for exchange.

US ECONOMY

Consumer confidence dips

The US consumer confidence index fell to 126.1 in December from a revised 126.4 in November, the Conference Board said. The Board's expectations index fell to 97.8 in December from a revised 99.5 in November, and the board said that the slight dip in was mainly due to a decline in optimism about future spending power.

"While this month's survey excludes recent political and military events, over the past 30 years consumers have weathered a multitude of similar situations quite remarkably," said Lynn Franco, associate director of the Conference Board's Consumer Research Centre. Overall consumer sentiment held at "decent" levels, said William Sullivan, a senior vice-president and director of money market research at Morgan Stanley Dean Witter

 Sales of existing homes rose to a near-record level in November as mild weather, strong consumer confidence and low mortgage rates boosted tumover, the National Association of Realtors said yesterday. Home resales rose 2.7 per cent in November to a seasonally adjusted annual rate of 4.90m units. The rate was just short of the record sales pace of 4.91m units recorded in July.

US-MEXICAN TRADE

Border companies criticised

International companies running maquiladora factories, which operate along Mexico's border with the US to take advantage of free trade accords between the two countries, are flouting Mexican law by forcing women to undergo pregnancy tests as a condition of employment, Human Rights Watch said yesterday.

Women found to be pregnant were refused employment, the New York-based human rights group said in a report entitled "A Job or Your Rights: Continued Sex Discrimination in Mexico's Maquiladora Sector. Among the compenies carrying out the tests were Landis & Staefa, Samsung Group, Matsushita Electric Corp, Sunbeam-Oster, Sanyo, Thomson Corporate Worldwide, Siemens, Lear, Johnson Controls, Tyco International and Pacific Dunlop, the report

The group criticised the legal recourses available to employees and called on the Mexican government to do more to protect its workers. "This is flagrant sex discrimination that these corporations would never dare to defend or practise in their own countries," said Regan Raiph, executive director of Human Rights Watch's women's rights division. Andrew Downie, Mexico City

ANGOLA CRASH

UN locates aircraft

The United Nations has located the C-130 cargo aircraft which crashed in Angola on Saturday, with 10 UN observers on board and said it had "clear indications" that it was

issa Dialio, head of the UN observer mission in Angola said there was "still a chance to save people" and that hopes had been raised by the reception of a morse code signal from the aircraft. It is not clear whether the message was sent automatically or manually. Mark Turner, Nairobi

BASQUE POLITICS

Step towards home rule

In the aftermath of a three-month-long ceasefire by the outlawed separatist organisation Eta, the regional parliament of Spain's Basque country was yesterday poised to elect its first wholly nationalist government thanks to the support of Eta's political allies. The new executive, expected to receive a majority backing from the 75-member Basque legislature today, marks a watershed in the region's progress towards home rule that followed the restoration of democracy in Spain in the mid 1970's.

Juan José Ibarrebte, candidate of the mainstream Basque Nationalist party (PNV) for the post of chief minister, was endorsed by Euskal Herritarrock (EH), the Basque Citizens party, on the first day of debate. EH is a coalition orchestrated by Eta's political wing, which emerged as the third largest political force in elections to the local legislature held in October.

Euskal Herritarrock said it would back Mr Ibarretxe's minority government in order to bolster the sovereignty of the Basque country . Tom Burns, Madrid

AND MORE AGGRESSIVE

MAMMAIS

whites the





GERMANY:
Responsible for Advertising content: Colin
A. Remand Printer: Hilmwet International
Verlaggeselfschaft mbbl, Admiral-Rosendall-Strasse 3s. 6333 New Itembur; ISSN
01°4 7363. Responsible Editor: Richard
Lambert, cto The Funancial Times Limited,
Nuraber One Southwark Bridge, London
SEI 9811.

FRANCE: PRANCE:
Publishing Director: P. Maraviglia, 42 Rue
La Baette, 79006 PARIS. Telephone (01)
5376 8254. Fan (01) 5376 8253. Franter
S.A. Nord Felair. 1921 Rue de Caire.
F-9100 Roubart Ceder.) Editor Richard
Lambert, ISSN 1148-2753. Commission
Partiture No 6-1000.

SWEDEN

FINANCIAL TIMBS

Parkshed by The Panamal Tames (Furope)
GmbH, Nibehunganghare 3, 00318 Frankfort an Main, Chemany, Telephone 4+49
(9) 150 RSU, Fax ++49 nt 390 4481 Represented in Frankfish by Colan 4, Kennard
as Geraldisylbher and in London by
David C.M. Bull, Chamman, and Alan C
Miller, Depury Chamman, The sharchelder
of the Francial Tames (Europe) GmbH in
Pearson Overson Holdings Luminel, 3 Burhugton Gardens, London, WiX (LE.
Sharchelder of this company is Pearson
ple, registered at the same address
GERNALNY:

SWEDENS
RESponsible Publisher: Bradles P Johnson,
Telephone 446 B. 791 2345. Printer: AB
Kvalhendungen Expressen. PO Box 6017.
S-509 08. Bonkiping.
C. The Financial Tunes Limited 1946
Ealtor: Rachard Lumbert, cto The Financial
Tunes Lumided, Number One Southwark
Bradge, London SEI 9HL.

MOSCOW INVESTIGATION MINISTRY SUGGESTS \$1BN MAY BE MISSING AT CENTRAL BANK Russian funds probe widens

By John Thornbill in Mescow about enormous losses Russia's interior ministry said yesterday it was widen-ing its investigation into alleged wrongdoing at the central bank and suggested more than \$1bn could have and defaulted on its domes-

gone missing. Ministry officials said they were trawling through central bank records from the past six years and were also examining finance ministry accounts.

The investigation now well as the FSB, successor to the rouble. the KGB.

The interior ministry launched its investigation the central bank at the time achieve prosecutions. Previinto misuse of funds at the of the August crisis, yestercentral bank soon after Russia's financial crisis broke on August 17, when the government devalued the rouble

tic debt. The Auditing Chamber. the government's financial watchdog, questioned how the central bank had used the \$4.8bn loan it received from the International Moneincludes experts from the tary Fund in July as part of

prosecutor general's office as a last-ditch attempt to save There were also allega-Sergei Stepashin, interior tions that the central bank time by the president of minister, said: "We have had given soft credits to sevbeen picking through the eral politically influential central bank's activities commercial banks, which since 1992. We are talking were facing big repayments investigation is politically

on hard currency loans. Sergei Dubinin, head of blacken names, not to day fiercely rejected suggestions he had been involved ties have not uncovered eviin any wrongdoing. He added that it was difficult to fight with "phantoms" who always said that it spent the aired vague allegations IMF money on the purposes rather than specific charges. for which it was intended.

had been subject to emotional attacks, tarnishing its ble, while the remaining reputation and threatening \$1bn was used to retire a its independence. "If we want to have a weak currency, we should destroy the independent central bank, as has been done in his own Belarus," he said.

Other former government

ous audits of central bank and finance ministry actividence of fraud.

Mr Dubinin said the bank Up to \$3.5hn was spent on the failed defence of the rou-

special favours. officials have suggested the

The central bank has

slab of envernment debt_ But central bank staff have at times come under enormous_pressure from institutions to grant them Unidentified gunmen have

pwards home rule

#14:--- . . . E Berter 1000 i Pin sic erii Mile Gallerii ile

Link is Charge with the pro-Marie State of the Control of the Co Description Maria

behind the soaring porticos of the US Treasury building, a different sort of drama was unfolding, one that might prove even more momentous than the potential impeachment of a president. The Russian government had bowed under the weight of international financial pressure and allowed the rouble to float, at the same time restructuring (a euphemism for defaulting on) much of its foreign private debt.

a day of truly

historic significance in

and arc lights had begun

sprouting on the front lawn of the White House to cap-

ture the few visual high-

Inside, President Bill Clin-

before a grand jury over alle-

Monica Lewinsky case. The

presidential impeachment

the world were on the execu-

tive mansion throughout the

But across the street,

stormy summer's day.

history in the making.

started his final preparations to save his presidency, officials began grappling with their initial response to what they would later describe as the most serious financial crisis the world had faced in 50 years.

Over the next few weeks world markets plunged into a frightening downward spiral. A group of senior officials at the Treasury, the not say is when." A global Federal Reserve and the market collapse would be White House put together a potentially devastating. The crisis response designed to robust US economic expanforestall a collapse. These sion might be brought to a included Robert Rubin, the standstill, knocking away Treasury secretary, Law- the only prop to global rence Summers, his deputy, growth.

onday, August 17 was billed Gene Sperling, chairman of President Clinton's national Greenspan, the Federal Washington. Well before dawn, the television cameras

cushioned the shock of Russia's financial collapse

Cooling the global

markets' meltdown

In the first of two reports, Gerard Baker reveals how world leaders

dent of the New York Fed. According to Mr Rubin, the atmosphere of the disintense but never panicky.

lights of what promised to be very much by sitting there, wringing your hands and ton was preparing to testify trying to figure out how on closed circuit television awful it all is. What you need to do... is to try to get gations he hed and the things done that will get obstructed justice in the the best response in the situdrama presaged the first It is clearly too early to

say their actions, together this century and the eyes of with those of other countries' policymakers, stopped the slide. But, several months on, as a degree of stability has been restored, the thinking behind the decision making is beginning to emerge in more detail. Based the leading participants, what follows is an account of some of that thinking. As the world began to

digest the Russian collapse in the week after the devaluation, the scale of the global crisis it precipitated became imploded. But, more vexing for US policymakers, inves-As President Clinton tors took flight from all but the safest American securities. Stock prices fell 7 per cent m the next two weeks;

> began to dry up. Officials had long feared that a stock market correction was coming. As Mr Greenspan had said the previous month: "We know... from history...that a correction is likely. What we can-

It was obvious at the Treasurv and elsewhere that the more comprehensive than Reserve chairman, and Wil-liam McDonough, the presi-tion had taken to the unfolding Asian turmoil of the last

The Treasury, egged on by cussions throughout was an increasingly concerned tion would surely follow. response that would address market concerns. But offiaction by the Fed - a signal that it was ready to cut interest rates and go for growth to keep the US and

The Treasury is highly sensitive to any suggestion that it ever leans on the central bank to change policy. And the relationship between Mr Rubin and Mr Greenspan is said by those close to them to be so good that there has been almost on interviews with several of no tension. In this case it was immediately clear the two men were thinking along the same lines.

the world economy afloat.

Mr Greenspan, who in July had been warning of inflationary pressures in the US economy, quickly saw the need for a rapid moneclearer. Emerging markets tary response to the developing crisis. In fact what emerged in

twin-track US approach to global market collapse was the crisis. The Fed under Mr Greenspan would signal it conversations. was ready to do what was corporate bond issuance expansion on track, while get an international commitlised countries that they too were still in decline. would promote growth with

a new urgency.

ackson Hole, in the invigorating spots from which to view a world in crisis. At the end of August, Fed and other central bank officials and private sector economists gathered for the annual policy symposium there organised by the Kansas City Fed. While the ostensible point of the gathering was to discuss the innocuous-sounding subject the next two weeks was a of income inequality, the

necessary to keep the US ing, August 27, New York the Treasury would try to per cent, bringing their averment from the other Group the last two weeks to more of Seven leading industria- than 8 per cent. Bond prices

In a succession of chats in his rooms at the rustic Jack-Neither track was without son Lake Lodge, Mr Greenobstacles. Mr Greenspan had span sounded out all the to move cautiously. He members of the FOMC presneeded to consult the other ent. In discreet telephone members of the central calls, sometimes between

members were sceptical of what they saw as the Fed economic council, Alan crisis required something putting international financial market concerns above the demands of the domestic economy. In spite of all the fears, US growth was still robust, money supply was ntense but never panicky. White House, sought to co-"I don't think you gain ordinate an international mittee, Jerry Jordan, the

Fed, was especially critical cials knew that their efforts he even proposed raising would be futile without interest rates in August to head off inflation. But in a series of crucial discussions over the next

month, the Fed's policyaround a strategy that produced a sharp easing of policv - three interest rate cuts

> Grand Teton Mountains of Wyoming, is surely one of the most

The day before the meetstock prices fell a further 4 age cumulative decline in

the subject of most private

bank's policy-making open strokes on the golf course, - co-ordinating an interna-market committee. Several he kept in touch with Mr tional response. This was



Rubin and others in Wash-

ington and New York. The committee members agreed that Mr Greenspan could give his first clear public signal that the Fed was ready to cut interest rates. A few days later, on September 4. the chairman flew to San Francisco for a long-scheduled speech. He departed from his published theme in the first few moments to send the message.

"It is just not credible that the United States can remain an oasis of prosperity unaffected by a world that is resolve. experiencing greatly increased stress," he said. The Fed had changed its view about the risks to the US economy since the sumthe potential ramifications of

ongoing developments". The effect was instant. Markets surged in the next few days as expectations of Hopes of an early return to stability grew.

At the Treasury, meanwhile, officials were pursuing their part of the strategy

tricky. The message world leaders sent had to be credible, but also realistic.

Brazil was in negotiations with the IMF and nothing the global leaders said could be allowed to undermine those difficult discussions. There were also divisions within the G7 about how growth? much should be done to pro-

In the UK, which was chairing the G7, someone had hit on the idea of holding a summit meeting to demonstrate policymakers'

At the White House, President Clinton, who by now was hosting almost daily discussions with advisers on the crisis, was also thinking mer, he added. Now it about some kind of grand needed "to consider carefully gesture. But what? In the coming weeks he would speak frequently with Tony Blair, the British prime min-

US Treasury officials were US rate cuts took hold. strongly against the idea of an emergency meeting of G7 leaders. It might raise unrealistic expectations of what could be achieved, and worse, might even result in public differences among the

leading powers.

But with the crisis deepening and the Fed chairman already embarked on a course that seemed to promise interest rate cuts, surely it ought to be possible to produce a global commit-

ment – in the form of a pub-

lic statement - to bolster

stimulating. The Japanese,

There were objections. With European monetary union approaching, the Germans were reluctant to give markets any sign they would cut interest rates to stimulate growth. They felt, in any case, that did not need

with interest rates already at rock bottom, were not convinced they could do much In the end, the statement, issued on September 14 by G7 finance ministers and central banks was robust enough: "The balance of risks in the world economy

> inflation - towards much slower growth, it said. "The purpose was to try to affect the mindset of policymaking all through the industrial countries. Getting that [mindset] memorialised

further promoting it - and I think that affected the atmosphere going forward," says Mr Rubin

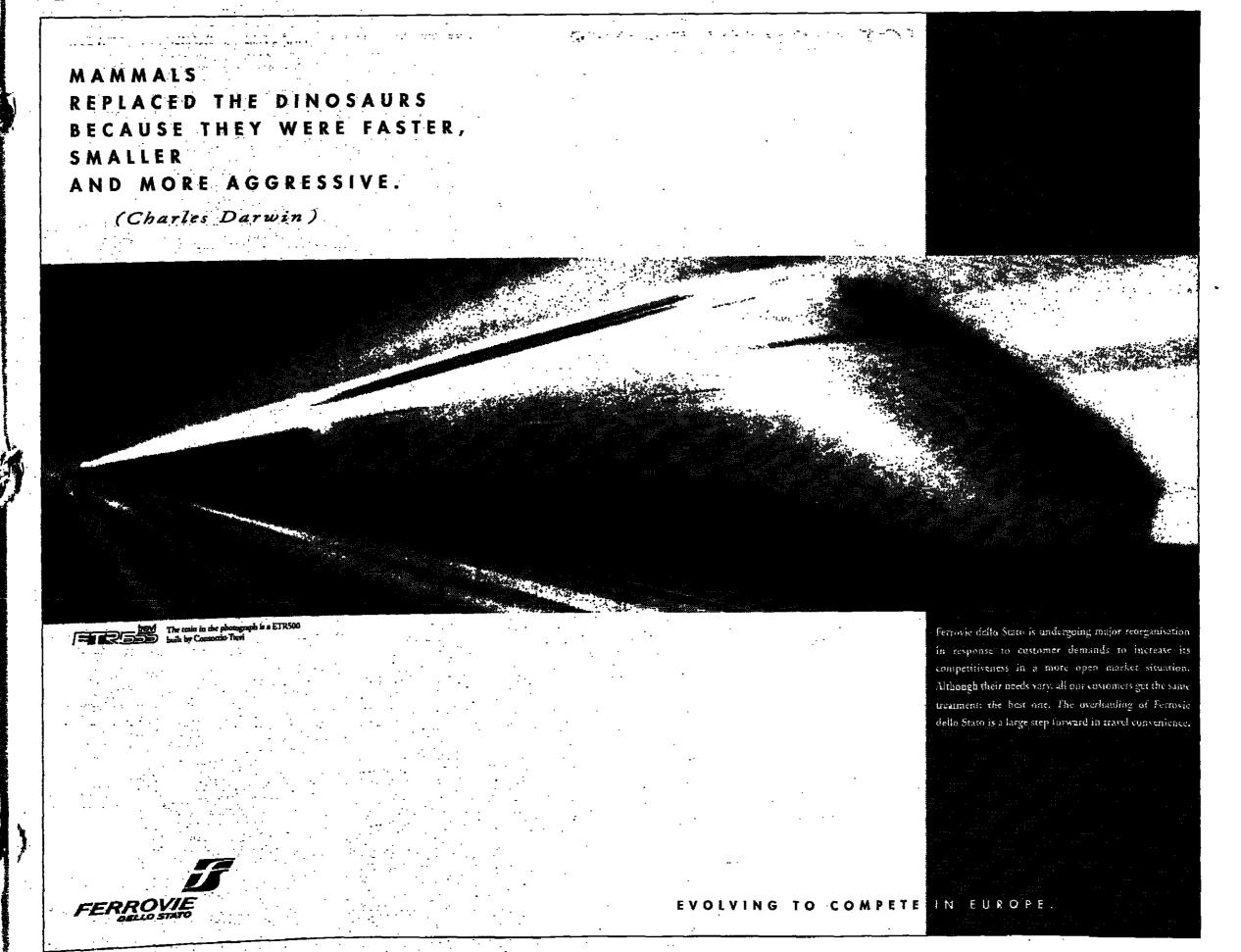
To heighten the drama, Mr Clinton - days after the publication of the report recommending his impeachment in Washington - made a landmark speech in New York on the threat to the global economy, and the longer-term need for global financial

reform. The strategy then, was in place - the Fed was signalling interest rate cuts in the offing. The rest of the world had signed on to a promise to promote growth; markets were showing early signs of stabilising.

The reaction, as it had been to Mr Greenspan's September 4 speech, was encour aging. Asian European and US markets recovered.

But at the Fed and the Treasury officials suspected [has] shifted" away from that the worst was far from over. In New York, rumours swirled that a leading financial institution was on the brink of collapse.

Tomorrow: A hedge fund collapses, financial markets "seize up"; the Fed to the resin a statement was a way of



Iraqi aircraft 'flying in no-fly zone'

Iraq yesterday attacked leading Arab governments. accusing Saudi Arabia of forcing the Arab League to postpone a meeting of foreign ministers and Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak of following the US policy of "double standards" in its dealings with Iraq.

Baghdad also stepped up its defiance against the west, claiming that its own aircraft were flying in the northern and southern "nofly zones", despite US insistence yesterday that it would continue to enforce

Taha Yassin Ramadan, Iraqi vice-president, said lraqi aircraft were "flying in a normal manner in Iraqi airspace." only a day after a clash in northern Iraq resulted in US aircraft firing on an anti-aircraft battery and killing four Iraqi sol-

Mr Ramadan pledged on Sunday that Iraq would not recognise the no-fly zones set up by the 1990-1991 Gulf war allies to protect the Kurds in the north and the Shias in the south.

He told AP television yesterday that the exclusion zones existed "only in the

Kidnapping, abductions, and

blood feuds are part of the

ancient tribal history of

Yemen - a land whose cen-

tral government in Sana'a

has never been able to

enforce its authority for long

in the remote mountainous

areas which comprise some

Despite the ancient tribal

adage. "myself against my

brother; my brother and I

against my father; my family

against my uncles; my tribe

against the outsider", for-

eigners have rarely been

Even when they have it

was largely in a bloody colo-

nial war and more often in

urban areas such as Aden

and parts of the wild hinter-

land of southern Yemen.

Yemenis fought the British

in the years leading up to

ended in the death of four

western tourists, occurred

when government security

forces stormed the kidnap-

pers of 15 of a group of 16

tourists. The deaths will be

Yesterday's tragedy, which

the 1967 withdrawal.

80 per cent of the country.

British and American admin

ated a Baghdad claim that Iraq had shot down a US air-

directed mainly at Arab leaders. A foreign ministry

Iraq repeated a claim that it had shot down a US fighter aircraft on Monday

official condemned the Arab League's decision to put off a meeting on Iraq planned for today until January 24 as running counter to Arab League rules. The official insisted that the decision to delay the meeting came after a secret visit to Cairo by the Saudi foreign minister.

is important to Iraq. Baghcapitalise on the expressions of support it received in the

craft on Monday, though the US said all its aircraft had Iraq's wrath yesterday was

> ircraft are 'flying in a normal manner in fragi airspace day US and British military strikes earlier this month and it has attempted to put sure on Arab leaders to

soften their policies towards told the world and the Iraqi population that Iraq's isolation was over," said a senior

"The problem is that, by January 24, we don't know what the diplomatic situation will be, whether the

Unexpected tragedy in tribal struggle

unless he both chews act. a

will exacerbate the bad mild narcotic leaf from a one on government troops,

plant looking like a privet

hedge, and carries a Kalash-

nikov sub-machine gun. The

number of Kalashnikovs has

by general consent outnum-

bered Yemen's 18m popula-

Monday's abduction of 16

western tourists, if con-

firmed to have been by

Islamic militants, also repre-

sents the first time that tour-

ists have been kidnapped for

political reasons rather than

tion three-to-one.

YEMEN KIDNAPPINGS FOUR TOURISTS KILLED AS GOVERNMENT FORCES STORM STRONGHOLD

seen by many tribesmen as a where a man is

pitality to foreigners and

blood between the central

government and rural tribes-

men angry at perceived gov-

ernment neglect and corrup-

name for a second time after

a bitter civil war in 1994, but

remains one of the poorest

states in the Arab world. In

the northern part in particu-

lar it is one of the most over-

populated in proportion to

It is also one country

what the land can support.

Yemen was united in

denial of Yemeni tribal hos- ered to be worth his salt

diluted, and whether all of the 17 countries which had said they would attend the meeting would still be

Anger at Arab governments was also expressed

Iraq's deputy prime minis-He wrote a rare editorial in Al Jumhuriya, a government mouthpiece, strongly criticising recent statements by the Egyptian president

foreigner by armed tribes-

men took place in 1991. Since

then the numbers have

grown to 15 in 1996 and more

than 20 in 1997. By this year

In all but the two most

recent cases this month, the fiercely independent tribes-men had demanded proper water and basic facilities

such as graded roads and a

modicum of sanitation and

been available for kidnap-

ping, the tribesmen have not

hesitated to turn their weap-

most of whom come from the

same tribal confederation as

Last June and July more

than 250 people were killed

in clashes throughout north

and south Yemen between

local tribes and central gov-

Attacks on oil pipelines, operated by Hunt Oil in the

north and Canadian Occi-

dental Oil company in the

south, have been another

ernment forces.

When tourists have not

the total number will have

risen to about 100.

education facilities.

Saleh.

for the US-led air strikes of the biggest Arab nation, did...not say what many rulers, politicians and writers - some in the west - said and that is that the IUSI yesterday by Tariq Aziz, international legal basis and contradicted United Nations Security Council resolutions and threatened the role and position of the UN," said Mr Aziz. "Mr Mubarak is exer-

cising the same double stan-

According to Abdul-Aziz

Al-Saqqaf, editor-in-chief of

Yemen Times, "snatching

foreigners has done the trick

to get attention to win their

fair share of development

projects. But the state

The deaths will be

seen as a denial

of Yemeni tribal

remains oblivious to the

Widespread disaffection

plunging oil prices and the

worsening economy. In an

effort to reduce the budget

deficit, likely to reach 10 per

cent of gross domestic prod-

uct this year, the govern-

ment, pushed by the Interna-

tional Monetary Fund, has

cut subsidies on basic food-

stuffs. Prices of petrol,

wheat, flour and cooking oil

have risen sharply.

hospitality

president Ali Abdullah has been exacerbated by

needs of the people."

The first kidnapping of a way to try to get money out

Khmer Rouge chiefs

By Ted Bardacke in Bangkok

Two top Khmer Rouge defunct, yesterday offered the Cambodian people for their genocidal rule two decades ago and then asked their countrymen to "forget

Although few Cambodians are likely to forget the fouryear killing spree in which as many as 2m people - one tion - died, the prime minister, Hun Sen, has for the moment ruled out a trial of the two former Khmer Rouge leaders, who surrendered on Christmas Day.

Instead, Hun Sen greeted the two - a former prime and a top ideologue, Nuon with hearty embraces as they arrived in Phnom Penh, the capital which they ordered evacuated in 1975.

Khieu Samphan said he was "sorry, very sorry" for the deaths under the regime directed by the late Pol Pot. "We would like to apologise and ask our compatriots to forget the past so our nation can concentrate on the future. Let bygones be

Nuon Chea, asked who was to blame for the massa-"Let's consider that an old issue. I cannot clarify that."

Khieu Samphan said he had received assurances from Hun Sen that they would not be put on trial. particularly an international one currently being considered by the United Nations. "Please let the Cambodian

people resolve this problem," he said. "As you know, Hun Sen has warmly welcomed us. If we have to say who was wrong and who was right, etc., etc., we cannot have national reconciliation. We cannot put an end to the

The Khmer Rouge were destroyed as a fighting force when their stronghold of Aniong Veng fell to government forces in May. Amnesty International

vesterday condemned the Cambodian government's moves to allow the former Khmer Rouge leaders to escape justice over the reign of terror.

"It is a tragedy for Cambodia that, just as the international community is tackling the issue of impunity for gross violators by establishing an international criminal court, the authorities should be institutionalising impunity for the terrible crimes of the recent past," the Londonbased human rights watchdog said. "Bygones are never bygones until the truth has

Malaysia to borrow from apologise consortium of foreign banks

By T.J. Tan in Kusia Lumper

US\$1.35bn from a consortium of 12 foreign commer cial banks operating in the country, Mustapa Mohamed, the second finance minister, szid yesterday.

The five-year loans would he used to recapitalise troubled local banks and to finance infrastructure build-

The 12 banks include Citibank and Chase Manhattan sche Bank, Bank of Tokyo, Standard Chartered of the UK and United Overseas Bank and Overseas Union Bank of Singapore. Of the 38 commercial banks in Malaysia, 16 are foreign banks.

Malaysia will pay interest at 3 percentage points above London interbank offered rates for the bulk of the funds. Some US\$100m of the loans will be denominated in yen and will be similarly priced above Tokyo inter-

bank offered rates. Effectively Malaysia will be paying about 8 per cent interest for the money. Were it to borrow on international markets, some analysts believe Malaysia might have

to pay almost double that. Last autumn Malaysia imposed capital controls. effectively cutting itself off from global financial markets. This allowed the authorities to lower local interest rates without hurting the exchange rate, which had earlier been targeted by speculators. This relative stability allowed the authoriing sector, whose problems lie at the heart of Malaysia's

Meuro Conse

gally on Iraq put

Both Moody's Investors Service and Standard and Poor's have downgraded Malaysia's ratings to just above junk bond status. although with a debt-service ratio of about 15 per cent its ability to repay is regarded

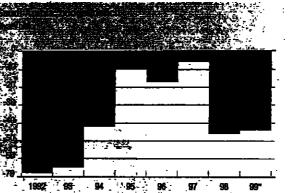
by hankers as adequate. According to Mr Mustape the terms of the loan have an implied "AA" rating. indicating the banks' confidence in Malaysia, "It proves our point that Malaysia has been grossly underrated, deliberately perhaps." he

There were no indications that the banks would be given concessions on such long-standing complaints as restrictions on the opening severely limited their ability to increase deposits.

Malaysia has been borrow ing heavily to restore liquidity to the financial system. Its borrowings have included US\$500m from the Asian Development Bank.

Bank and Y74bn (US\$638m) in commercial loans from Japan's Nomura Securities and Sumitomo Bank in a deal largely backed by the Japanese government. Locally, Malaysia has raised M\$8bn (US\$2.1bn) through the issue of government

The country is seeking a further US\$2.4bn from the World Bank and US\$5bn Japan's Miyazawa Plan, designed to assist



Oil price decline forces Saudis to cut spending

By Robin Allen in Dubei

Low oil revenues have forced Saudi Arabia, the world's largest oil exporter. to cut projected spending in 1999 by 12 per cent to SR165bn (\$44bn) from last year's actual expenditure of SR189bn.

According to official statements made after Monday's King Fahd, head of state and prime minister, total 1999 revenues are estimated at SR121bn, the lowest this decade.

Some economists reckon even this low level which suggests a projected price of \$18 per barrel for the average mix of Saudi crudes, is too optimistic. They point out that Saudi Arabia earns \$1.50-\$2.00 less than North Sea Brent, which hit \$9.17 earlier this month and which has averaged \$13 per barrel throughout the year.

According to official Saudi estimates, this year's actual fiscal deficit soared to SR46bn, 9 per cent of gross domestic product, compared with the SR18bn projected last January. Next year's fiscal deficit would be met by domestic borrowing.

US government figuresruggest nominal Saudi GDP will have declined by nearly 13 per cent this year, with per capita income falling to \$6,100 from \$7,200 last year, lower than that of Latvia Crown Prince Abdullah

who has been running the day-to-day affairs of the govyear, has warned Saudis that, with the end of the days of high oil revenues, they must learn to live on ture loss-making state enter-

the cuis in state spending in this year's budget and further reductions in subsidies. But economists say neither will come in time for the deficit for 1999.

government to meet its stated goal of balancing the budget by 2000.

While 1999 allocations for education, at SR42.9bn. health and social services, at SR18.7bn, and municipality services at SR6.6bn, are largely unaffected, capital spending, which takes up only 15 per cent of the total, has been cut still further. Infrastructure spending

has been cut by 15 per cent and transport and communications by more than 50 per cent, while estimates for defence spending suggest cuts on capital equipment and current maintenance will exceed 25 per cent. According to Fuad al-

Farsi, information minister, the king suggested a "continued good performance" by the private sector had offset public sector problems.

The king's instructions. according to Mr Al-Farsi, were to "curb spending, achieve a fiscal balance, and avoid borrowing 'except in very tight situations'", a strategy Saudi bankers say is "an object exercise in accentuating the positive and minimising the nega-

Bankers said it was becoming harder each year for the government to contimue financing its deficit by domestic borrowing. Even Hamad al-Sayari, governor of the Saudi Arabian Monetary Agency (SAMA), the central bank, warned last week that "continued domestic borrowing lessens ernment for most of this resources available to the private sector".

Only a serious effort. bankers suggest, to restrucprises such as the power companies and Saudi Arabian Airlines, as well as to cut state subsidies further, will enable the government to keep within its projected

Property lending increases sharply By Louise Lucas in Hong Kong

Property lending in Hong Kong rose sharply last month, largely reflecting the ment launches that followed a small pick-up in prices in October and November. Official figures released

yesterday show the amount of gross new loans made last month surged 60.5 per cent to HK\$10.3bn (US\$1.33bn) from HK\$6.4bn (US\$826m) in October. The growth was helped by

lower lending rates, with 58 per cent of the new loans granted at the best lending rate plus 0.5 per cent or below, compared with 49.6 October. Analysts reckon December could also be stronger, but do not view the figures as heralding a turnaround for the beleaguered

Y.K. Choi, acting deputy chief executive of the Hong Kong Monetary Authority, the territory's de facto central bank, said: "In view of improved market conditions, we expect new mortgage lending to continue to grow in December."

The rise in transactions on policy. property, one of the pillars of Hong Kong's economy, offered only a small glimmer of optimism against an overall bleak economic outlook. The government said yesterday third-quarter gross domestic product shrank by

Hong Kong's tycoons upset by growing 'politicisation'

Tensions between populist politics and business interests are reaching new heights in the territory. Louise Lucas reports estering tensions response to UK efforts to through a maze of licensing

between populist politics and business interests reached new heights in Hong Kong last week when Li Kashing, the property tycoon. said he had scotched a HK\$10bn (US\$1.3bn) joint project because of the politi-

Mr Li did not elaborate, but his comments echo rumblings within the business community that the territory, which - cartels notwithstanding - prides itself on its laissez-faire principles. is becoming too politicised. The divide has been exposed largely by the destruction of wealth in the wake of the Asian financial

crisis. Hongkong Telecom clashed with trade unions over a proposed pay cut: home owners marched to Hongkong Bank over mortgages; and Mr Li's own company. Cheung Kong, took legal action against defaulting home buyers.

However, the seeds of polarisation were sown long before the recession.

Hong Kong's history is steeped in business, and business leaders have grown accustomed to belying shape

The rigours of a partially elected Legislative Council, or parliament, are an altogether new phenomenon. Hong Kong's fledgling democracy was put on ice immediately after the handlast year - Beijing's

accelerate the pace of democracy - but returned with a vengeance in May.

Pro-democracy parties dominated the popular vote, capturing 14 of the 20 directly elected seats. The other 40 seats, elected through small committees and professional associations, are largely the preserve of pro-business and pro-Beijing groups. Those returning after their

year in the wilderness were quick to make up for lost time, and have taken seriously their role as scrutinis ers, monitors and champions of causes close to the hearts of people (although their ability to introduce bills is severely limited).

This has not always endeared them to the local business fraternity, where scrutiny of transactions and eloquent disapprovals (particularly when made in front of television cameras) are unwelcome. Thus Mr Li won plenty of support for his comments, at home and from across the border.

Although Mr Li was in part settling personal scores (against the too vociferous politicians who squealed when he sued defaulters on apartments, and again when he won a plot of government land at a better-than-expected price), his broader theme

reached receptive ears. Businessmen. ranging

teurs negotiating their way legislators representing the

procedures, through to big property developers, have roiced similar sentiments. They claim the territory's free market economy is being hampered by votehungry politicians. "Hong Kong has changed.

Before, it was an economyled city and now it is a politics-led city," Ronnie Chan, head of Hang Lung Development, said this month. But Mr Li sparked jitters

among the ranks of prodemocracy circles and at the grassroots level, where the new-found attentions of politicians fighting their battles on livelihood concerns have been warmly received. This is unlikely to bother

Mr Li and his ilk. Self-made men, who climbed to the top of the wealth rankings by dint of hard work rather than state hand-outs, their sympathy for trade unions and others would be minimal even if it did not have an impact on their businesses.

Their Hong Kong - the colony where they sought refuge, and worked their way to riches - is one where the rich hold sway and enjoy the ear of the leader, and

where contracts are always honoured. For many years, Hong Kong was like that. The Legislative Council, Hong Kong's parliament, has always had a strong busi-



sional groupings collectively have power of veto on votes. The Executive Council, an appointed private cabinet

has likewise always had a strong business weighting, and Tung Chee-hwa, Hong former shipping magnate, has stuck with the tradition. This year, a number of Mr Tung's policies have aided big business, especially the property developers who have benefited from the nine-month moratorium on government land sales.

The August intervention in the stock market, when the government spent HK\$118bn to prop up prices and frustrate speculators' from small-scale restaura- ness bent and even today tactics; largely benefited the share prices of blue chip

functional constituencies, companies and property small business and profes- developers, such as those controlled by Mr Li Bob Broadfoot, managing director of the Political and

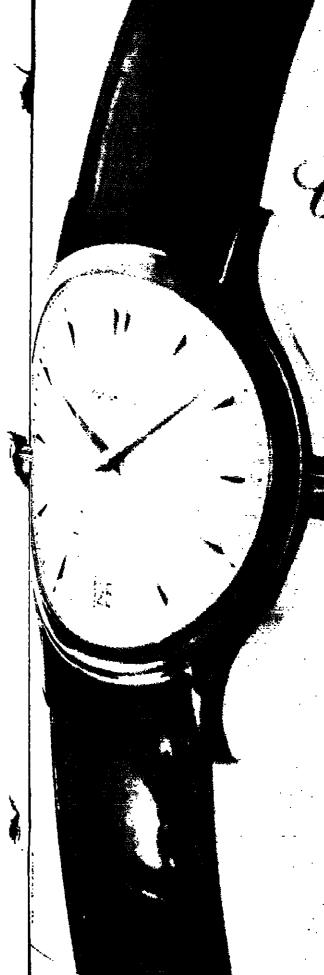
backed Mr Li by affirming

his desire to foster a busi-

ness friendly, environment

Economic Risk Consultancy which advises the leader, .. in Hong Kong, reckons many policy decisions emanate from business leaders such as Mr Li. "Mr Li's views and Kong's chief executive and a Mr Tung's views, either because they communicate or because they come from the same background, are very similar," he says. Mr Tung has tacitly

> but sidestepped the bigger debate. As Hong Kong pushes towards greater His statements presaged democracy, and tycoons raise the stakes by withholding investment, this is a lux. ury Mr Tung may no longer



A STREET STORY OF THE

[p##. n.m.

A SECTION MODELLY

13 Ster Circle 4.

jang wata tarah

THADE companies criticised

A RESIDENTIAL TO THE PARTY OF - 1 m A STATE OF THE STATE OF 4 42 9-75-7 MA SANTEN CO.

wards hame rule

SINGLE CURRENCY SENIOR OPPOSITION PARTY MPS SEEK FIRMER COMMITMENT ON EARLY ENTRY

Pro-euro Conservatives press Blair

By Robert Peston, **Political Editor**

Pro-euro Conservatives are to play a leading role in it, backing "for free". Mr Taylor to press Tony Blair, the prime minister, for a firmer commitment that he plans to Taylor, are in no doubt it take the UK into the single European currency as the to William Hague, the Conprice for their participation servative leader, who is in a cross-party campaign.

Talks are at an advanced stage on the creation of an years. all-party group to promote the euro. The plan is to year, according to a senior Conservative MP.

Conservative MP and former minister.

Conservatives canvassed including Kenneth Clarke, Michael Heseltine and Ian would be an embarrassment opposed to joining the euro for at least eight.

"Blair will, of course, exploit it to highlight divilaunch it early in the new sions in our party," said a

They are, therefore, planning to tell the prime minister he cannot have their said: "We are not there to provide convenient support for Blair."

Another former minister said the prime minister must "come off the fence" on the euro. "I am not going to make the running for the prime minister. I will back him if he takes the lead, but he cannot expect us to make the tough decisions for him,"

Mr Taylor gave three con- ject to normal rules of party group would be linked to ditions for his participation discipline. in an all-party group. "It must be clear that economic policy is designed to enable us to make the decision to join early, there must be an

tions, and Blair must lead the campaign," he said. Mr Hague would find it difficult to punish Tory MPs who campaigned against Conservative policy on the euro, since he has said it is a "conscience issue" not sub-

indicative timetable to help

industry make its prepara-

However, he will be under pressure from Eurosceptic euro-campaigners that colleagues to find a pretext shares resources with the for punishing any colleague who joined a cross-party proeuro lobby group. "Can you imagine how

damaging it would be for us in a general election if Ken and Michael campaigned in favour of the euro," said a gling to raise money. shadow minister. "Attacking the euro is the main weapon in our armoury."

Any cross-party MPs'

Britain for Europe, the umbrella organisation for European Movement, a pro-European lobby group partly funded by Brussels.

Although the chairmen of most big UK companies are sympathetic to the euro, Britain for Europe is strug-

"It is becoming a serious problem," said one of its members. "We have barely raised a bean".

Joint attack on Iraq puts overseas alliances to the test

The assault on Baghdad raises questions about Britain's relations with the US and the rest of Europe, writes Robert Peston

ithin hours of cruise the catchphrase trotted out missiles raining down by Tony Blair, the prime on Iraq before Christ-minister, as a substitute for mas, Robin Cook, the chief foreign minister, was hosting a glittering Christmas party in the majestic Locarno Rooms of the Foreign Office in Whitehall.

It was an open secret among the politicians, journalists and business people present that the US and UK were about to launch an attack. One senior minister described the event as the "Ball before Waterloo". Oththe campaign was being timed to coincide with the most popular news programme in the UK, ITN's News at Ten.

But behind the strained humour lay an uncomfortable fact for most of those resent. The relatively new Labour government was going to war for the very first time. Now that UK and US pilots

have returned to base as Monday's US strike remains intact. "It is not a showed - the mood among ministers is sober. They recognise they face uncomfortable questions.

Apart from the crucial one about whether Saddam Hussein has really been put

detailed analysis - there are implications for the UK's overseas alliances. Has the prime minister chosen an Atlanticist destiny over a European one, having insisted for months that no such choice was necessary? Mr Blair's aim, since the

general election 19 months ago, has been for the UK to be a "bridge" between the US and the European Union. On the eve of the outbreak ers joked that the start of of hostilities, he gave the latest formulation of the approach in a London speech. The UK was "realising once and for all that Britain does not have to choose between being strong with the US or strong with Europe". It "must be both". he said. The theory was that. "we are stronger in Europe

the US" and vice versa. Ministers and officials insist that this "Third Way" although remaining on alert, between the US and EU case of the UK siding with the US rather than Europe

because of our strength with

over Iraq, because there is no European policy on the received from Germany and Middle East," said a senior government member. On the other hand, the UK damage to UK foreign policy



leading EU members -France, Italy and Sweden comfort from the supposedly muted nature of French opposition. And the prime minister's office is delighted at the backing it has Spain.

However, there may be

disunity on security issues although ministers take at a time when Mr Blair is working closely with the French government to create a defence capability for the European Union. Ministers insist there is no

sign of the French becoming more wary of the plan and say that the new institutional architecture for the "back in his cage" - to use has caused offence to some ambitions because the epi- EU should emerge in the

Chopard

GENÈVE depuis 1860

The new movement

L.U.CHeir to a proud watchmaking tradition

Chopard is railed LLC - short for Louis-Ulys Chopard - in tribute to the company four ing this fine radilyr off to its best advantage the LLC men's water is produced in limited series of 1860 in yellow gold, rose gold, white gold and platinum. Model with the "poincon de Genève" ballmark and a hand-guilloché dial.

Ref. 16/1860/2. Avgilable at lea

E-mail:bensue@ukhmin

specialists and jewellers worldwide. For an illustrated catalogue and hist of nationwide

concessionaires. please telephone J.W. Berson Ltd on 0171.446.6353 or fax

sode highlights European first half of next year. "In fact all the intelligence we are receiving indicates that other EU members think the case for strengthening Europe's foreign and defence decision-making capability has increased," said a UK

diplomat. But other EU members may eventually question whether there is any point in setting up new decision-

making machinery for Europe in respect of defence if the UK is bound to side with the US on a regular basis.

"Clearly there is no possibility of our agreeing any arrangement for the EU which would prevent us doing the sort of thing we have just done in Iraq," said an official.

This undermining of Mr Blair's European credentials would matter less if he had extracted a huge price from Bill Clinton, the US president, for UK military sup-

Mr Clinton ought to be grateful, since it was only the UK involvement which allowed him to claim he was motivated by national and global security concerns and not by a desire to put pressure on congress to suspend its impeachment proceedings against him.

In fact, as UK officials concede, there is a strong probability that Mr Blair has given succour to an irretrievably wounded US president. whose successor even if it should turn out to be Al Gore, the Democrat vice-president - would feel under little obligation to repay the debt.

In the harsh light of the end of the year, ministers may look back at the "Ball before Waterloo" and see it instead as the naive celebration of a somewhat spurious

NEWS DIGEST

HOUSING

Price rises expected to be above inflation rate

House prices will rise faster than inflation in 1999, but will climb more slowly than in 1998 due to the faltering econorny, according to Halifax, the UK's biggest mortgage lender.

It predicts prices will rise by 4 per cent next year, slowing from a 5-6 per cent rate of increase this year. "While house prices in Greater London and the southeast are likely to increase more slowly than in 1998, the south is expected to continue to record the biggest rises in prices. This is principally because the rest of the country is likely to be more badly affected by the economic downturn due to its higher dependence on the internationally traded sector which will be worst hit by the global economic slowdown and the high value of the pound," the

It predicts base rates will fall from 6.25 per cent to around 5.5 per cent by the middle of next year, but gives no mortgage-rate forecast. Christopher Brown-Humes

RECEIVERSHIPS

Business failures rise 6%

Economic slowdown and the strength of sterling have forced tens of thousands of businesses into receivership this year, contributing to a sharp rise in corporate

A report published today shows that 200 UK companies are collapsing each month. A rapid increase in insolvency is likely to continue well into next year.

According to Dun & Bradstreet, the credit information company that produced the report, some 38,634 businesses failed in 1998, an increase of 6.2 per cent from 36,368 last year. The annual rise is the first since the

height of the recession in 1992. The collapse of world markets and the strong pound re the main contributors," said Philip Mellor, analyst at

Dun & Bradstreet. "You have had company start-ups failing as you would in good times, but their problems have been compounded."

Manufacturers dependent on exports to east Asia have been hit hardest. Christopher Adams and Norma Cohen

LEGAL PROFESSION

Move to improve image

Question: "How many lawyers does it take to change a light bulb?" Answer: "How many can you afford? For centuries greedy lawyers have been the butt of jokes, but now, the much-abused profession has had

The Law Society, representing 70,000 solicitors in England and Wales, has called in spin doctors to repair their tattered image.

Biss Lancaster, public relations consultants, have been hired to defend the solicitors against what they say are

unfair "fat cat" slurs and growing criticisms. Biss Lancaster will work with the society until the summer, helping to find new outlets - Including the media - to communicate "a positive image" for solicitors, and advising on Internal procedures. Brian Groom



AN AFFILIATE OF THE NATIONAL BANK OF GREECE

INVITATION

TO SUBMIT BINDING OFFERS FOR THE PURCHASE OF THE ARTIFICIAL KIDNEY DIALYSER PLANT IN LARISSA-GREECE OF IPRT

On the basis of Article 6, par. 1 (b) of L. 2000/91, it is announced that the Artificial Kidney Dialyser Plant in Larissa.- Greece (AKDP) is offered for sale. The procedure to be followed is that of an international Public

e. THE OBJECT OF THE SALE
The transaction reters to the sale of AKOP; which is owned solely by the institute of Pharmaceutical Research and Technology (IPRT), as an operating entity. The offers to be submitted must refer to AKOP as a whole and not to specific parts of its fixed assets, which consist of the land, the buildings and the machinery. AKOP is being sold on an "as is where is " basis and IPRT is not responsible for any possible true defects. ting in a self owned 20,002 s.m. plot of land within the Industrial Zone in Larissa - Greece (approximately 360 km from Athens) and

was designed and built for producing polysoutphone and couprophene hollow liber distysers. The production capacity of AKDP amounts to 200,000 distysers on a yearly basis. Its construction commenced at the end of the year 1989 and was completed in the year 1994, nevertheless up until now it was never engaged in any production activity. Despite that, both buildings and machinery are being properly maintained and are and that the technology and know-how for the production of hollow fiber dialysers by AKOP is that of the German company "Fresenius

It is more as the technology and know-how for the production of hollow fiber dialysers by AKDP is that of the German company "Presentus Medical Care GmbH". Fresentus has easigned EFRT the right to use the above technology and know-how based on a manufacturing license and know-how agreement contracted between them. Due to this relation, no third graph has the right to use this certain know-how in the production of hollow fiber dialysers by AKDP without the prior approval of "Freezentus Medical Care GmbH". In case the interested perfect with to operate AKDP for the production of hollow fiber dialysers using this specific know-how, they should contact the aforementioned company's representatives; Dr. Andrea Stopper or Mr. Rolf Gross, phone: (0049) 6172-2172, fax: (0049) 6172-2180 in order to assess whether Fresentus may agree on an assignment to them of the know-how.

FINANCIAL ADVISOR TO THE IPRT FOR THE SALE The role of the excitative Financial Advisor to the IPRT for the sale of AKDP was assigned to ETEBA S.A. (12-14 Amalias Ave., 102 36 Athens, Responsible: Mr. A. Syrkas, Tet. 3296296 Fax: 3296393 and Ms. K. Martini, Tet. 3296299 Fax: 3296350).

Responsible: Mr. A. Syrkas, Tet 3296296 Fax: 3296393 and Ms. K. Martini, Tet 3296259 Fax: 3296350).

d. TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SUBMETTING BINDING OFFERS

1. The present tender will take place in accordance with the provisions of Article 6, per. 1 (b) of L. 2000/91 as in force today, the terms included in this invitation, as well as in accordance with the terms provided for in the relative "Ditering Procedure Letter", which will be made available to the inspectated parties from the Advisor's premises, regardless of whether such terms are repeated or not herein. Submission of en offer implies the acceptance without any reservations of these terms by the blidder. The offers submitted must, on the penalty of unacceptance of the offer, refer to AKOP as a whole and not to specific parts of its fixed assets. Reservations or proposals of different terms and conditions will be disregarded. Conditions of any kind or reserves, including those for the binding character of the offer, shell be considered as non existent and will not be taken under consideration. Designation of a third party as a buyer by the offeror is acceptable, provided "that there is a relevant provision in the offer and that the third party is named in reasonable time prior to the signature of the final Purchase Agreement.

2. Interested parties are invited to submit sealed binding offers at the premises of ETEBA S.A., 12-14 Amales Ava., 102-36 Athens, not later than 12-00 m. on Monday, February 8th, 1989. The submission of the offers must be nace in person or through a duly authorized for that purpose representative. Overdus offers will not be accepted and will not be taken risk consideration.

3. All offers must be accompanied, on the pensity of nullity of the offer, by a Letter of Guarantee to the amount of one hundred million GRD (100.000.00 GRD) issued by a Bank legally operating in Greece, valid, for both low bidders and the highest bidder, until the signing of the Purchase Agreement and in any cess expiring not later than April 30th, 1990. The

Procedure Letters.

The unseating of the offers submitted will take place in the premises of the Advisor at 13:00 p.m. on Monday, February 8th, 1999 and can be attended by all those who have submitted a timely offer, as well as by a representative of IPRT.

The offers must be submitted on the basis of a final Draft Purchase Agreement, as it will be finalized after the receipt and possible incorporation into it of any remeries by interested parties. Interested parties will have at their disposal adequate time to review and sucit. AKDP and form their own view on its condition. The submission of an offer implies that the Interested party is fully aware of the true and legal position of AKDP and no additional terms will be accepted over and above those included in the final Draft Purchase Agreement.

Offers must explicitly mention the total price offered as well as the way and time (in case of installments) of payment. A credit for the pace is acceptable provided that at least 25% of the total amount offered is paid in cash upon the signing of the Purchase Agreement, while the rest will be payable in semi-annual or annual installments, the first not later than a year from the signing of the Purchase Agreement and upon the condition that it is wholly secured by a Letter of Guerantee issued by a Bank legally operating in Greece. All taxes and transfer expenses will be paid by the buyer.

in examined overs must be accompanied by a Business Plan-Investment Program for AKDP in which the interested parties must undertake a sim commitment as to the amount of investments to be realized. This issue will be the object of contractual commitment by the buyer.

It has offer a for the evaluation of the offers are (a) the price offered (b) the Business Plan and investment Program and (c) the experience of the interested party with regard to production and/or commerce of dialysess and/or other medical and pharmaceutical products. The evaluation system and the contribution of each of the above orderia to the final aggregate grade of each submitted offer will be made known to the interested parties together with the -Offering Procedure Letters, available from December 28th, 1998. From January 5th, 1999 the interested parties will be receive the initial Draft Purchee Agreement upon which they can make comments, to be submitted to the Adulescents. 27nd, 1999 at the latest.

2010, 1999 at the least.
In case an offer provides for payment of the price on credit, its evaluation will take into account its present value, calculated by means of a fixed discount rate over the whole payment period, which will equal the interest rate carried by the latest annual issue of Greek State Treasury Bills issued prior to the deadline for the submission of binding offers.

Penetry clauses will be agreed to for failure of the buyer to comply with its commitments.

The prevailing offer will be the one to obtain the highest grade according to the evaluation system as set out in par. 8 above.
 The prevailing offer will be the one to obtain the highest grade according to the evaluation system as set out in par. 8 above.
 In the event that the person or entity to whom purchase of AROP shall be awarded breaches its obligation to appear at the place and the time to be determined by the pertinent invitation of IPRT and to execute the respective Purchase Agreement on the terms set forth in its present, as well as on those included in such party's offer, as finally formulated, then the amount of the elevested guarantee (Latter of Guarantee) shall be forfield for the behalf of IPRT, as a penelty acknowledged and accepted to be fair and reasonable, the payment of which shall in no case mitigate any additional liability of the offering party arising on the basis of the law.
 IPRT retains the right to declare the tender process abordine, if the preventing offer is not judged wholly satisfactory to them.
 IPRT maintains the right to modify the terms of the present invitation during the whole period of the tender, including the deadline for the submission of binding offers and the offering procedure, if it is judged necessary, provided that the interested parties involved in the tender process are informed in writing.

process are informed in writing.

15. Those parties participating in the present tender process and submitting an offer do not acquire any right, claim or demand from the present invitation and their participation in the tander process, against FPRT or its Advisor for any reason or cause whatsoever.

The present document has been drawn up in the Greek language and translated into English, in any case however the Greek lead prevails. Requests for copies of this invitation, the «Otiering Procedure Letter» and any other information must be addressed to the Advisor as follows:

14 Amalian Avenue 102 36 Athens, Greece

Tel: (301) 32 96 296 Tel: (301) 22 96 259

fax: (301) 32.96 393

The key to building trust in e-commerce

Public key infrastructures will give potential two keys are used to encrypt online customers the confidence they demand, writes Alan Stewart

electronic rity is a concern of your cusnity never tires of too." claiming that it is safer to entrust your credit card number to cyberspace than give the card to a waiter in a restaurant

this but, unfortunately, not everyone believes it. A US internet shopping survey published by Ernst & Young earlier this year found that almost 70 per cent of those who had yet to make an internet purchase were lem of who is out there tryuncomfortable sending ing to do business with you credit card details over the

For e-commerce operators, such lack of trust among potential users is a worry, as it could hold back the development of online business. As Khalil Barsoum, IBM's European general manager, industries, puts it, "If secu-

CASE STUDY SWIFT

that supplies secure messag-

5.800 financial institutions in

As well as handling the

information exchange needs

provides services to brokers,

The organisation's current

network is based on the use

of keys at either end of the

line for encryption and

authentication. These need

to be distributed physically.

to users, and several bespoke

systems for key-exchange

commerce commu- tomer, then it's your concern Many companies are now

combating security problems, perceived or real, by investing in what is known estaurant. as a "public key infrastruc-there is a lot of truth in his but, unfortunately, not Machefsky of Giga Information Group, the market analyst, this is the most critical enterprise security investment a company will make in the next three years. "PKI technology solves the probby providing strong authentication with digital certifi-

cates," he says. A PKI allows reliable busi- another US analyst, forecast ness communications by providing privacy and data integrity through the use of encryption and digital signatures. Public key cryptogra- 2001. Radicati also predicted phy is a technique in which that the market for out-

owned co-operative rity product manager, the services, and Swift has

156 countries, is basing its vide automatic management to develop new services and

security infrastructure on of its public key security, to concentrate on imple-

Erik Guldentops, director

investment managers, secu- organisation's need to will also support secure rities deposit and clearing strengthen security through messaging services for a

organisations and stock encryption, authentication euro clearing system run by

key and certificate revoca-

tion (cancellation). Swift will

also be able to validate mes-

sages by checking signatures

without having to decrypt

them, as it does with its cur-

and non-repudiation.

used by its customers.

Service with security

Swiit, the According to Carlo Brussels-based bank-Schupp, Swift's senior secu-

ing services to more than two years ago that it needed

Entrust's PKI, writes Alan and which could also be

of its members, Swift also rity at Swift, believes the use

and decrypt a message, one being a public key made rise from \$35m in 1998 to \$962m by 2002. known to everyone. "That The main suppliers in the key is used to encrypt messages you send to me,"

diation," says Mr Machefsky.

"A digital certificate is an

online document that binds

my identity to a particular

The Radicati Group,

recently that revenues for

enterprise PKI software

would grow from \$250m in

1998 to more than \$1bn by

use the PKI with existing

solutions in some areas. It

menting its PKI in these.

Currently, several areas

are under development,

handle the secure exchange

the Paris-based European

electronic trust service. This will provide member banks

with certificates to sell on to

their corporate customers, so

they too can carry out

secure transactions over the

public key.

According to Carlo The original plan was to

organisation realised about already replaced its in-house

to implement a PKI to pro- has now decided, however.

of global information secu- including a system that will

of a PKI will support the of trade documents. The PKI

Central management of Banking Association, and

keys is expected to simplify form the core of Swift's new

PKI field are Entrust Techfrom Northern Telecom that explains Mr Machefsky. 'It is the nature of public key offers PKI software for a company to purchase and deploy itself, and VeriSign, cryptography that the message can only be decrypted. with my private key, which which makes PKI services available on an outsourced basis. Other PKI suppliers Conversely, a message can be encrypted with a private key, and decrypted only include US companies Entegrity, Netscape and Xcert, Zergo of the UK and Ireland's Baltimore Technolusing the corresponding public key. "That allows public ogies, which is being key cryptography to be used acquired by Zergo. for digital signatures, authentication and non-repu-

Leading businesses outsourcing their PKIs via Veri-Sign include US financial services providers Morgan Stanley, NationsBank and First Union (to enable secure private transactions with customers and employees over the Internet), telecoms company USWest (issuing certificates to retail customers to allow them access to product billing and service information), and computer manufacturer Texas Instruments (to allow partners, employees and customers access to data on intranets

and extranets). Meanwhile, a wide variety of companies and organisa tions purchase PKI software for their own use. "In the last six to nine months, a number of large blue-chip companies, such as banks, pharmaceutical firms, and aerospace companies, bave been running pilots prior to carrying out large-scale rollouts," says John Hughes, Entegrity's director of European business development. Mr Hughes expects to see a big push towards large corporate PKIs in the second quarter of 2000, as spending

tails off. In the UK, the Royal Mail is about to launch a "trusted third party" security service underpinned by Entrust's PKI, according to Andrew Young, business systems

to fix year 2000 problems

The Royal Mail will be providing the software to customers and publishing a vice. directory of certificates con-

Ware is providing what it government," its preferred we have to interoperate fedtaining the public keys claims is a highly secure way of service delivery. extranet-based global cash "We're now developing the required to verify digital signatures. A pilot service has business applications that'll management service, based been running since April. on a PKI from Entegrity, make use of the new infra-"The advantage of using structure," says Michael de Rosenroll, director of the strong authentication and using data encryption and

encryption," says Mr Young. "is that data you might not previously have trusted to Italian financial services this environment can be made available across the 'If security is a concern internet securely and in an authenticated manner. of your customer, which helps to improve the co-operation between cus-

Zergo is to supply the security to the UK's Midland Bank for a new networkbased banking application. Baltimore operates the Eurotrust security infrastructure for electronic commerce on behalf of the European Commission, and is to deploy a PKI for the Bank of Ireland's new internet banking ser-

tomers and suppliers".

Paris-based start-up Cash-

digital signatures. Banca Nazionale del Lavoro, an government's interdepart-

then it's your concern too'

group, intends to use a PKI The earliest, most prevafrom Entrust to protect its lent uses will involve remote internal systems and to access, distance work, develop a new range of mobile offices with governsecure services for private ment inspectors, and access and corporate customers.

PKIs was the Canadian gov- eral databases. ernment, which in 1996 But Mr d

controls so that staff in pro-One of the earliest users of vinctal offices can access fed-

began developing a secure stresses that, "to have a but the proof will come only infrastructure for "electronic really sound business case, through testing.

erally, provincially, and internationally with other PKIs." As important as the technical interoperability, he says, is having legal and policy frameworks that are compatible. An organisation needs to be able to rely on a certificate issued by an external PKI and vice versa. "That's probably the ulti-{ mate challenge: to ensure the interoperability between

PKIs," says Mr de Rosenroll. The Radicati Group foresees a battle over security standards over the next few years, but expects that industry and government organisations will increasingly work together to establish internetworking standards. Already, rival PKI software suppliers are co-operating to make sure their But Mr de Rosenroll systems are interoperable,

have been deployed. rent system. MY SECRET WEAPON HARUKO FUKUDA ON PRAGMATISM AND A SAMURAI SPIRIT

Intense drive to bridge two cultures

Courage and stamina have taken the Japanese high flier to the top, says. Alison Maitland

Horuko Fukuda, a doyenne of London's financial community, has achieved many firsts. A member of the council of the Nikko Research Centre, a global economic institute, she was the first Japanese woman to work at a senior level in a Japanese financial institution, as vice-chairman of Nikko Europe. Earlier, as a partner at James Capel, she was the first foreign woman member of the London Stock Exchange. As the eldest daughter of the late Masaru in member of the London Fukuda, a senior ministry of finance official who served in Washington and London in the 1960s, she was educated in Japan, the US and UK and become the first Japanese undergroduate admitted to Cambridge without a previous degree. A free trader and opponent of the European single currency, Miss Fukuda, 52, will be taking up new business posts in the new year after Nikko closes its London operations because of the economic turnoil in Japan.

The two most important things that have made my career moderately uccessful are stamina and courage. I possess a samural spirit of never giving up. But I also carry on the fine British tradition of pragmatism and applying creative ideas and imagination in solving business problems.

When I was 14 I went to America with my parents. The contrast between my very traditional Japanese life in Tokyo before and in Washington after was great. Before, I was surrounded by family and friends in a very closed society. Then I was suddenly put in the middle of a mixed American junior high school surrounded by a different language and culture. I didn't

speak English very well and yet I had to keep up with the rest of

the class. I worked tremendously hard to make sure I did. That generated in me a sense of

American-style competitiveness. Two years later my father was transferred to the embassy in London and it was the same thing all over again. I had to take "O" levels in the very year I went to a Highgate girls' school and then "A" level exams. Then I had to strive to get into Cambridge by an examination and interview. At Cambridge I gained the

courage to express my opinions. I gained a firm belief in the correct scale of values in human life. For example, personal integrity, humanity and kindness are very important when you are leading a team of people or making decisions for a company. At Cambridge, we were all

friends and equals. I didn't expect it to be otherwise in the outer world. By and large, this has been proved right. In fact, it has been rather an advantage to be a woman and Japanese because people noticed and remembered me. I have been lucky because I have been working in the City, where the tradition is one of non-discrimination. I have

always worked with men on equal terms, even in restaurants with geisha, where I was treated as an honorary man. It was very enjoyable because I enjoy male company and the cut and thrust of argument

Stamina is important in the City. Doing business across time zones required large amounts of stamina, particularly in such an intensely competitive environment. I can keep going with five or six hours of sleep.

Throughout my commercial life, courage has been an important factor, not just in expressing views but in making business decisio

I suppose that my most special quality is that I am perhaps more deeply steeped in both British and Japanese business cultures than any other Japanese of my generation. For several years, at James Capel in London, I was conducting a larger business with Tokyo in Japanese stocks



It has been rather an advantage to be a woman and Japanese because

and shares than anyone else in the City. When I moved from a British to a Japanese stockbroker, the change of cultures was a challenge. The British reach decisions by debate. sometimes flerce. In Japan they are reached by consensusbuilding, informally, behind the scenes as it were. I prefer the former but the effort needed to operate effectively in the latter was valuable experience – I sought to bridge the two cultures. It's very sad for me to see Nikko closa down in London after 40 years of strenuous effort. | exactly as you intend.

My life has been extremely busy at all times and lots of work. Gardening has taught me not to be a perfectionist. Whatever you plan, it doesn't turn out



David Ahmed

intellectually intensive as well. I find physically creating things, such as gardening or cooking, therapeutic. I became an instant gardening bore in 1981 when I bought an old house in Suffolk with a big garden which needed

Set-top box for television that reads your mind Murphy.

Cable and satellite television have brought dozens of new channels into the home but it can still be a challenge to find something worth watching.

Video tape recorders, with their "time-shift" ability, provide a partial solution but are difficult to operate and rather primitive in their options. Meanwhile, most video-on-demand and "interactive" TV trials have been expensive flops - Time-Warner is rumoured to have spent \$150m (£89m) on its Orlando, Florida. project before it was abandoned.

Now a California start-up called TiVo founded by James Barton and Michael Ramsey, two former Silicon Graphics engineers, believes it has cracked the problem. They have designed an intelligent, simple-to use set-top box digital recorder that aims to deliver "customised TV" to its users by storing programmes locally rather than on a

centralised server.
The TiVo box, which is expected to cost about \$300 and be capable of recording up to 20 hours of television, operates somewhat like a VCR but is much more flexible and does not require any user programming. It "discovers" which programmes to store by monitoring a family's viewing habits and building up a

Stored programmes can be watched at the user's convenience and unwatched footage is eventually erased to make room for new material. TIVo literally turns broadcast television upside down – giving viewers ultimate control over what they choose to watch and when they choose to watch it," says the company. "Any programme – even live broadcasts in progress - can be paused, rewound or ast-forwarded." www.tivo.com

An answer to video nasties

Marry video cassette recorders send out infra-red signals to switch channels on a satellite or cable receiver. This enables users to record from different

channels in succession, without having to change them manually or set an event timer on the satellite receiver, writes David

But users tend to store satellite channels in different positions on their receivers, so they have to instruct the VCR where each

channel is stored. On Thomson's VPH6990, however, once the initial set-up procedure has taken place, the VCR scans all received satellite channels and memorises their position on the satellite receiver. When a VideoPlus recording for satellite broadcast is programmed, the VCR knows automatically which satellite

channel to turn to. The VCR also features a way of setting the timer which is, arguably, even simpler than the VideoPlus system. The user tunes the VCR to the channel he wishes to record and calls up an 'Onscreen TV Guide' which lists all the programmes broadcast on that channel that day. The user

highlights the programme to be

recorded and hits the OK button

on the remote control to automatically set the timer. A version of the VCR which will switch channels on digital TV decoders from Sky and On Digital should be available in the UK in the second half of 1999. www.thomson-multimedia.com

Rio grand for music on the move

The Sony Walkman portable cassette recorder transformed music on the move for a generation and has only recently begun to be replaced by portable CD-players and CD mini-discs. However, these devices have some drawbacks: All have

moving parts, cassette tapes are not always the best quality and can become tangled and disc players tend to "sldp" if moved violently. To overcome these problems

for its video cards and other PC peripherals, has developed the first portable MP3 music player for less than \$200 (£120). The palm-sized Rio PMP300 stores, on a built-in 32Mb flash memory card, up to 60 minutes of high quality digital audio that

has been compressed using the

MP3 internet music standard.

This means there are no moving

Diamond Multimedia, best know

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY BRIEFS parts - and no skips. Playback time can be expanded using

removable flash memory cards. MP3 files can be a quarter to one-twentieth the size of a standard CD-audio file, yet still retain the same high quality digital audio.

Music can be loaded into the Rio from a PC either by downloading from one of the rapidly expanding number of legitimate MP3 web sites, or converted to MP3 format from existing personally owned CDs using software included with the device.

The traditional music industry has become increasingly concerned about the implications of digital distribution and the potential for piracy. In the US, the Recording Industry Association of America lost a legal battle to block the sale of the Rio in November. www.diamondmm.com

Canon develops X-ray vision

X-ray images remain a vital medical diagnostic tool but the time-consuming and cumbersome process for creating them has changed little over the

But Canon has now used its expertise in digital and X-ray imaging to produce a filmless digital X-ray camera that produces high definition 43cm by 43cm images for preview in just three seconds and reduces the time between exposures to only

The CXDI-11 draws on Canon's experience with amorphous silicon the sensors, originally developed for the Japanese group's scanner and fax products. A touch panel LCD interface enables the operator to select images and transfer them for viewing, printing and archiving on a computer network.
Canon claims the camera not only eliminates the time and

expense of traditional film radiography but also improves efficiency and patient care.

hell power licord in The House

and the second second والأروع ويتعدده كالمحار The second section is a second second The state of the state of the state of and the second second

يهو التيدين الأ

The second of the second of the second and the same of the same

1.5 TOTAL

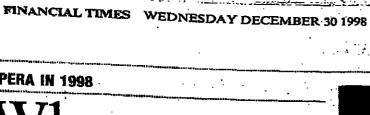
STATION LAT

The large image is especially useful for chest X-rays and the imaging unit can be positioned to view other parts of a patient's anatomy.

www.canon.co.jp **Paul Taylor**

MI SHIII

e magazana



When power politics caused discord in the House

Throughout the year the Royal Opera House saga has poisoned the entire arts climate in the UK, moums Andrew Clark

That's all Britain's New Labour framework in which the arts government is interested in when work. That would have been radiit comes to the arts. Access. Outreach. Education. Accountability. The great mantras of 1998 had everything to do with politics and nothing to do with artistic seriousness. In the wake of the Royal Opera House debacle, all sorts of demagogic arguments its absence was a conviction in government circles that the arts are no more heavy-handed deadare an essential part of our cultural fabric. Arts companies in the UK could argue ony case, as long it didn't involve arguing that their work was artistically important. That would have been embarrassing.

rie a la la compania de la compania

China in a

 $(-1)^{-1} = r_{s} \mathcal{B}$

- 551

. :

 $\{ e_i \in \Gamma_i$

.

.

, w.

Canan develops

1

'ج....

في المحاطب

.

- -

FRE TAINS

- -

X-ray vision

. .

Mich. wally - 2

MARK - 1941

e Par

3.86

Mary Harry

Marie San 🔩

the second

property or

Marie Company

直部 2

-

Y Z

Me The

Market 18 To

and supplied to the second se

🖟 🏣 in a second

and the state of t

会 亲军 · ***

Marie Jan Service of

-

-

Artistic seriousness is not one of the fashionable buttons this government responds to. That's why the debate about the arts in the UK this past year has been so artificial. What's the point of expending energy on educational outreach when you can't even serve your core audience adequately? Why has accountability suddenly become so all-consuming, in a sphere of activity where the value of your work cannot be quantified? It's hardly surprising the most prominent voices have arts politicos - people with fluency, people interested in power rather than what is produced. Those are the only people this government understands.

As the Royal Opera House saga continued to unravel, poisoning the entire UK arts climate, the government sat on the sidelines. The Eyre review - to which New underfunding, the proposed 11 Take the Metropolitan Opera: Labour responded with a blank per cent rise in subsidy is not face - reinforced the impression

It's all politics. And why not? there's no will to change the work. That would have been radical. But this is a conservative

At year-end, there are limited grounds for optimism at Covent Garden. The appointment of Michael Kaiser as executive director has taken the pressure off Sir Colin Southgate and his came into play. Noticeable by board. The atmosphere has become more easy-going, there lines. The orchestra still hasn't agreed terms, and some good musicians are leaving, but a deal looks imminent. A fair amount of work has been salvaged for 1999.

Since his arrival last month, Kaiser has made all the right noises. At last, someone seems to new management the minimum be in charge. But the underlying problems remain. First, the board has yet to find an artistic direc- to wash its hands of the whole tor, and to determine who will hold ultimate authority. Just by being there, Kaiser is already entrenched. But if the artistic Duffield and her friends for a director has equal authority, who will have the final say? It's an its ethos will be that of a rich open invitation for the board to man's playground - no matter continue its disastrous record of how many reduced-price matiinterference. For any company to nees and studio performances function effectively, its energies you put on. The redevelopment been those of businessmen and and spirit must be focused was a once-in-a-lifetime opportuthrough the personality of one nity to change the way the recognised leader. In an arts UK's premier opera house is run. institution, that leader needs and the government has flunked to be someone with artistic it. If we had an effective Arts credibility.

The second problem concerns exist. the ethos of the Royal Opera House. When you take into where the arts climate is more



is frightened to single it out for special treatment. By giving the necessary to set the renovated theatre on its feet, it is hoping opera problem. This is a delusion. While the ROH remains dependent on the largesse of Vivien substantial part of its incom

We're reaching a position Wozzeck and Katua Kabanova are

Council, the problem might not

subsidy. The Met's casting for The same principles were not he has so far failed to stamp his standard repertory is fabulous. There are still a lot of awful Monday nights, but the company's artistic profile is changing. As Brian McMaster, Edinburgh festival director, said earlier this year, some of the old principles still apply. "If you give

review. The result has been a year of marking time artistically.

National Opera this year, but

there were extenuating circum-

stances. The company was forced

to spend the first six months

pleading its case to the Evre

The redevelopment of Covent Garden was a once-in-a-lifetime opportunity to change the way the UK's premiere opera house is run, and the government has flunked it

people the real experience, they'll There was a flowering of new talrespond. Fantastic programmes bring fantastic audiences. If sign that the company was ready you give them shit, the public or able to fill the gap left by smell it and stay away. A lot of Covent Garden. Most new prothose who talk of the need to ductions disappointed. Paul Danaccount a decade of chronic honest in the US than in the UK. popularise the arts have yet to iel, distracted by political firerealise this."

to do. As far as senior govern- fudge. The government cannot added - even with 4,000 seats to operatic centres, with Amster- Daniel played a pivotal offstage lacks elsewhere. ment figures are concerned, let the opera house collapse, but fill every night and virtually no dam and Paris leading the way. role in saving the company, but

ent within the ensemble, but no fighting, has not yet adjusted

starts out completely mad and

seems to be reliving events as

flashbacks in his deluded mind.

No matter that Tchaikovsky's

music has its own chronology,

which is constantly being

contradicted. In a world of

Oh dear, what a thrilling

opera Tchaikovsky made of

Pushkin's novel and how boring

madness anything goes.

always upheld by English authority in the pit.

Pressed to name the London performances I enjoyed most, i which had anything to do with would cite Die aegyptische Helena the disastrous new Cosi, First, and Der Freischütz - both Royal the tenor in Simon Boccanegra Opera concerts. The Strauss, conducted by Christian Thielemann, the conductor, Mark Elder, who was a real event. Here was a

piece with limitations, performed with great intensity and conviction. problems of regional companies. where a handful of artistic triunderfunding. Casting is increasingly being done on price. Cracks are appearing, and are likely to become bigger. Welsh National Opera had the biggest success:

None of these companies was diversion.

If anybody could have made

quite as absorbing to watch as Glyndebourne. There were two significant events, neither of was sacked without reference to had every right to feel disillusioned. The decision appears to bave been a carve-up between Sir George Christie and Sir Peter The headline-grabbing travails Hall, an apt illustration of of opera in London obscured the Glyndebourne's feudal command-

structure. Second, Nicholas Snowman umphs camouflaged signs of arrived at the end of summer as general director. All the signs are that he will try to run the show himself, without a music director or head of production. He has already signed up Valery Gergiev Billy Budd and Jenufa were blis- for Tristan and Otello, doubtless teringly well realised. Scottish with a bevy of Russian singers in Opera's Dalibor was a succes d'es- tow. The Christies may have got time, superbly conducted by more than they bargained for. Richard Armstrong. At Leeds, While the London companies dig Those principles apply not just from the intimacy of Leeds to the Opera North must hope its new themselves into the mire of New what it seems Behind the gener- in its repertoire, Moses und Aron to McMaster's Edinburgh, but to size of the Coliseum. The orches- music director, Steven Sloane. Labour arts policy, life on the that it simply doesn't know what ous veneer lies a classic political and Doktor Faust will shortly be all of Europe's most successful trains sounding noisy and heavy. can make up in energy what he Sussex Downs over the next two years promises an entertaining

NETHERLANDS OPERA THE QUEEN OF SPADES

The crime of lèse-majesté

In opera, as in life at large, there is one problem with European co-operation. The nation states may have shared interests, but that does not mean that a joint effort is going to bring equal delight to all.

The new production of Tchaikovsky's The Queen of Spades at the Netherlands Opera is a case in point. This is a joint production, which will go to the Maggio Musicale in Florence and the Opéra Bastille in Paris once its initial run of performances at the Muziektheater in Amsterdam is over - a sensible arrangement at a time when costs are being squeezed in most opera-houses

Unfortunately, one man's good

investment is another's wasted money. A few years back the Netherlands Opera put on a production of Verdi's Luisa Miller which was hailed as a big success locally, whereas visitors generally thought it a horror. Now the story is being repeated with The Queen of Spades, generously applauded by its home audience recently, but met with screams of derision from

passing Anglo-Saxons. Its producer is Lev Dodin, Siberian born and now the arfistic director of the Maly Theatre in St Petersburg, so he is more a man of the theatre than the opera-house, a couple of important operatic engagements in Florence apart. Obviously he

has yet to feel the wrath of a leading international maestro breathing down his neck, or he would not have treated The Queen of Spades in such a cavalier fashion.

for the Netherlands Opera, seems to have let him get away with it. I suspect Dodin's production is only going to survive in Paris and Florence if Bychkov follows

Dodin's version of it was here. it there too. How could there be character

In Dodin's version of the opera, Herman does not commit suicide as insanity beckons; he starts out completely mad and seems to be reliving events as flashbacks in his deluded mind.

Only an innocent to the world of opera would think he could excise pages of Tchaikovsky's score and re-assign the voice parts at will. Semyon Bychkov, conducting a less than impassioned Residentie Orkest

The justification - if it can be called that - for Dodin's rewriting of the score is his wholesale re-interpretation of the drama. In this version of the opera, Herman does not commit suicide as insanity beckons; he

development when Herman's personality had nowhere to go? How could the relationships mean anything to the audience when they were all being viewed through a madman's fogged

this nonsense work, it would have been Vladimir Galusin, a leading tenor with the Kirov Opera in St Petersburg, who sang the role of Herman with searing power and intensity. There is probably no other tenor around today who can equal him in this opera – not even the marvellous Yury Marusin at Glyndebourne a few years ago, who had problems with tuning.
Of the two alternate sopranos, this performance had Natalia

Ushakova, an uneasy Lisa, whose Slavic soprano had a tendency to become edgy whenever top notes beckoned. Pavlo Hunka sang Count Tomsky's story-telling aria vividly and his friends Chekalinsky and Surin were well in the picture as played by Marcel Regians and Harry Peeters, Prince Yeletsky's favourite solo was less suavely sung than usual by Vassily

The production also had one starring cameo in the person of Helga Dernesch as the Countess. Or at least the role is a cameo in Tchaikovsky's version. Here the resourceful Dernesch, once a noble Brünnhilde, now a mezzo to make men tremble, found herself chipping into Tomsky's aria, taking over one of the roles in the Intermezzo, and turning her final appearance into a coup de theatre as the asylum's formidable matron.

The only people who looked as if they were enjoying themselves were the chorus, who were able to while away the evening in various states of insanity, clutching at pillars or twitching merrily in the background. Are Paris and Florence really going to take over this production? They must be mad.

Richard Fairman

INTERNATIONAL

Guide

CHICAGO

EXHIBITION Art institute Of Chicago Tel: 7-312-443 3600 www.artic.edu Julia Margaret Cameron's Women: 60 vintage prints of Victorian subjects such as Julia Jackson, mother of Virginia Woolf, and Alice Liddell. Cameron's portraits of Browning, Darwin and Tennyson are well known. Her dramatic. psychological pictures of women are less familiar. The exhibition will travel to San Francisco; to Jan 3

FRANKFURT EXHIBITION Schim Kunsthalle Tel: 49-59-299 8820 Alberto Giacometti: ratrospective of work by the Swiss sculptor and painter. Also featuring prints and drawings, the exhibition charts Giacometti's artistic output from his early years in 1920s Parts to his death in 1966; to Jeen S

OPERA Oper Frankfurt Tel: 49-69-21237 999

www.trankfurt-business.de/oper Rigoletto: by Verdl. Conducted by Olaf Henzold and staged by Kurt Horres. With John Broche and Elzbieta Szmytka; Dec 30

LONDON EXHIBITION

Royal Academy of Arts Tel: 44-171-300 8000 Picasso: Sculptor and Painter in Clay. This first major exhibition of Picasso's ceramics includes around 100 pieces, many of which have never before been exhibited. They are shown with some paintings and sculptures, demonstrating how Picasso developed his ideas across different media; to Jan 1

THEATRE Albery

Tel: 44-171-876 1115 Mr Puntila and his man Matti: Kathryn Hunter's production of Brecht's satirical comedy transfers from the Almeida Theatre to the West End; Dec 30, 31; Jan 1, 2, 4

National Theatre Tel: 44-171-928 2252 Betrayal: by Harold Pinter. Trevor Nunn directs Pinter's 1978 play, with a cast including Anthony Calf and Imogen Stubbs; Lyttleton Theatre; Dec 30, 31; Jan 1, 2, 4

MUNICH CONCERTS

Philharmonie Gasteig Tel: 49-89-5481 8181 Munich Philharmonic Orchestra: conducted by Milan Horvat in Beethoven's Symphony No. 9; Dec 30, 31

DANCE Philharmonie Gasteig Tel: 49-89-5481 8181

St. Petersburg State Ballet: in a new staging of Domröschen by Nikita A Dolguschin; Carl-Orff-Saal; Dec 30

NEW YORK CONCERT Avery Fisher Hall, Lincoln

Tel: 1-212-875 5030 www.lincoincenter.on New York Philharmonic: conducted by Kurt Masur in a New Year's Eve Gala, with a programme including works by the three Strausses. With sopranos Deborah Volgt and Noemi Nadelman, and mezzo-soprano Angelika Kirchschlager, Dec 31

EXHIBITIONS Metropolitan Museum of Art Tel: 1-212-879 5500

www.metmuseum.org From Van Eyck to Brueghet: Early Netherlandish Paintings. Almost 100 paintings from the collection, exhibited together for the first time; to Jan 3 Louis Comfort Tiffany: celebrating the 150th anniversary of the entist's birth, this exhibition, drawn from the museum's collection, includes leaded-glass windows and

lamps, vases, fumiture, enamels and jewellery; to Jan 1

Tel: 1-212-685 0008 Charles Dickens - A Christmas Carol: the manuscript of Dickens's novel is the centrepiece of this holiday exhibition; to Jan 3

OPERA Metropolitan Opera, Lincoln Tel: 1-212-362 6000

go.greens.www. Die Fledermaus: by J. Strauss. Revival conducted by Patrick Summers. Cast includes Carol Vaness, Jochen Kowalski and Bo Skovhus: Dec 31: Jan 2

OTTAWA EXHIBITION

National Gallery of Canada Tel: 1-613-990 1985 Songs on Stone: James McNeil Whistler and the Art of Lithography. Previously seen in Chicago, around 200 works by the American expatriate, including drawings, etchings and paintings; to Jan 3

PARIS **EXHIBITIONS**

Espace Electra Tel: 33-1-4284 2360 Photographic Fictions; to

Grand Palais Tel: 33-1-4413 1730 Gustave Moreau: more than 140 works by the Symbolist painter.

held in high esteem by his literary contemporaries, includes studies and drawings as well as oils, many of them depictions of historical and mythical subjects; to Jan 4

Musée d'Orsay Tel: 33-1-4049 4814 www.iMusee-Orsay.fr Stéphane Mallarmé (1842-1898): retrospective exploring the work of the French Symbolist poet, and his influential relationships with his literary and artistic contemporaries; to

Musée du Louvre Tel: 33-1-4020 5151 www.iouvre.fr Portraits from Roman Egypt: touring exhibition of mummy portraits from the British Museum. Painted on wooden panels, linen shrouds and plaster masks, they were created during the first three centuries of Roman rule in Egypt; to Jan 4

PRAGUE THEATRE National Theatre of Prague Tel: 420-2-2108 0131 www.anet.cz/nd The Servant of Two Masters: by Carlo Goldoni. Directed by Ivan

SAN FRANCISCO CONCERTS Davies Symphony Hall Tel: 1-415-864 6000 www.sfsymphony.org San Francisco Symphony

Rajmont; Dec 31

Orchestra: conducted by Peter Guth in a Viennese gala concert, with soprano Izabela Labuda;

VIENNA CONCERT Musikvereir

Tel: 43-1,-5058 6810 Vienna Philharmonic Orchestra: conducted by Lorin Maazel in a New Year's Day concert which marks two historic anniversaries the 150th of the death of Johann Strauss the elder, and the 100th of the death of Johann Strauss the younger; Jan 1

OPERA Staatsoper Tel: 43-1-51444 2960 Emani: by Verdi. Conducted by Seifi Ozawa in a new staging by

WASHINGTON

Graham Vick; Dec 30; Jan 3

EXHIBITION Tel: 1-202-737 4215 www.nga.gov Van Gogh's Van Goghs: 70 paintings loaned by the Van Gogh Museum in Amsterdam Includes such icons as The

Potato Exters (1885), Self-Portrait

(1888) and Wheatfield with Crows

as an Artist (1888), The Harvest

OPERA Washington Opera, Kennedy Center

(1890): to Jan 3

Tel: 1-202-295 2400 www.dc-opera.org Die Entführung aus dem Serail: by Mozart, L.A. Opera production by Michael Hampe, conducted here by Heinz Fricke; Eisenhower

Theater, Dec 31; Jan 3 ZURICH

EXHIBITION Kunsthaus Zurich Tel: 41-1-251 6765 Max Beckmann and Paris: more than 100 masterpieces of modern art from public and private collections around the world. Works by Beckmann are shown alongside paintings by se, Picasso, Braque, Léger and Rouault; to Jan 3

II TV AND RADIO

● WORLD SERVICE BBC World Service radio for Europe can be received in western Europe on medium wave 648 kHZ (463m)

EUROPEAN CABLE AND SATELLITE BUSINESS TV

 CNN international Monday to Friday, GMT:

06.30: Moneyline with Lou Dobbs 13.30: Business Asia 19.30: World Business Today

22.00: World Business Today

Business/Market Reports: 05:07; 06:07; 07:07; 08:20; 09:20; 10:20; 11:20; 11:32; 12:20; 13:20; 14:20.

At 08:20 Tanya Beckett of FTTV reports live from LIFFE as the London market opens.

ings downgrade that is set to

or worse, structural - eco-

nomic downturn lies ahead,

now that the exuberance

surrounding the IMF-led

financial aid package has

down and structural damage

to the regional economy can

be avoided. Critically, this

even with that assumption.

real interest rates are set to

remain high for much of the

The impending descent

somewhat similar to Brazil's

Tequila crisis in 1995, is

unique. Most importantly,

the global economic back-

drop is now far weaker and

more unstable. The US econ-

omy is slowing, while recent

financial sector uncertainty

implies a scarcity of external

capital. Add to this the huge

systemic risk that Brazil rep

only gradually be dispelled

and it becomes clear that

discounts in share prices rel-

ative to the 1995 recession

Overall, the economic

deterioration across emerg-

ing markets will remain a

drag on global growth and a

potential source of systemic

risk for financial markets.

Throughout emerging mar-

kets, the investment back-

drop remains clouded by

are easily justified.

esents - a risk that will

1999 To describe NINETEEN for emerging suggest that emerging backdrop is improving crisis, were flawed. The NINETY NINE markets would be something of an understatement. Their travalls are far

from over and no immediate improvement in the economic fortunes of developing economies is in prospect. As financial market strains have spread from Asia, more restrictive monetary and fiscal policies are strangling economic growth in other emerging economies. After contracting nearly 9 per cent in 1998. south-east Asia should which emerging markets achieve only a modest recovhave traded together this ery over the next two years, year did much to destroy the while in Latin America an benefits of portfolio diversifi-

to be the worst since the in these markets. Investors

debt crisis of the 1980s - is These shifting economic outlooks reflect the different stages reached by emerging countries in the adjustment process and, from an equity investor's viewpoint, this suggests that their perfor-

economic deterioration - set

mances will vary. Put simply, Asia is close to the bottom in its contractionary adjustment, while Latin America is still in the early stages of a cyclical downturn. Emerging Europe (excluding Russia) appears relatively cushioned from giobal slowdown pressures but South Africa remains

As for the wider implications of these adjustments. reduced demand in emerging markets is exacerbating the effects of global excess capacity. It will be an important factor in the slowdown of world growth to a mere 2 per cent next year - and even that assumes significant further easing of monetary policy in the west.

For equity investors, the tussle between a deteriorating corporate profit outlook in the face of slower global growth and the support offered by lower interest rates will hold the key to the direction of stock markets in developed countries. This in turn will have a direct impact on the outlook for emerging markets.

The close relationships between developed and emerging-market equities

The performance of emerging markets will vary but their general outlook is poor, argues Matthew Merritt

market stocks are ill-placed Asian economies will have to cope with big setbacks in suffered the sharpest stage the developed world. This, of their contractions during though, is unlikely. Lower 1998. Current account defiinterest rates should outcits have rebounded into surweigh the negative effect of plus and currency markets earnings pressures and preare stabilising after collapsvent a collapse in developed markets, which could prove ing in the previous 18 months. Interest rates are to be surprisingly resilient. also being lowered and these Against this background, factors are helping Asian some reduction in the risk companies to service their premiums for investing in debt more easily. These trends do not imply emerging markets seems

cation through investment

will look for signs that such

close trading relationships

Asia: the partial recovery

in Asian stock markets in

the final quarter of 1998 can

Recognition that mone-

tary policy in Organisation

for Economic Co-operation

and Development countries

will continue to be eased to

avert a financial sector col-

lanse: this has been critical

in producing a rally in global

Portfolio rebalancing:

there has been a partial re-

allocation of funds to Asia,

or out of cash, as investors

restore their holdings to

more normal levels, from the

extreme underweight post-

tions held earlier in the year.

• Recognition that the

regional macroeconomic

equity markets.

East Asia

E Latin America

IT'S HUGE LIKE A MOUNTAIN OR A SKYSCRAPER.

BUT ALSO HUGE LIKE THE WHEEL.

are beginning to unravel.

that any quick economic

It is clear that discounts in share prices relative to the 1995 recession are easily justified

recovery for Asia is in the offing, particularly with Japan stagnating and excess capacity prompting a global counter the severe problems of corporate insolvency that remain endemic in Asia but. in a relative sense, the macroeconomic backdrop has

improved. macroeconomic policy across emerging Asia and this is an implicit recognition that the original International Monetary Fund policy prescriptions, introduced in the early months of Asia's financial

intensify as the extent of the regional recession becomes apparent. For Latin America region, together with the an economic recession bas IMF, is now using a more realistic and less painful just begun. In Brazil, either a currency blueprint for adjustment. crisis or a severe cyclical -

The shift has involved a move to more expansionary fiscal policy, easier monetary conditions and slower corporate and market restructuring. These factors have bolstered currency sta-Latin America: Just as

Asia appears to be bottoming, Latin America faces a severe regional recession. A number of developments in the second half of 1998 have jeopardised the outlook: • The failure of Brazil to push through planned fiscal into recession, although

adjustments - and the resulting interest rate premiums attached to Brazilian debt in recent months have exacted a heavy price across the region. External finance has dried up. Fiscal policy will have to be sharply tightened while monetary policy will remain restrictive to reduce the external financing requirement, as international investors keep their distance.

 The continuing weakness of commodity and oil prices. and growing expectations of a US slowdown, have exacerbated the downturn induced by Brazil's vulnerability and spread the more virulent strains of real economic contagion to all the leading regional economies. As severe recession looms. corporate earnings projections have begun to be

downgraded: the big markets uncertainty. Emerging markets face another difficult year, and investors' appetite for risk remains particularly fragile. A sharp acceleration in the pressures on Brazil is just one of a number of factors that could ignite the tinder box. But, despite this, there is reason to hope that some emerging markets will fare better than others next year, and that the full horrors of 1998 are unlikely to be repeated. In a difficult world, that at least offers some

> The author is director of global emerging markets strategy at ING Barings

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR are in the midst of an earn-

Holistic factory design would deliver improved productivity

From Mr Bernard Eccles. Sir, Your article, "UK productivity data "flawed" (November 27), reported the Institute of Fiscal Studies' view that UK levels of investment in manufacturing are significantly lower dissipated. A currency meltthan those of our overse competitors and that this reduces domestic productivity substantially. We would requires no further signs of like to reinforce this view. based on experience in the slippage in fiscal policy but,

> dinavia and the US. First, UK companies typially have more demanding criteria for productivity investments than those of many competitors. The US and Germany accept a pay-back of three to five years and Japan a period of four to seven years, whereas the UK often expects a return within one to two years.

UK, mainland Europe, Scan-

As a result, investments in UK factories are often incremental and piecemeal, when they need to be holistic. Holistic means developing or

Sir. Pity Tony Blair! Having

had the benefit of the Pay-

next Paymaster General? Mr

Robinson appears to have

the experience to be able to

do this perfectly well.

Mr C.R. Wells

Reynolds Farm

Hurst. Nr Twyford

Berkshire RG10 ORE, UK

total productivity (ie, lowest cost of total employees). This approach means using the optimum technology, simplified material and product flows and effective support systems. Holistic factory design can improve productivity by between 10 per cent and 30 per cent but usually requires more than a one to

two year pay-back. Many UK-based companies that do design factories holistically are owned by overseas competitors, such as Honda, BMW, ABB and Black & Decker.

Second, investment must also extend to the right level and quality of design and production engineering. British products often require higher levels of designed-in labour input than those of our competitors in automotive, consumer durables and consumer electronics. A PA study tour to Japan showed that Japanese automotive companies, such as Honda

redesigning factories for and Toyota, employed more than five times as many production engineers than their British equivalents.

Lower UK productivity can be traced back to demanding capital investment criteria and an underity drivers, such as design for low cost of manufacture and production engineering. However, a number of British companies generate higher return on capital employed than their European equivalents. So, with the right investment policy and a far-sighted view of the holistic enterprise - UK manufacturers can increase productivity and be more comnetitive in world markets.

Bernard Eccles. head of manufacturing PA Consulting Group, Cambridge Technology Centre, Melbourn, Royston.

UK pension fund managers Tight budget must appreciate US equities From Mr Christopher Wells.

From Mr Richard

master General's salary to distribute as largesse among Sir, Today I read another other ministers, owing to Mr Robinson having made his negative article about the services available free, he is state of the US economy and now stuck with having to the level of the stock mardemote a minister so as to ket. No doubt as we approach the beginning of cations are increased, or the recover his salary in order to be able to pay the new Payanother investment year, UK master General, or do with asset allocators will mainout one. But wait! Could he tain, or even increase, their negative view of US equities. not persuade the departed Paymaster General to When will they learn? become the Paymaster to the During the past three

years, the Standard and Poor's 500 index has appreciated by 9.2 per cent, 86.4 per cent and 21.2 per cent (to December 21) adjusted to sterling. North America (excluding Canada) now represents more than 51 per cent of a typical global

average balanced UK pension fund has less than 4 per cent of its equity exposure

Surely the time must come when either one of two scenarios unfold: either US allodemise of the UK balanced pension fund industry will accelerate with a corresponding acceleration of the specialist fund manager. The poetic justice of the latter, of course, is that North America leads the world in specialist fund management.

Singer & Friedlander Investment Management Limited. 21 New Street industry benchmark, yet an London EC2M 4HR, UK

Number One Southwark Bridge, London SE1 9HL We are learn to encourage latters from readers worldwide, Letters may be faxed to +44 171-873 5938 test fax to "fine"), e-mail in the mein reternation and tempurature. Fex 0171 873 5938. Letters should be typed and not hand written

ODD JOBS FAKEBUSTERS

Sold a line

In China counterfeiting has extended beyond manufactured goods to spawn a network of bogus copyright investigators and enforcers. James Harding reports ounterfeiting in seen counterfeit products western agency to verify the Indeed, China even boasts China has become but they will not tell you the bust "the foreign brand- a celebrity whistle-blower. Owner will never know what Wang Hai, a shy but

ness. Not only are there cheap copies of the full Duracell batteries to Motorola mobile phones, but even cialists in intellectual propthe authenticity of the infor- erty enforcement tend not to mation and assistance pay for information until offered in the fight against fakes can be suspect.

"Individuals have made use of the people willing to use its own network of pay for information," says people "mostly for the rea-Parker Lake at Pinkerton in son of reliability". Shanghai, the US investigation company helping some of the world's biggest brandowners enforce their intellec- scam. One deception tual property rights in involves contacting the China. "The results [of a owner of an international tip-off] can range from very brand-name (preferably one successful to zero ... The informant is in a position to on-the-ground experience in fly by night."

As China's counterfeiters the company of a factory copying its goods and offerhave become more sophisticated, they have spawned a second-generation industry of anti-counterfeit enforcers or New York wants to be a growing band of informants, private investigators, factory raiders and legal advisers. Working with local government officers and foreign brand managers, the bona fide enforcers have begun to stamp on, if not out, the manufacturers of

But at the margins of this emerging business of brand protection - as in the fringes of the manufacturing indus try itself - there are people selling wares that are not

the genuine article. Shen Lin, head of the Shanghai office of the government-authorised consultancy China Sinda Intellectual Property, says: "Roughly 20 per cent of the information we are given is

Sometimes when individuals call in with reports of factories producing fake goods, the story turns out to be pure fabrication; more often, the informant has exaggerated the scale or the nature of the find. The information leads to a few hundred boxes of counterfeit soap, rather than the few

hundred thousand promised. "It is invariably not the whole truth and it is not what you want to hear. They will tell you where they have

where they are making it." says Andrew Williams, marrange of manufactured keting manager in China for goods, from Polo mints to Castrol, the inbricant group.

The more reputable spethey have proved its validity and value. Pinkerton, for example, says it prefers to

The credulous foreign manufacturer, though, is vulnerable to the occasional that does not have offices or mainland China), informing ing to get it shut down.

seen to be doing something about counterfeiting. He will pay for a report saying a factory has been found or a factory has been raided, even if he cannot prove it," says one anti-counterfeit enforcer. The purported raid on the

alleged take-producing factory would typically take ter, and without hiring a comparatively expensive really happened".

ironically, counterfeiters also pay informants to tell them of impending crackdowns - but they, too, cannot always count on the reliability of the warnings.

In Yiwu, a drab town of cost of the purchase, as Chi-600,000 people that has nese law demands, when he become the capital of the proved the goods were not counterfeit industry in the real thing. The Chinese China, one man standing outside the Small Commodities Market, which serves as a distribution hub for fakes, offered a local judgment on informants. "People who give information are like spies. They should be treated like spies. Here, we all eat

from the same rice bowl." The volume of business done at the trading halls in Yiwu alone was estimated at RMB15.2bn (\$2bn) last year. Not surprisingly, foreign intellectual property owners, which see the reputation of their brand and market share undermined by the fakes, are increasingly willing to pay for "informa-

This has created a parallel industry. "There is a network of professional informants," says Luke Minford at Rouse & Co in Shanghai, specialists in intellectual property protection. "They passing on information."

single-minded young man. lead in trade has made a name, and a small fortune, for himself by buying fake goods from department stores all over China and then claiming double compensation for the

The importance of informants is a telling indication of the dual development of the Chinese counterfeit industry and the emerging business to contain it. As the US became acutely aware of the intellectual

the real thing. The Chinese

state media has dubbed him

the "anti-fake goods hero".

piracy problem in China in the first half of the 1990s, Washington looked to Beijing to introduce laws and regulations to control and punish counterfeiters. But. in the last few years, foreign companies with brands to protect have shifted their focus from the state of the law to the nature of hands-on enforcement.

Some international brandholders with substantial piracy problems have estabin-house anticounterfeit units. Other multinationals have turned to counterfeit specialists to work with the Chinese government bureaux, particularly the Administration for Industry and Commerce, to crack down on the copiers of their products.

Some multinationals have had real success in clamping down on pirate producers: American Standard, the largest foreign manufacturer of toilets for the Chinese markets, says it has seen significant progress this year against the producers of counterfeit bathroom products carrying its name.

To have a decent prospect of success in their battle against fakery, though, the first step for foreign brandholders is to find a genuine source and an authentic provider of anti-counterfeit services: According to Mr Minford: "The key in China is to get reliable information ... that is where this whole

hEU chance to

MANCIAL ITMES

jor Japan

in a state of the second

FINANCIAL TIMES

Number One Southwark Bridge, London SE1 9HL Tel: +44 171-873 3000 Telex: 922186 Fax: +44 171-407 5700

Wednesday December 30 1998

Waiting

COMMENT & ANALYSIS

gn would

Muctivity

37.15

rrich in the second

Marine Co. Co. ion fund managers

preciate 1 8 equities

they I conduct the court

James Hatti bil

100 BBROWN TO

examp. Stem 150

(# /-) * '--

day - 123

***** EREST TO A

HE FOITOR

for Japan With gross domestic product than doubled, from 0.8 per cent down almost 3 per cent, 1998 to 1.8 per cent since November. has been a dreadful year for the Japanese economy. Yet the a turnaround is on the way is No. Between September and December alone, the International Monetary Fund reduced its forecast for 1999 from growth of 0.5 per cent to a

> come could be far worse. At least five explanations can be given for this depressing

First, companies and houserapid growth is over. But this means that businesses have more capital than they need, while households possess less wealth than they want. A study by the Japan Center for Eco-nomic Research concludes that the share of private investment in plant and equipment in GDP per cent in 2003. Meanwhile, worried households are set to save still more than before. The reduced desire of companies to invest and increased desire of households to save are the twin plan is inadequate. This is blades of Japan's recessionary

Second, with private investment and consumption so weak, the only sources of demand are the public and external sectors. underestimate the scale of the Yet far less has been done to problem. But the biggest diffisecure these than many suppose: broad money has been growing at a mere 4 per cent a year since 1992 (including in 1998); the yen is some 13 per cent higher against the dollar than at the beginning of the year; and, according to the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development, the cyclically adjusted general government fiscal deficit, at 4.1 per cent of GDP this year, is no higher than in 1996.

Public debt

Third, even if the government were to wish to adopt a more aggressively expansionary fiscal policy, it must also worry

Given a falling price level, this means real interest rates of answer to those asking whether 21/2-3 per cent, enough to ensure explosive growth of the public debt burden if the economy continues to stagnate.

Import compression decline of 0.5 per cent. The out-

Fourth, if the yen were to fall sharply, the international environment would still be highly unfavourable to a Japanese export drive, not least because First, companies and house40 per cent of its exports used
to go to emerging Asia. True,
the realisation that the era of
the current account balance has more than doubled, as a share of GDP, from 1.4 per cent in 1996 and 2.3 per cent in 1997, to 3.2 per cent in 1998. In 1998, the improvement in the external balance was also a helpful offset to the sharp contraction in domestic demand. But what has driven this improvement is only could fall from 16 in 1997 to 11 import compression, not export expansion.

Finally, notwithstanding the belated recognition of the need for public refinancing of the banking system, the present partly because undercapital-ised, but solvent, banks have a very limited incentive to take the money on offer. It is also because the authorities still culty is that refinance of the banking system is a necessary condition for renewed growth. but not a sufficient one. There must first be recovery in profitable borrowing opportunities.

As time has passed, measures needed to arrest Japan's decline have become more radical and the domestic and international environment more unfavourable. What is needed, by now, is a systematic and decisive policy comprising a very large fiscal deficit financed by borrowing from the Bank of Japan, a much weaker yen, and phased economic liberalisation.

The authorities still think they can tinker their way, piecemeal, out of the crists. about the rise in public sector They cannot. Only when they indebtedness. Yields on 10-year realise this will strong recovery government bonds have more become a prospect, not a hope.

An EU chance to lead in trade

agenda, the European Union should it go about doing so? might seem to have enough on its plate to occupy it until well into the new millennium. These challenges create an obvious temptation to dwall on priorities close to home. Yet there has rarely been a moment when it was more important for the EU to look beyond its own borders and play a fuller and more active

international role. The area where constructive EU initiative is most urgently needed, and most likely to yield rewards, is world trade. The nearterm fate of the global economy depends crucially on keeping markets open - above all, in the irich countries which are cur-Frently the only source of growth. Only if they are ready to absorb substantially increased exports from troubled emerging economies will the latter enjoy a

enstainable recovery.

To date, the EU has avoided a rash of import barriers. But that will become harder if a continuing rise in the US trade deficit stokes protectionist pressures there, which could swiftly spread to Europe. Uncertainties about how successfully Bill Clinton can keep such forces in check have been greatly increased by the impact of impeachment on his

political authority at home. But questions about the future US role also run much deeper. Its contribution as principal architect of the multilateral trade system since the second world war grew out of its strategic commitment to containing communism worldwide. The end of the cold war has diminished both the perceived need among US policymakers to continue exercising that leadership, and the political support in the country at large necessary to sustain it.

Economic superpower Neither geo-political circumstances, nor its own institutional ship in trade, the external rela-make-up, permit the EU to tions field where its members assume the role traditionally have worked together longest played by the US, even if it and most successfully, what only other economic superpower, the EU has a clear interest and security?

With the launch of the euro, an obligation to shoulder more enlargement and much-needed responsibility for maintaining institutional reform on its open international trade. How

Its first priority should be to fulfil its commitments in the World Trade Organisation scrupulously. As well as implementing the Uruguay Round agree-ment, it must uphold the rule of law by complying - much more rigorously than in the case of bananas - with the letter of WTO disputes judgments.

Flawed legislation

Second, the EU must resist demands for protection, notably in the form of anti-dumping. It must also avoid poorly thoughtout measures which needlessly irritate the US and other trade partners. Particular care is required when drafting single market legislation: all too often, flawed attempts to bridge internal EU differences have created external trade frictions.

Finally, and most important, the EU must push hard for fur-ther multilateral trade liberalisation, the success of which offers the best safeguard against protectionism. Sir Leon Brittan, the trade commissioner, wants a comprehensive new round of talks. But so far, his calls have generated little enthusiasm.

They may only do so if the EU shows it is genuinely willing to lower its own biggest trade barriers - above all, in agriculture. A firm commitment to achieving real progress in liberalising this sector would be a big contribution to creating a fairer and more open world trade system, increasing the welfare of the EU's citizens and enhancing its credibility

with trade partners. Such an idea may be dismissed as unrealistic. But the EU will only carry political - as well as economic - weight in the world if it defines its common interests in terms of internationally shared

If it cannot show such leaderwanted to. But as the world's chance is there of them speaking

1998 Has Josehka Fischer, Ger-many's Green NINETEEN foreign minister.

NINETY EIGHT broken with the zeitgeist? For years, the former street revolutionary wore black T-shirts under his jacket. Since taking office at the end of October, he has invari-

While continuity and conservatism may be the fashion at the foreign ministry, Gerhard Schröder, the new Social Democrat chancellor whose neckwear sometimes slips to half-mast, has ushered in an unstuffy style of government. After 16 years of Helmut Kohl, the Germany Mr Schröder seeks to create is more self-confident and less formal, conscious of but not hamstrung by its history and determined to pursue its own agenda.

The government that in a few months will begin the move to Berlin - including to buildings once occupied by Hitler's ministers - will not be led by Mr Kohl, a Christian conservative whose war memories are firmly etched. instead its chancellor is a left-ofcentre lawyer who in 1978 represented the terrorist Horst Mahler, who omitted "so help me God" from his official oath and who, at 54, is too young to remember the

In his government declaration the equivalent of a US inauguration speech - Mr Schröder spoke of a "grown-up, self-confident" country that for the first time since the second world war had voted a government out of office; "a self-confidence of a grown-up nation that doesn't have to feel superior or inferior to anyone, that accepts its history and responsibility - but is forward looking". It is a Social Democrat-led

coalition government of a "new" political centre that has brought the environmentalist, pacifist Greens into federal office for the first time. It is looking for alternative answers to mass unemployment and to the country's 19 atomic power stations. And it is looking to bring "social justice" to a reunited Germany where the tion of the east has given way to pessimism and demands for greater economic equality.

where it holds the presidency in the first six months of 1999. That bold? For all the heralding of does not mean a halt to economic change, the omens are not good. and political integration – the The main task it has set itself is opposite is the case - but ensur- combating an unemployment ing that the EU functions as a total of 4m (about 10 per cent of community and international the workforce). Its response is economic powerhouse, at an centred on building a consensus acceptable cost to the German between labour, employers and taxpayer.

tive or energetic Germany? A giance at the country's corporate erately, at rectifying the damage sector suggests the answer is his advisers believe was inflicted 'Yes'. Years of industrial even by Mr Kohl's modest rate income tax and raising child restructuring and reorientation towards the demands of global markets led to the merger in May of Daimler-Benz and Chrysler.

Then, last month. Deutsche Bank swooped to buy Bankers Trust, the eighth-largest US bank. Deutsche Bank has also signalled a break with the traditional cosy relationship between

the Viag power-based conglomer- intensive economy through limits economic question. We are not ernment does not see peace initial emphoria over the libera- ate is merging with Alusuisse- on overtime or reductions in going the way that would create Lonza of Switzerland; the maximum working hours. Hoechst pharmaceuticals group is teaming up with Rhône- also differ in significant respects able." It is also a government that Poulenc of France. The message to those of business. The

the state of the sort that fash Does, then, the start of the Berioned Germany's post-war ecolin republic signal a more asser- nomic recovery. Mr Schröder's "alliance for jobs" is aimed, delibachievements in reforming generous sick pay and employment

But Mr Kohl tried an "alliance for jobs" unsuccessfully and it is arguable whether, even in Germany, a consensus approach is

possible in 1999. For business, the "alliance for

to eventual disposals. Meanwhile, Germany's highly capital- value creation. It is not an

IT WAS THE YEAR WHEN...THE KOHL ERA ENDED

Goodbye to all that

Ralph Atkins asks whether the election of a left-of-centre government and the

start of the Berlin republic signals a more assertive Germany

The government's priorities age households by cutting basic

The result is a pragmatic approach to Europe from a new generation of political leaders

allowances - with industry largely footing the bill through duced tax breaks.

Professor Meinhard Miegel, director of the Bonn institute for economic and social research. argues that there remains strong social resistance to the creation of lower-paid, lower status jobs of jobs" has to focus on containing the sort that have cut unemploybanks and industry by spinning costs, lowering taxes and conment in the US. "The alliance for off its DM40bn (\$23.9bn) industributing wage moderation. The jobs is about distributing work trial holdings into separate unions want a redistribution of distribution, distribution, distribution, districompanies, possibly as a prelude working opportunities in bution," he says. "It is not about is a perfectly natural thing," he

more dynamic growth - because that would be socially unaccept-

takes a more questioning stance is that Germany industry can act "socially just" tax reform plans ernment has been more deter- worthwhile [for Germans]." towards the European Union, fast to remain world-beating. of Oskar Lafontaine, finance min- mined, and even confrontational, Mr Schröder recognises the Can the government be as ister, are calculated to help aver- is in European policy. Mr Schrö- associations created by the move the introduction of the Euro will

> For some in Europe the talk in Bonn and Paris of tax harmonisation and greater use of majority voting - as opposed to the princi-ple of unanimity - has been a harsh reminder of the pace at which the debate is moving. But Mr Lafontaine and Mr Schröder find the UK's protests hard to understand. "In Germany it was difficult to give up the D-Mark," says Mr Lafontaine, "We have had our own experience in trying

to convince people."

Mr Schröder argues that Germany is part of an increasingly integrated Europe, not through compulsion but by choice. "I

says. "By that I mean a single Europe. That is something I want. I am a German, but also a

Germany's history still reinforces that European identity. But it is a different calculation to that of Mr Kohl, or Hans-Dietrich Genscher, foreign minister between 1974 and 1992, who coauthored Germany's final settle ment with the victors of the

Mr Schröder's election has, to an extent, proved cathartic. Mar-tin Walser, the novelist, has sparked controversy by suggesting Germans should no longer be preoccupied by the events of the 1930s and 1940s and by complaining of the media's "constant entation of our shame".

presentation or our success.

Michael Naumann, the former publisher who is Mr Schröder's minister for cultural affairs, is opposing plans for a giant Holocaust memorial near the Brandenburg Gate in the centre of Berlin. The proposal for a field of stone slabs designed by Peter Elsenmann, the New York architect - which Mr Naumann criticises as being overwhelming - is likely to be replaced by a less brutal exhibition or depository of Holocaust evidence.

Germany's reflections on the past are far from extinguished, however. Mr Fischer talks about a "collective memory of our neighbours" - which could include potential new members of the EU - that obliges restraint in the extent to which Germany pursues national interests. Martin Mantzke, editor at the German foreign policy association, argues: "No reasonable German politician would ever talk about Germany first - but they would certainly not talk about Germany last." It requires a stress on inter-national solidarity; German official support for this month's US and UK airstrikes on Iraq was loyal, despite private misgivings about the moral and strategic objectives.

The result is a pragmatic approach to Europe from a new generation of political leaders. In contrast with Mr Kohl, the govwithin an integrated Europe or nationalist wars as the only alter-natives. As one European policy strategist in Bonn says: "We have Where the new German gov- to make the European Union

der and Mr Lafontaine believe to Berlin. "Sometimes 'Berlin still sounds too authoritarian force the formation of economic Prussian, too centralist," he and financial policies - as well as admitted in his government decmonetary policy – at European laration. "Against that, we are level. That means, above all, a setting our - completely unag-European pact on job creation gressive - vision of a Republic of with binding and verifiable the New Centre. This New Centre excludes nobody. It stands for solidarity and innovation, for enterprise and a sense of citizenship, for ecological responsibility and a political leadership that seizes chances. Symbolically, this New Centre is taking shape in Berlin - in the middle of Germany and the middle of

> Thus, his pursuit of a distinct German agenda is hedged by a recognition of geography and politics, as well as history. In the centre of Europe it is surrounded by potential allies - or partners that could quickly form coalitions against Germany's interests. That requires a cautious stance by the new Berlin repub-

OBSERVER

No Oskar night in Brussels

The euro, it seems, is heading for a safe birth. The most dangerous man in Europe – allas German finance minister Oskar Lafontaine - has decided to skip the single

currency's celebratory launch. Finance ministers from across the euro-zone gather in Brussels tomorrow night for the historic announcement of euro exchange rates. But Lafontaine will not be among them: he is relaxing on holiday and doesn't plan to drop In for a quick off-the-cuff speech or even a glass of Riesling. Lafontaine's absence is sure to drain any colour from What promises to be a fairly sombre

gathering. His place is being taken by former businessman turned German economics minister Werner Müller, an amiable enough sort of chap but without a track record of mischief-making. Lafontaine, after all, has

distinguished himself since entering office in October by taking a close interest in all things European. In just a few short weeks the fun-loving finance minister managed to lay out his stall with calls for tax harmonisation - sorry, co-ordination - lower interest rates and a cut in Bonn's net contribution to Brussels. Still, looking on the bright side

Lafontaine's holiday could be

good news for Germany and its

new monetary neighbours. He's sure to come back refreshed and simply bursting with good ideas.

Barking mad

Howis of protest in Belgrade as the cash-strapped city authorities stap a tax on dogs. Mobile telephones and guns have already been targeted by

revenue-raising council members; now everything from the fiercest Rottweller to the furryest lapdog will be subject to a new canine

The annual tax on guard dogs. has been set at a concessionary 75 dinars (\$7.50), while pedigree pooches will cost twice as much. The rest are to be charged at a rabid 220 dinars - a huge sum in a city where pensions are in arrears by several months and the average monthly wage is less than \$100.

A Serb refugee who runs Belgrade's only asylum for the: doggy equivalent is threatening to unleash all his 500 charges in protest. Dog owners say they too will take to the streets with their pets. But Spasoje Krunic, head of the city council, is standing firm: he can be seen daily, along with other top officials, walking their canine companions - all with outstanding pedigrees.

No immunity

Slovak embassies have been in ambassadors coming and going

faster than diplomatic bacs. Two-thirds of the country's ambassadors were recalled in March as prime minister Vladimir Mediar hurriedly filled embassies with political supporters just before an election he was bound to lose. The new government,

which took office at the end of October, immediately sacked Median's nominees and is in the process of appointing its supporters. But one ambassador is proving particularly hard to get rid off. Zdenka Krampiova, the former

foreign minister, was told to

return to Slovakia by November

18 after less than a month as ambassador to Canada. She has now ignored three deadlines to return - and her diplomatic passport has been cancelled. New foreign minister Eduard Kukan also wents to sack her from the foreign ministry - when she can be found to receive her notice. But the roque ambassador says she will not return until what she describes as a malicious campaign against her has been called off. How's that for diplomacy?

Turin crowd

Those Italian anarchists will stop at nothing. Their latest victim is baby Jesus, kidnapped from a nativity scene set up by Turin city council. A note sent to the La Repubblica newspaper demands the release of one Silvano Pelissero, arrested last

sabotage a high-speed train. "Free Silvano now or Jesus is dead!" says the anonymous note, sent with a photo of the statue clutching two Sunday newspapers in its wooden hands. But the artist responsible for building the nativity display reckons that such bully-boy tactics should be ignored. "Sure, they've taken a symbol," says artist Emanuele Luzzati. "But we're only talking about a piece

spring after an alleged attempt to

Title fight

of wood."

Fancy a new image for the New Year? Observer has just received a shopping list of honours, awards, noble, military and ecclesiastical ranks - courtesy of in organisation calling itself the Holy Roman Empire.

Based in Paphos, Cyprus, and run by Count Lothar-Johann van der Hoort, it has a title to suit every occasion. What's more. there's a 50 per cent discount in force until January 20. Starting with the "superior status" stuff, you can turn yourself into an archduke, a grand duke, a marquis, baron or simple knight for little more than \$150. The rank of major-general is a snip at \$125, while you can be installed as a cardinal for only a few

dollars more. Observer isn't quite sure what to make of it all - but as the Count says all profits go to

Ginancial Times

100 years ago Shoddy German Goods

We have often contended when discussing the matter of foreign competition in trade that it is not to Germany, but to the United States, that British manufacturers should pay the most attention since, while Germany excels in the manufacture of cheep goods with a high finish, the United States are likely to compete with our manufacturers in quality as well as price and finish. It is interesting, therefore, to note the very frank opinion on the subject of German trade expressed by one American Consul on the relations of the United States with European countries. "The ground that Germany has won in the foreign markets cannot long be retained, owing to the poor material and workmanship of some of their

50 years ago

French African Gold Paris, Dec. 29. Following a decision of the French Government, producers of gold mined in French Africa are henceforth authorised to sell one half of their output on the Paris free market, and the other half in foreign countries under an export ficence system.



FINANCIAL TIMES

WEDNESDAY DECEMBER 30 1998

OF INDIVIDUALITY FROM SCOTLAND TO THE SOUTH COAST

THE LEX COLUMN

French defence

One thing France fears more than losing control is being left out. Hence the gov-ernment's belated decision to allow Thomson-CSF to pursue a deal with Marconi Electronics, the defence unit of the UK's General Electric Company. Hence, too, its willingness to see its 40 per cent stake in the French defence group fall below 10 per cent following any merger.

Even so, this may be too little, too late. A merger between Thomson and Marconi, Europe's top two defence electronics companies, theoretically offers great scope for value creation - probably worth over \$3bn in present value terms. However, stripping out the duplication in practice is another matter, particularly if there are political constraints on cutting costs at low-margin Thomson. Not surprisingly, GEC would prefer Thomson's total priva-

Disagreements over Marconi's value are also a problem. Putting Marconi's forecast £430m 1999 operating profits on a multiple of 18-14 times, a little higher than Raytheon of the US, would produce a value of £5.6bn-£6bn (\$9.4bn-\$10bn). Given Thomson's market value of \$6.6bn, that suggests ownership should be split 60:40 in the UK company's favour - which would

be hard to square with Gellic pride. The ratio could, of course, be evened up by Thomson's raising new equity or Mar-coni's being loaded up with debt. But the French company cannot drive too hard a bargain: Marconi is ffirting with both British Aerospace and Lockbeed Martin of the US; Thomson's alternative prospects are not so bright.

RJR Nabisco

Two years after his first, unsuccessful attempt to split up RJR Nabisco, Carl olds tobacco at May's annual meeting.

unlocked - as Steven Goldstone, RJR chairman, concedes. The shares are curble will pay off. rently trading at around \$29. But its 80.5 per cent stake in separately quoted Nab- stake, is not the issue. Much higher costs isco is worth over \$25 a share on its own. Putting the combined US and international tobacco business on 10 times 1999



Philip Morris's 16 times - produces

Where Mr Icahn and Mr Goldstone part company is on how best to release this value. Mr Icahn argues that, following the tobacco settlement with US states, the legal arguments for delaying a demerger have disappeared. Mr Goldstone is not so sure, especially since plenty of individual lawsuits are still ongoing. In any case, his first priority is to fix RJR's alling internait with a stronger rival such as Britain's BAT Industries. Since analysts estimate that an outright sale of the unit could add another \$6.57 a share to current break-up calculations, Mr Goldstone should be given a hit more time to pursue his plan. But it is good Mr Icahn is breathing down

Italian pay-television

So Rupert Murdoch has finally pulled off an Italian media deal. But the media Icahn is back. The corporate raider has mogul's agreement to acquire up to 80 per spent \$477m buying a 5.6 per cent stake in cent of Stream, the loss-making pay-televithe company and says he will press for a sion outflt, from Telecom Italia is not demerger of Nabisco foods from RJ Reyn-unblemished. For a start, Mr Murdoch is taking on a larger slice than the minority There is undoubtedly value to be stake he originally bargained on. Then there is the question of whether the gam-

The initial payment, \$121m for the will be incurred in acquiring pay-TV rights in soccer and films. Without those, Stream will not be able to establish itself earnings - a conservative discount to as a credible competitor to Telepiu, the

existing pay-TV network. Indeed, there is considerable doubt over whether Mr Murdoch will be able to assemble these rights at all since Telephi has signed exclusive six-year deals with seven leading football clubs and sewn up film rights until 2008.

What is clear, though, is that success will be extremely expensive - the Murdoch camp is already threatening to bid \$2.5bn over five years for the soccer rights. And a victous bidding war could make the economics of pay-TV unattractive for both camps.

True, competition could spur the mar-ket's growth. But that will only be because of increased marketing spending and keener pricing. No wonder Franco Bernabe. Telecom Italia's new boss, is cut-

Marks and Spencer

The UK retail industry rumour that Marks and Spencer would start its sale before Christmas proved unfounded, but the one-time high street favourite produced an equally dramatic seasonal surprise. For the first time in recent memory, it bas invested in a nationwide television

There is nothing remarkable about the 30-second commercials per se, but the very fact that M&S now sees the need for high profile promotions testifies to the fact that it can no longer rely on its oncemighty brand to pull shoppers in off the

Peter Salsbury, the new chief executive, may be trying to indicate that the group is becoming less inward-looking and learning how to communicate with its customers. He has, for example, correctly diagnosed the problem that many of M&S's loyal underwear buyers would never think of looking in its stores for their home furnishings.

But simply telling customers what M&S has to offer is not enough. If the campaign is to have a lasting benefit, the customers that are persuaded back into its stores will have to be pleasantly surprised by what they find. The marketing strategy may have changed dramatically, but M&S's products, prices and stores have not. Mr Salsbury is right to be challenging M&S's conventional wisdom, but he needs to follow through with more far-reaching changes on the ground

Japan's recession leaves homeless out in the cold

Osaka is struggling to cope with the number of people living rough on its streets, reports Alexandra Harney

t 6pm every evening in a A neighbourhood in Osaka.

Japan's second largest city, an entire community is uprooted. Gathering duffel bags, umbreilas and backpacks, clutching canned coffee and bags of potato chips, hundreds of men queue for hours for a ticket that gives them a futon ha a tent and a packet of biscuits for the

trial city lined with abandoned cars, overturned shopping carts and dis-carded bicycles. It contains Japan's largest homeless population - conservatively estimated at 1,200 people. They represent the darkest side of

These are the homeless of Airin, a

longed economic slump has driven the unemployment rate up to 4.4 per cent, the highest in the post-war period, and has forced thousands of manufacturing and construction workers out of their jobs. In the Kinki region, which includes Osaka, the jobless rate reached 5.2 per cent last quarter. Government stimulus packages worth thousands of billions

of yen have had little, if any, impact. The authorities appear incapable of coping with the crisis. In a scene that has been repeated countless times in homeless areas in Tokyo, the Osaka government this week forcibly removed homeless people from the Airin area to satisfy residents' complaints about the smell.

"Not a single one of the people here is working. Just look at their faces. Would you hire them?" says a man standing at a brightly lit bank of vending machines next to the line of homeless people awaiting their shelter tickets. Behind him, men are picking used glass jars out of a recycling bin to get a drink of water. According to a study commissioned by the Osaka city government, there were 8,660 homeless people living within the city limits in August. While the largest group is concentrated in the Airin area, the others are crowded into parks, train stations, and on street corners around the city. Some of the homeless are registered as day labourers, tract work such as building houses,



The homeless and their si

carpentry. But recession has reduced

demand for casual labour. "The good people are all taken, and the older people naturally lose out," says Yutaka Izumi, the Osaka official in charge of the city's home-

less policy.
The central government's welfare policy has been of little help. Cityofficials admit the criteria for receiving welfare benefits vary by region and require examinations many homeless people are rejuctant to

endure. Worse, the government has been cutting its welfare spending. The official shelter system is also relatively underdeveloped. Tokyo, where a study this summer found the number of homeless had ballooned from 600 people to 4,800 in a year, has only two shelters which open for four months during the winter with capacity for only 300

City officials argue that Japan's inability to respond to the increase in its homeless population is not simply one of bureaucratic oversight but the result of public opposition, budgetary difficulties and official disputes.

the homeless problem. Some people surveying land, and doing simple see the homeless as wretched, piti- long winter.

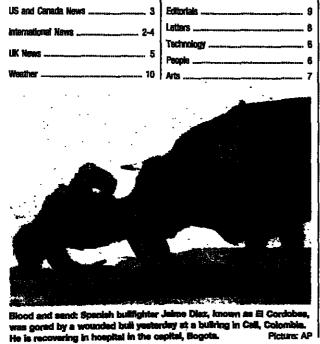
But other people, who work so hard to support their families and pay their taxes, ask why we have to take their taxes to help the homeless people, who are not working and

just lying around." savs Mr Izumi. Toshiaki Mori, a city official who has been studying homeless policies in the US and Europe, says: "Japan's bomeless are not like those in America or Europe, where they have families. Here, they are single and male. But the scale of the problem in Osaka has come to a point where something must be done."

Yesterday, the Tokyo government sald it had decided to postpone its campaign to build a support centre

because of local opposition. The recession has prompted officials from five of Japan's largest metropolitan areas, including Tokyo, Osaka and Yokohama, to appeal to the central government for additional funding. But in the current fiscal environment such additional spending seems highly unlikely. Disputes over which ministry has authority over the problem have also try's homeless, it promises to be a

CONTENTS



Features

Companies & Finance Markets Bond futures and options Short term interest rates FT/S&P-A World Indices World stock markets recort World stock market listbos FTSE Actuaries UK shere indices ... Recent lesues, UK Managed funds service FTSE Gold Mines Index

FINANCIAL TIMES

Directory of online services via FT Electronic Publishing

FT WEATHER GUIDE

Scandinavia will be mostly dry but there will be snow in north and em Norway. North-eastern Europe will have snow showers. High pressure over central and eastern Europe will give sunshine in Peninsula will be unsettled owing to a low pressure system, with heavy, thundary rain likely in southern

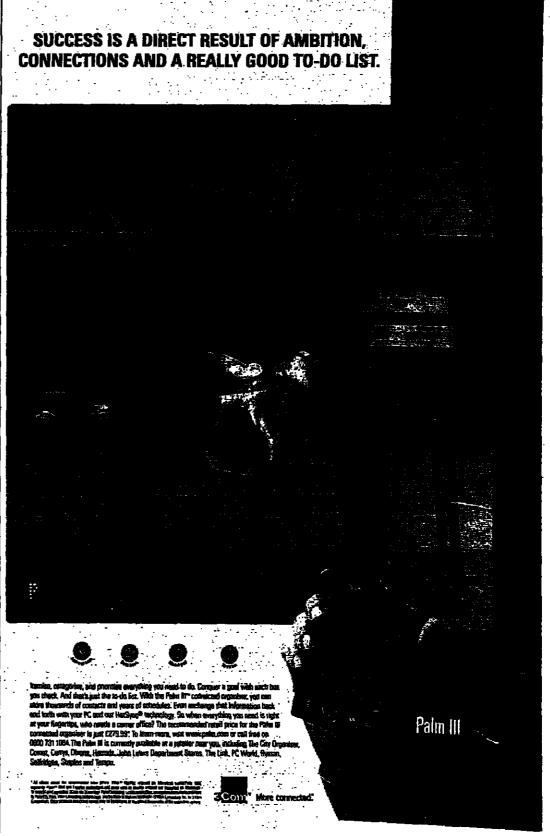
Europe today

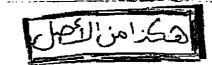
places, although fog may linger in sheltered locations. The Iberian Spain, Italy will be fine, with show ers confined to the north. The eastern Meditarranean will have show-ers and longer periods of rain, some accompanied by thunder. Five-day forecast

North-eastern Europe will see snow flurries and icy patches. Central and sestem Europe will remain dry over the weekend but there will be a continued risk of fog. Western Europe will continue unsettled with spells of rain, although Sunday should be mostly dry.



FORCESTS by PAWEATHERCENTRE Shower
Fair
Shower
Shower
Shower
Fair
Cloudy
Fair
Fair
Fair
Fair
Shower Reykjeviii Albanii Alb TODAY'S TEMPERATURES Showly Fair Showly Fair Sair Showly Fair Showly Fair Showly Fair Showly Fair Showly Thuriday Showly Bacolo
Buling
Buling
Buling
Buling
Buring
Buring
Buring
Bondbuy
Bondbuy
Brussell
Budapas
Catagon Sun 28 Fair 31 Fair 16 Fair 6 Thunder 15 Fair 32 Shower 10 Fair 33 Cloudy Febr Sun Pair 3000





INSIDE

Air France ready to take off



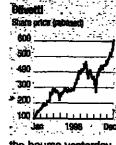
Jean-Cyril Spinetta left), the Air France chairman, expects 1999 to be a turning point for the French national carrier. Along with the airline's longawaited partial privatisation, 1999 should be the year the company decides which of its two US partners -

Delta Air Lines - it is to join in a new global alliance. Meanwhile, the expansion of its hub at Roissy, north of Paris, will take a big step forward with the planned opening of a third runway in April. Page 15

Currency peg rumours dog Brazil quiet year-end markets, a rumour from New ork that Brazil was about to abandon its curency peg got more than the usual attention. The story was encouraged by a record daily outflow of dollars from Brazil on Monday and repeated heavy falls in the country's stock market. But analysts pointed out that much of the

outflow should have been expected. Page 18

Olivetti ends year on a high Shares in Olivetti, the



computer and telecommunications group, ended the day L130 or 2.3 per cent higher at L5,710 on the Mibtel index in Milan. The stock has been buoved by optimism about the prospects for its infostrada fixed-line unit. Olivetti shares, the most heavily traded on

the bourse yesterday, have risen 509 per cent Since the start of the year. Page 28

fith only days to go before one of Hong Kong's last big private monopolies is cracked open, activity within the telecommunications sector is frenetic. Local and international telecoms operators are jockeying for position ahead of January 1, when the territory's lucrative inter-national direct dial market is deregulated. Com-

Central bankers warn on earnings European central bankers admitted that 1999 would be tough on the economic front, confirming analysts' views that lower corporate earn-

Tokyo up despite rise in bond yields Shares in Tokyo, boosted by last-minute trades of a large-lot futures order, rose despite a rise

K waits for telecoms deregulation

panies have been signing affiances, slashing tar-iffs and advertising heavily. Page 12

ings were in prospect. Page 17

COMPANIES IN THIS ISSUE

12 Minorco

Air France	15 - Munich Re
Anglogold	15 NatWest
Barclaya	24 New T&T
Bernard Loissau	15 New World Telephone
British Petroleum	24 Preussag
British Borneo	24 RJR Nableco
Cable and Wireless	12 RMC
Conoco	11 Royal Bank of Scot.
Dalei	11 Royal Dutch/Shell
Enterprise Oil	24 SPX Corp
First Reisebüro	12 Scanie
Glaxo Wellcome	24 Shell Transport
Global One	12 Siemans
######################################	24 Singer
Hongkong Telecom	12 SmarTone
Pjutchison Telecom	12 SmithKine Bescham
ito Yokiido	11 Telecom Italia
JD Wetherspoon	16 Texaco
Jusco	11 Thomas Cook
KPMG · · · · ·	16 Thomson Travel

CROSSWORD, Page 15

trust reports club STATUTE AVERAGE Bond futures and options Bond prices and yields Commodities prices Dividence announced, UK BAS currency takes Euro prices

MARKET STATISTICS Emerging Merket bonds FTSE Actuaries share Indices Foreign containing London share sarvice Managed funds service Money markets New inti bond lastres Recent Issues, UK Stroct-tecto let rates Stock manuty at a glance

Conoco to take \$50m charge

Conoco became the latest casualty of depressed oil prices yesterday as the US oil company said it would take an after-tax charge of \$50m, or cents per share, against

Stores take drastic measures in 🕉

Japan's retailer

Facing the possibility of a jump 40 per cent compared

leading supermarket chains, the first six months of this

costs and jobs. The company said it expected annual savings of \$60m from the action, which will include 975 job cuts. It also said it would reduce its capital spending in 1999 by \$500m, or 21 per cent, to \$1.8bn.

Conoco, based in Houston, joined a growing band of big heels of an announcement.

By Alexandra Harney in Tokyo

Ito Yokado, one of Japan's

largest retailers, has this week

launched huge discount sales

at its supermarket and conve-

nience store chains during the

key end-year shopping season

in an attempt to revive slug-

its subsidiary Seven Eleven,

the leading convenience store

chain, to cut prices between

5 and 10 per cent at its 8,000

stores, highlights the increas-

ingly drastic measures Japa-

are taking to drum up demand

sharp contraction in sales vol-

umes this year, Ito Yokado,

Daisi, and Jusco, three of the

recorded recession.

The move by ito Yokado and

gish consumer sentiment.

Oil group plans 975 job losses and capital spending cut

oil companies - including Monday by Halliburton, the Royal Dutch Shell group and Texaco - that are curtailing oil prices to hit the industry in fourth-quarter earnings to cut more than a decade squeeze cash flow and profits.

The slump, which has lasted expected, has also prompted unprecedented consolidation led by Exxon's planned acquisition of Mobil and BP's operating intended takeover of Amoco.

have tried waiving a consump-

tion tax, which was raised

from 3 to 5 per cent in April

1997. Other stores, such as

Jeans Mate, the clothing

retailer, have shifted to 24-

hour operation. Last month,

the Japanese government

offered some households shop-

ping coupons worth Y20,000

Ito Yokado is confident its

pack. "December is the top-

selling month in Japan, and

the last week is the time when

our customers have the great-

in the country's longest three days of the sale, Ito mentals are still the same,"

Yokado has already seen sales

with the same period last year.

turn into increased profits. In

But increased sales may not

(\$174) starting next year.

oilfield service and equipment supply group, which is to cut spending plans as the lowest 2.750 jobs in its energy services group and take pre-tax charges in the fourth quarter totalling

"It's going to be very diffilonger and hit harder than cult for companies that serve the cilfield in the energy business," said Dave Lesar, F burton presider

the margins that we would like and there are going to be production efforts. companies that potentially don't survive this kind of an environment."

The chief problem for Halliburton and its sub-contractors is that their oil company customers are spending less. Conoco said it would cut its

il and was exploration budget a to \$1.3bn, leaving its capital budget for refinintouched. The company, ach completed several large

giant Britannia natural gas field development in the UK North Sea, will focus on its deep-water exploration and The company has 16,000 regular employees and more than

27,000 full-time contractors. It had net income of \$109.7m on sales of \$25.78bn last year and was expected to earn six cents per share in the fourth

quarter, according to a consensus of analysts compiled by First Call, the research firm. By early afternoon in New York. Conoco shares were down \$1/2 to \$20% on the New



European trading lifts LSE to record year

tax rise last year.

ing net losses of Y983m.

By Norma Cohen in London

Record volumes of shares panies largely domiciled outtraded hands on the London Stock Exchange in 1998, with overall turnover boosted by a more than 50 per cent rise in national market was further the value of international share trading, the exchange

The LSE, which said its fig-number of new listings due to ures were preliminary, hailed volatile world markets." the result as evidence that it centre for international share undermined the rationale for trading in Europe. The major- its plan to link with the Frank-

side the UK - came from European equities. "London's position as a leading interstrengthened during the year." the exchange said. "This was despite the slowdown in the

But the exchange said it did ity of the rise in trading in furt Stock Exchange, with the over the next few years."

Europe's largest companies The first phase of that plan

is set to take effect in early January. "A number of firms have put forward estimates suggesting that trading in Euro-land stocks is likely to double over the next five vears. The reason is that with an aging population, we expect a significant shift in national has maintained its role as the not believe the latest data savings patterns. Although we have a large share of the pie now, that could change

equities in London was £2.195bn (\$3.674bn) as measured by value, up 52 per cent from 1997. The number of bargains transacted also rose sharply by 30 per cent to 7.12m.

from 5.45m in 1997. Turnover in UK shares rose sharply, up 22 per cent to ued at £2,725bn.

despite difficult markets in the second half of the year.

Of the 197 companies joining the exchange in 1998, 144 were smaller companies. Aggregate market capitalisa

tion of domestic and international companies achieved much more modestly by 2.2 per record year-end totals, with cent to a total value of UK companies having a com-£1,034.6bn. However, the num- bined worth of about £1,352bn ber of bargains increased more and overseas companies val-

The number of smaller com- London stocks, Page 24

Lafarge set for Serbian cement plant deal

By Guy Dinmore in Belgrade

Lafarge of France has fought off a rival bid by Britain's RMC to win agreement to take a majority stake in Serbia's state-owned Beocin cement

But diplomats said European Union sanctions against Serbia could block the proposed deal. Miladin Vuletic, a senior official at Beocin, said vesterday that Serbia had selected Lafarge from a number of companies and that an agreement should be signed by February. He said RMC had been ruled out after it said no payment could be made while EU sanctions against Belgrade were still in place.

Asked if Lafarge would be able to get round the sanctions. Mr Vuletic replied: "I

EU sanctions imposed this year in response to the crackdown by government forces in Kosovo province prohibit fresh investment in Serbia. The deal would be the largest privatisation sale by the cash-strapped Serbian government since the partial sale of Telecom Serbia 18 months ago.

A government official, who asked not to be named, said Beocin was valued at \$150m and Lafarge would take about 51 per cent. Lafarge had also offered a credit line to the Serbian government of about \$75m. On the EU investment ben, he said: "There are ways

to get around that." But a French diplomat in Belgrade said Lafarge could only sign a letter of intent and that the deal could not go ahead while EU sanctions were in force. "As far as the French government is concerned, we will respect the interdiction on investment until the last

moment," he said. Beocin, in the northern province of Vojvodina, produces about 1m tonnes of cement a year, It is in demand because international equities - long-term goal of creating a The latest data show that panies choosing to list on the of reconstruction following the Yugoslavia.

> Beocin's management board voted in favour of RMC but was overruled by members of the government, the official Serbian source said. Serbian newspapers suggested political factors influenced the choice of a French company because of Britain's perceived tougher line towards Kosovo.

Negotiators from Lafarge arrived to Belgrade yesterday but were not available for com-



BARRY RILEY

It's neck and neck in the bonds and equities stakes

that the 1990s might prove to be the decade of the bond, in contrast to the 1980s. Which had been a golden era for equities. My focus was on the UK, where bonds had enormous scope to gain from the secular decline of inflation but the potential for bond outperformance existed lsewhere too.

I compiled progress reports after 2% and 5 years, at which points UK government bonds were indeed showing better cumulative returns than UK equities. However, after 71/2 years equities had snatched the lead. Now the decade is 90 per cant completed, and it seems a good moment to update the statistics as the ace enters the final straight. Globally, there is nothing in it. The JP Morgan Global

Government Bond Index was leading consistently until early 1977 when the FT/S&P Actuaries World Index surged forward. Equities stayed ahead until July this year, but they faltered and bonds have almost caught up. The respective annualised dollar returns are now 9.5 and 9.4 per

cent in favour of equities. But in the UK, bonds are now significantly shead on the basis of my original comparison of the All-Share Index and the over 15 Years gilt-edged index. Against a 18.6 per cent All-Share return in local currency, long gilts

extraordinary 14.8 per cent. The high average duration of gilts gives them the edge over other government bonds when interest rates are falling, and this index specifically captures the high returns at the long end. The JPM UK Index. covering the broader gilts market, is running slightly *behind* the All-Share. On the other hand, risky bonds should

give significantly higher returns than top grade government paper. The overall global parity in bond and equity returns conceals a huge contrast between the deflation-hit markets of Japan and booming

Wall Street. Japanese government bonds have faltered during the past week or two, and hit year-endelling yesterday, but they show excellent total returns over nine years of 7.4 per cent annualised. Equities have suffered negative returns of 8.8 per cent, which demonstrates the impact of Japan's yawning ominut 220.

Well Street's bulls? In fact US equity and bond returns stayed very close until the beginning of 1995. Since then, however, equities have returned 29.4 per cent a year while Treasuries have managed a merely respectable 10.1 per cent. Calculated over the full nine years, US equities have returned an annualised 17.4 per cent, twice as much as

is there a warning here for

As for Germany, bonds stayed ahead until 1997 when Wall Street-style equity bull market began to develop. However, the Continental hourses have faltered in recent months, and the equity return of 10.6 per cent is now only a modest two percentage points

or so abead of the bund returns – representing a more reasonable version than in most other markets, over the course of the 1990s, of what an equity risk premium should theoretically look like. However, theories about the

risk premium remain in the melting-pot. Only in the US has the puzzlingly high postwar long-term level of 6 or per cent been maintained. It would appear that a different risk premium, the inflation risk premium, has been squeezed out of conventional bonds, especially in countries like the UK where historically inflation has been high. This is a once and for all change,

although the Japanese example shows it can proceed a very long way if the economic circumstances are peculiar enough.

Eventually central banks, led by the US Federal Reserve, may succeed in rekindling inflation. In the meanwhile, however, the squeeze on corporate profits and the fear of deflation in many countries could generate a final burst of glory for bonds.

Notice to the Holders of the issues of Notes and Instruments referred to below

Telefónica Europe B.V.

(a private company with limited liability under Netherlands law with corporate seat in Rotterdam)

U.S. \$2,000,000,000

Programme for the Issuance of Debt Instruments (the "Programme") guaranteed by

TELEFONICA, S.A.

PTE 15,000,000,000 Collared Floating Rate Notes due 2004 issued under the Programm (the "Portuguese Escudos Notes")

U.S. \$500,000,000 6.375 per cent. Instruments due 2003 issued under the Programme (the "US Dollar Notes") (together, the "Instruments")

Notice is hereby given by Telefónica Europe B.V. (the "Issuer") that at the adjourned meetings of holders of the Portuguese Escudos Notes and holders of the US Dollar Notes (the holders of each series, the "Holders") held on Thursday, 3rd December, 1998 reconvened from meetings held on Wednesday, 18th November 1998, the Resolution set out in the notices published on 26th October, 1998 and 20th November, 1998 respectively and given to Holders in accordance with the provisions of the terms and conditions of the Instruments and the Issue and Paying Agency Agreement dated 12th November, 1996 made between the Issuer, Telefónica de España, S.A. (now Telefónica, S.A.), Bankers Trust Company as fiscal agent and principal registrar (the "Fiscal Agent"), Bankers Trust Luxembourg S.A. as first alternative registrar, Bankets Trust Luxembourg S.A. and Swiss Bank Corporation (now UBS AC) as paying agents (together with the Fiscal Agent, the "Paying Agents"), was duly passed as Extraordinary Re

The Resolution is set out below: "THAT the Holders hereby resolve to approve the reorganisation of Telefónica, S.A. (the "Guarantor"), the guarantor of the Instruments, involving the transfer by the Guarantor of all its assets, liabilities, rights, obligations, operations, employees and all contractual and other undertakings directly or indirectly related to its telecommunications business in Spain to Telefonce Sociedad Operadora de Servicios de Telecommicaciones en España, S.A. (the "Additional Guarantor"), a newly established wholly-owned subsidiary of the Guarantor, incorporated in Spain and registered at Madrid Mercantile Registry under registration no.: Volume 13,170, Folio 6, Section 8, Page M-213180, as approved in outline by a general shareholders' meeting of Telefonica, S.A. held on 17th March, 1998 and by a meeting of a hoard of directors of Telefónica, S.A. on 30th September, 1998 and as further detailed in the Briefing to Holders dated 23rd October, 1998 relating to the reorganisation of the Guarantor produced to the Meeting and initialled for the purpose of identification by the Chairman, and to approve the appointment of the Additional Guarantor as an additional guarantor of the Instruments; and the Holders hereby authorise and direct each of the Issuer, the Guarantos, the Additional Guarantos and the Paying Agents to execute, perform and concur in all such deeds, instruments and acre as may be considered by it or them to be necessary or expedient for or incidental to the implementation of this resolution."

30th December, 1998

Telefónica Europe B.V.

Singer's Brazilian sale fails to lift shares

Singer, the US maker of sewing machines whose brand is a household name from Mexico to Sri Lanka, has taken the first step in a restructuring forced on it by markets.

of a disposal programme announced early in the year. Singer said it had sold its retail operations in Brazil.

branded items such as television sets and refrigerators made by other manufacturers, as well as the company's own sewing machines.

ever, the company's hattered the collapse of emerging stock has failed to revive and its immediate outlook, Last week, in the first part in the face of Asia's continuing economic problems and a gathering slowdown in Latin America, remains clouded. Singer relied on the emerg-

ing world for 70 per cent of

year, including those from added that recent signs of a market between 1993 and affiliated companies.

Standard & Poor's, the US rating agency, put Singer's B+ credit rating under Despite the move, how- review for a downgrade, prompted by its exposure to the emerging world, a slower-than expected programme of asset sales and a weaker cash position.

However, Stephen Goodman, chief executive, said the company did not intend to shift its basic focus on

revival in Asia supported the 1995," said Mr Goodman. The company's view that a relaxation of market restricbroader recovery would be tions and a consumer spendevident in the region in 2000 - though he also warned that hopes of a revival earlier this year had proved

last week, has done little for unfounded. Singer's difficulties in Bra-Singer's shares. They were trading yesterday at \$3%, zil reflect the broader probagainst a 1993 peak of \$371/4. lems faced by consumer While acknowledging that product companies in a Singer had moved more country that sucked in forslowly than it had hoped in

sumer durables, he added.

By Richard Waters in New York tries, the stores sold Singer- its \$1.4bn of revenues last emerging economies. He 1990s. "It was a fantastic selling properties to raise cash, Mr Goodman said the company had been successful in scaling back its balance sheet this year.

Despite its problems. ing boom led to soaring Singer is not ready to scale demand for all types of conback in emerging markets. The disposal, concluded On Thailand, where Singer's sales have fallen from \$350m to \$120m over the past five years, Mr Goodman said: "Our view is, it's going to recover. In the long term, Thailand is going to make

Deregulation sets cost-cutting ball rolling in HK telecoms

Groups are jockeying for position as the territory's international direct dial market is opened to competition, writes Louise Lucas.

ith barely a week to W go before one of Hong
Kong's last big private monopolies is cracked open, activity and price cutting within the telecommunications sector is frenetic.

Local and international telecoms operators are jockeying for position ahead of January 1, when the territory's lucrative international direct dial (IDD) market is thrown open. Eager not to miss a trick, participants have been signing alliances, slashing tariffs and advertising heavily.

Alliances between global players have been signed by New T&T and New World Telephone.

These new alliances, the groups say, will enable them to deliver seamless services when they launch their international simple resales (ISR) services next year.

ISR, where operators lease and sell on existing capacity, is the first phase of Hong Kong's deregulation. From January 1, operators will be able to build their own infra-

New T&T's partnership is with Global One – which groups Deutsche Telekom, France Telecom and Sprint of the US - and this will help it deliver calls by ISR. Overall costs to the company are set to fall by some 20 per cent, according to Stephen IDD services last year

Ng. New T&T chairman. Price cutting on mobile of total turnover. services has also come

climate has prompted Hongkong Telecom to hold off implementing tariff hikes for local lines on January 1, writes Louise Lucas. The right to increase local rates then was part of the group's compensation for the early

surrender of its IDD monopoly. Analysts say Hongkong Telecom may have balked at raising prices when competition was intensifying. Thus, while the group is eager to rebalance its tariffs

 IDD services currently subsidise local ones to the tune of HK\$1bn a year - it will continue with its HK\$68.90 monthly fee for local residential lines. Local calls are free, and the croup's local residential line business operates at a loss.

this month, Hutchison Telecom, the biggest of Hongkong Telecom's rivals, slashed its mobile tariffs by 83 per cent. On the same day, SmarTone, the third biggest mobile operator, launched a new deal of 1,000 minutes for HK\$388 (US\$50)

However at Hongkong Telecom the pace of change has been rather more sedate. accounted for just under half

Attempts to cut costs.

number of years, rid., aground in September when the company's 13,500 employees balked at a proposed 10 per cent salary cut. A compromise to link the 13th money pay - a traditional although not obligatory "bonus" paid in Hong Kong - to profitability was

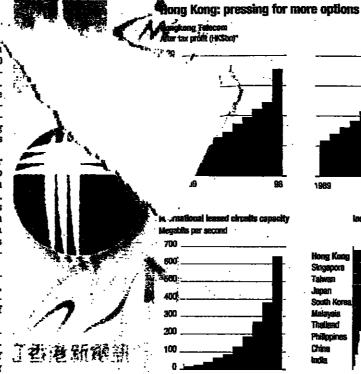
also rejected by staff. Efforts to expand other areas of profitability to replace IDD bave also been problematic. Geographically, Hongkong Telecom has achieved little more than a whisper of a promise and a few consultancy-style deals in China, its natural expansion market.

Nor has it made any purchases in south-east Asia, despite signalling its intention to do so at the start of the region's financial crisis. While British Telecommu-

nications has scooped up significant stakes in LG of South Korea and Binariang of Malaysia, Hongkong Telecom only went as far as to acquire a Hong Kong-based mobile phone company. But that has shed subscribers since the acquisition. Analysis attribute Hong-

kong Telecom's abortive acquisition trail to parent Cable and Wireless of the UK, which is loathe to see benefits of an acquisition accrue solely to its subsid-

Cable and Wireless set out stringent criteria for major-



and "basically restricted Hongkong Telecom from making any meaningful investments", says Dylan Tinker, regional telecoms analyst at Jardine Fleming Securities. In contrast, Hongkong

Telecom has taken more proactive strides in Hong Kong. The company's decision four years ago to create more broadband capacity ity stakes in any acquisition, which can be used for more sharply into focus. Earlier already under way for a sought 50:50 partnerships network-intensive services flow from newer areas the

such as internet and TV means 75 per cent of Hong Kong's 1.8m households are now wired up and ready to receive, among other future services, digital TV. However, this forward

planning has done little to boost short-term revenues. launch of video-on-demand is unlikely to break even in the next two years, analysts say. Indeed, as profits begin to

pressures on traditional sec tors will intensify. Mobile phones are coming under renewed attack with

the aggressive price-cutting measures announced by Hutchison and SmarTone. "They [Hongkong Telecom] face the same problem on This year's pioneering mobile that they have on IDD: they have resisted lowering prices to gain market share, and now it's going to catch up with them." says

NEWS DIGEST

TRAVEL INDUSTRY

Preussag agrees takeover offer for First Reisebūro

Preussag, the German group, yesterday unveiled the latest stage in its strategy of transforming itself from a heavy-industrial conglomerate into a travel and logistics oriented company with the announcement it had agreed the takeover of First Reisebüro, Germany's biggest chain of travel over or mist rieseouro, Germany's orguest chair or travel agents. The deal follows Preussag's announcement last week that it had agreed the acquisition of a controlling stake in Thomas Cook, the British travel agency and finencial services company.

Privately-held First Reisebüro operates 560 travel agent

outlets. Among the company's shareholders is Wes deutsche Landesbank, the big publicly owned bank that is also Preussag's largest shareholder.

West! B was also the largest shareholder in Thomas Cook, where it has agreed to sell a total of 50.1 per cent

of the company to Preussag In two tranches.

The takeover of First Reisebūro is being carried out by Hapag-Touristik Union, Preussag's travel and tourism unit, and was pushed through shortly before the end of the year for tax reasons. Financial terms for the deal, which must be approved by the federal cartel office, were not disclosed. Frederick Stüdemann, Bonn

BANKING

ABN Amro in euro clearing deal

ABN Amro said yesterday it had become the first bank to receive approval to clear euros directly from the US. The Dutch bank said its North America regional clearing centre in New York had become a member of the Electronic Clearing House in Frankfurt, which would give it a direct link to Target, the European central bank's settlement

ABN Amro also launched euroSmart, a centralised clearing service that enables customers to manage their dollar and euro accounts from a single entry point in New York. Clay Harris

VEHICLE PARTS

SPX to cut 1,000 jobs

Vehicle parts maker SPX Corp said it would cut 1,000 jobs, or about 7 per cent of its workforce, and take a charge in the fourth quarter as it integrated the operations of General Signal, SPX will close about 25 of General Signal's facilities, including its headquarters in Stamford, Connecticut, and take a charge of \$210m-\$250m, before taxes, to cover the costs.

SPX agreed to acquire General Signal in July for about \$2bn, creating a company with annual sales of \$2.5bn in vehicle parts, industrial and electrical controls, and other businesses. The job cuts, which will occur over the next six months, stem from the closings, an early retirement programme and other actions, SPX said.

At the time the deal was announced, SPX said it would be accretive to earnings in 1999 and Identified annual cost savings of \$55m-\$60m, which could be realised in the first vear after the merger. Analysts have forecast 1999 earnings of \$4.83 a share. SPX shares were trading down \$1/2 to \$66% at midday yesterday. AP-DJ, Muskegon, Michigan



NATIONAL TREASURY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

NATIONAL DEBT OF IRELAND NOTICE OF REDENOMINATION INTO THE €URO

With effect from 1 January, 1999 Ireland acting through the National Treasury Management Agency will redenominate its negotiable debt instruments denominated in Irish Pounds into the €uro.

The following securities are affected:

SECURITY	COUPON	MATURITY DATE
TREASURY BOND	61/4%	1 APRIL 1999
CAPITAL STOCK	71/2%	15 JULY 1999
TREASURY BOND	8%	18 OCTOBER 2000
CAPITAL STOCK	113/4%	15 APRIL 2000
GOVERNMENT BOND	9%	15 JULY 2001
CAPITAL LOAN	8%	15 OCTOBER 2001
TREASURY BOND	61/2%	18 OCTOBER 2001
TREASURY BOND	DIBOR	19 APRIL 2000
EXCHEQUER BOND	81/4%	30 OCTOBER 2003
CAPITAL STOCK	91/4%	11 JULY 2003
DEVELOPMENT STOCK	121/4%	15 JUNE 2000 - 03
TREASURY BOND	61/4%	18 OCTOBER 2004
DEVELOPMENT STOCK	143/4%	1 FEBRUARY 2002 - 04
EXCHEQUER STOCK	61/2%	27 JUNE 2000 - 05
CAPITAL STOCK	121/2%	15 DECEMBER 2005
TREASURY BOND	8% -	18 AUGUST 2006
CAPITAL STOCK	9%	1 SEPTEMBER 2006
TREASURY BOND	6%	18 AUGUST 2008
CAPITAL STOCK	81/4%	30 JULY 2008
CAPITAL STOCK	81/2%	1 OCTOBER 2010
CAPITAL STOCK	83/4%	30 SEPTEMBER 2012
CAPITAL STOCK	844%	18 AUGUST 2015

Additional securities being redenominated:

- · Securities denominated in Irish Pounds, to which section 69 of the Finance Act, 1985 or section 44 of the Taxes Consolidation Act, 1997 apply, will also be redenominated into the €uro.
- · Exchequer Notes.
- Agricultural Commodity Intervention Bills.

Redenomination Method

Redenomination shall be effected as follows:

- a) Securities shall be redenominated by the recorded value on the register of each individual holding identified on the register and valued prior to redenomination in the Irish Pound unit being re-stated in the Euro unit, which statement of the value of that individual holding shall be calculated by applying the conversion rate adopted for the Irish Pound unit by the Council of Ministers according to the first sentence of paragraph 4 of Article 109L (inserted by the Treaty on European Union) of the Treaty establishing the European Community to the recorded value of each such
- b) The value of each individual holding shall, after redenomination, be stated on the register to the nearest cent and roundings carried out to determine the value of individual holdings to the nearest cent shall follow the rule that, when the third decimal is equal to or greater than 5, the amount is rounded up to the next cent, while if the third decimal is less than 5, the amount is rounded down to the previous cent;
- c) The National Treasury Management Agency may issue or withdraw such amounts of the securities as may be necessary to ensure that the sum of the values of the individual holdings outstanding in the Euro immediately after redenomination is equivalent to the sum of the values of the individual holdings in Irish Pounds of that security outstanding immediately prior to redenomination and no such issuance or withdrawal shall constitute a contravention of any contractual agreement; and
- d) The National Treasury Management Agency may take all such other steps as may be necessary or desirable consequent on redenomination.

This notice is issued pursuant to Article 7 of the Economic and Monetary Union Act, 1998 (Redenomination of Negotiable Debt Instruments) Order, 1998 (S.L 424 of 1998).

All queries regarding redenomination should be addressed to: HEAD OF CONTROL

NATIONAL TREASURY MANAGEMENT AGENCY TREASURY BUILDING, GRAND CANAL STREET, DUBLIN 2, IRELAND TEL: +353 1 676 2266 FAX: +353 1 676 6661 TELEX: 91997 NTMA EI

E-MAIL: headofcontrol@ntma.ie

BUSINESSES FOR SALE

ALPHA ASTIKA AKINITA

FOR THE PURCHASE OF THE ASSETS OF THE COMPANY ERAL A.E.V.E. SIDERIS & CI

The incorporated company under the title "ALPHA ASTIKA AKINTA A.E." (43 Panepistimiou street, Athens 105 64), in its capacity as special injudator of the incorporated company under the title "VIOKERAL A.E.V.E. SIDERIS & GEORGIOS SAPOUNAS" with head offices in Larissa, 6th km of the Larissa-Sykounion highway, Prefecture of Larissa, by virtue of the provision of article 46s, Law 1892/1990 which was added to the provision of article 14, Law 200/1991 as modified and applicable, and of Judgement No. 931/1998 of the Larissa Court of Appeal,

INVITES all interested parties to declare their interest for the purchase of the total assets of "VIOKERAL A.E.V.E. SIDERIS & GEORGIOS SAPOUNAS", a company having as its objective the exploitation of a tile-works factory situated on the 6th km of the Larissa-Sykourion highway, Prefecture of Larissa, by submitting within a term of twenty (20) days from the present publication, a non-binding declaration of interest in writing.

The assets of the company under liquidation include a fully equipped tile-works factory situated on the 6th lon of the Larissa-Sylvourion highway, Prefecture of Larissa and the attendent land after.

The factory consists of office buildings, industrial site-warehouse-sheds and ancillary buildings in the surrounding area, covering a total area of 31,857.00 sq.m., fully equipped with both movable and immovable equipment and other special installations-constructions and landscaping works serving the operational requirements and security of the industrial unit. The above complex has been eracted on a site covering a total of approx 168,392.00 sq.m.

All parties wishing to declare their interest and receive a detailed offer memorandum or additional information, are kindly requested to apply to "ALPHA ASTIKA AKINITA A.E." (Mr. Christos S. Agathopoulos and Geraselmos A. Christopoulos, 43 Panepistimiou street, 105 64 Athens, tel. No. 326 6111, 328 6110, fex No. 326

METRO

METRO FINANCE B.V. Diemen, The Netherlands

DM 50,000,000 Floating Rate Notes 1998/2001

Tranche No. L27 Common Code: 8 860 050 under the DM 2 billion Multi-Currency Euro Medium Programme of METRO AG)

The Rate of Interest applicable to the Interest Period from 29 December 1998 to 28 June 1999, inclusively, was determined to be 3,38484 per cent per annum. This interest Rate is according to Article 4 of the Pricing Supplement equal to the rate of stemonths DM LIBOR plus a Margin of 16 beais points on the interest Determination Date. Therefore, on 29 June 1999, Interest is due in the amount of DM 1,711.22 per Note of DM 100,000 principal amount.

Frankfurt am Main, December 1998 Dresdner Bank Aktiengesellschaft suing and Principal Paying Agent

THE STARS **PROGRAMME** STARS 1 PLC

£475,000,000 Class A Floating Rate Mortgage Backed Securities 2029

Notice is hereby given that the Principal outstanding of the subject issue for the interest period December 29, 1998 to March 29, 1999 will be £108,042,500.00.

The Principal amount outstanding for each note is £3,758.00.

Global Agency and Trust Service Clibanic, N.A. London December 30 1998

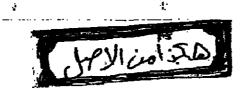
CITIBANC

THE STARS PROGRAMME STARS 1 PLC

£475,000,000 Class A Floating Rate Mortgage Backed Securities 2029

Notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest has been fixed at 6.69688% and that the interest payable on the relevant interest Payment Oste March 29, 1989 against Coupon No. 33 in respect of the coupon No. 33 in respect of the coupon No. will be £62.06,

Global Agency and Trust Servic Classic, N.A. Landon





NOUSTRY

F PARIS

that was an in-



sag agrees takeove lor First Reisebun

imro in euro clearing de

10 cut 1,000 toos





On January 4th, Chase will know something you'll need to know. Where your €uros are.

Whether you're investing, financing, trading, settling or safekeeping in euro, Chase is the first financial institution in the world to deliver a one-stop euro solution globally.

Chase has developed the technology and client service capability to settle euro and 'in' currencies via our Frankfurt payments hub. If you'd like to know more about Chase's euro solutions,

Standard Settlement Instructions Chase settles all euro and EMU 'in' currencies via Chase Manhattan Bank A.G..

contact your relationship manager or the EMU Project Office on 44 171 777 2600.

Chase. The right relationship is everything.

Siemens

to build

terminal

India's southern state of

Tamil Nadu has picked a Sie-

mens-led consortium to

build, own and operate a

\$1.48bn integrated liquefied

natural gas terminal and

power plant at its new port

of Ennore, outside the city of

The project calls for a ter-

minal that could initially

receive 2.5m tonnes of LNG

every year, and then be

expanded to meet demand

for LNG from other custom-

However, it initially envis-

ages using the entire quan-

tity of LNG for a 1.886 mega-

watt power plant near the

The consortium, Dakshin

Bharat Energy, was chosen by the Tamil Nadu Indus-

trial Development Corpora-

tion (Tidco), a state-owned

company charged with

attracting infrastructure

investment in the state. It is

promoting overseas invest-

Indian

By Amy Louise Kazmin in New Delhi

Madras.

port.

Volvo warns on cost of euro

By Tim Burt in Stockholm

Volvo, the Swedish automotive group, yesterday warned that transaction and currency charges associated with the euro could cost the company up to SKr300m (\$36.9m) a year.

The group, which is urging the Swedish government to join the single currency as soon as possible, said Sweden's decision to abstain from the project meant Volvo would incur higher costs at its car and truck manufacturing plants inside the euro-zone.

"As long as Sweden remains outside the euro, oriented companies will lose Volvo will suffer from a disadvantage in currency and interest costs," said Lars L Persson, the executive leading Volvo's euro prepara- currency transaction costs.

Volvo is the first big Swedish corporation to quantify the financial cost of the govjoin the euro, at least in the first wave.

Scania, the Swedish heavy

sharp rise in European sales

this year following increased

fleet demand in France and

The company, which con-

likely to see full-year sales in

the region rise by up to 20

per cent to about 32,000

vehicles, according to indus-

try and company estimates.

That growth will offset

volatile demand in Latin

By Tion Burt



performance had been

demand in France, where

full-year sales are projected

to rise from 2,854 trucks in

"There have been a num-

ber of big fleet orders for the

4-series truck, which has

been a breakthrough in

The overall European

truck market is expected to

grow from 170,000 to 200,000

underlying operating profits,

pre-tax figures for the year

are likely to be undermined

by restructuring charges and

operating losses in Brazil.

1997 to about 4,000.

France," said Scania.

units for 1998.

Volvo: 'will incur higher costs at its manufacturing plants within the even-zone

out to competitors inside the euro-zone, which will enjoy greater transparency in purchasing prices and an end to Sweden's ruling Social

Democrats have adopted a wait-and-see approach to the euro, even though it does ernment's decision not to not have an opt-out from the Maastricht treaty. A referendum on Swedish

participation is not expected industry has criticised the before 2001, when the coun-

ket – could dent the group's

Sales in the region are

cent in the 12 months to Jan-

In a bid to improve mar-

gins in Latin America,

Scania has laid off 200 work-

region - in the past three

Nevertheless, robust Euro-!

pean growth is expected to

lift full-year operating prof-

its, before exceptional items,

from SKr3.06bn to SKr3.6bn

(\$442m) on sales up sharply

Scania said yesterday its

-0.15 -1.35 -0.18 -1.47

3.20 +0.02 3.91 -0.02

+0.01 -0.03

from SKr39.7bn to SKr45bn.

profit growth for 1998.

truck maker, is expecting a forecast to fall by 15-20 per

trols about 15 per cent of the ers in Brazil - almost 6 per

western European market, is cent of its workforce in the

uary 31.

months.

tion costs at SKr250mtry assumes the Europe SKr300m a year - equivalent Union presidency. to almost 2.3 per cent of Volvo, in its single cur-

annual pre-tax profits. rency preparations, is pre-The company is planning to transfer its group dicting the country will not embrace the euro before 2003. The automotive group accounts to the euro from has sales of close to SKr70bn 2001, although it will demand payments in the sinin the euro-zone, accounting for about a third of its total gle currency from euro-zone suppliers from the start of

Excluding higher-than- 1999. That is expected to conaverage interest charges in Sweden, the company has estimated euro-related curing costs of about SKr100m a

size trucks.

While that should lift vehicle is expected to be

Scania sees rise in European sales

exploring such a step for

more than a year, following

inconclusive talks with

about a possible joint devel-

opment in that sector.

4-series heavy truck.

Volkswagen of Germany

If Scania decides to move

into mid-size trucks, the

modelled closely on its

Yesterday, the company

declined to say when it

might make a final decision.

ment in areas such as power, ports and roads. Along with Siemens, the Scania, meanwhile, is consortium includes Unocal enhanced by rapidly rising expected during the first and CMS of the US, India's Aditya Birla, and Woodside quarter to conclude a feasibility study into Petroleum of Australia. The whether to move into midgroup has tied up with The company has been

RasGas of Qatar for the supply of LNG to the project. Tidco said its key criteria had included the cost of power, capital costs, power plant costs and the pricing

of the LNG. Tideo is building a port to handle bulk cargo at Ennore to relieve the congestion at

Other bids came from partnerships led by Enron of the US, Petronas of Malaysia, and the Anglo-Dutch Shell

NEO PUTURES (MATE) ECU100,000

US CORPORATE BONDS

TE AGE

Slma Frama FFCB

US INTEREST RATES

+1.39

7.25 AA-7.00 A+

6.25 BSB+ 6.75 AA 9.70 A-

7.14 N/A 7.50 N/A 8.95 N/A 8.95 N/A

9.88 b 9.13 BB-

FTSE Actuaries Government Securities

122.16 172.07

6.46 6.25 6.20 6.20

Jump in investment in US equity mutual funds By Richard Waters in New York in confidence in the stock of this year. On average,

their savings back into the Americans are also still stock market in November, recovering confidence quickly after the sickening dive that share prices took in August and September, according to figures released vesterday.

Equity mutual funds, which have been at the heart of America's love affair with the stock market in the 1990s, drew in a net \$18bn during the month. That compares with just \$2.5bn the month before, according to the Investment Company

Institute, the mutual fund industry's trade association. Despite the quick recovery

Ordinary Americans poured mutual fund figures show hunting for safer homes for their investments.

Money market funds, the safest vehicles of all, drew in \$34bn, lower than the \$45.8bm of October but still well above normal levels. In September, such funds attracted only \$7.4bn.

attracted \$9.1bn during November, compared with \$5.4bn the month before. The recovery of interest in

equity mutual funds, meanwhile, marks a partial return to the sort of enthusiasm - down from 14.8 per cent a that reigned in the first half year ago.

market, however, the latest such funds had attracted more than \$20 a month, before a summer hill and the antumn stock market volatility produced a new mood of

While American investors have recovered some of their confidence in their demestic stock market, however, they still seem wary of foreign equities. According to the Institute, most categories of In another sign of greater funds that invest in fundam caution, bond funds stocks suffered outflows of

money during November. As a result, such funds now account for only 18.5 per cent of the \$2,826bn invested in US mutual funds

JGB prices fall sharply

GOVERNMENT BONDS

By Vincent Boland in London and John Labate in New York Bond markets went hither and thither in quiet post-

Christmas trading yesterday. Yields on Japanese government bonds rose sharply while European markets were mostly firmer and US Treasury bond prices fell

slightly. Several banks were reported to be in the market selling JGBs, sending prices tumbling ahead of the market's close today for the New Year holiday.

The yield on the benchmark 10-year JGB had risen nearly 20 basis points to 1.87 per cent at the close of business in Tokyo, slightly below the day's high of 1.9 per

Traders and analysis said the JGB market was adjusting to fears of a big oversupply of bonds next year after the Trust Fund Bureau, a

10.16 1196.37

115.53 115.36 115.50 114.95 115.32 101.29 115.52 83.31

77-0845 +.2903 94-0845 +.3903 80-0326 +.1057

111,3256 102,6847 136,5193 121,6562

100.0000 103.5000

key supporter of the market, said last week it would be reducing its buying activities in the market.

The news prompted many other big investors to begin unloading overweight positions, and further price falls were likely, the analysts said.

The weakness of the Tokyo market spilled over into the US Treasury market, where Japanese buyers are big players.

In early trading yesterday the price of the benchmark 30-year bond had fallen & to 101% in thin trading to yield 5.155 per cent. Among shorter-term issues, two-year notes fell & to 99%, yielding 4.744 per cent, and 10-year notes lost 1 to 99%, yielding

4.769 per cent. "It's a very quiet day, and the volume is quite light ahead of the day's two-year auction," said Richard Gilhooly at Paribas Capital Markets. The US Treasury

was due to auction \$15bn in

INTERNATIONAL BONDS

afternoon. European markets were

generally unaffected by the sell-off in Tokyo and ended higher in very quiet trading as confidence grew about a smooth change-over to the euro this weekend. The supportive tone was reinforced by comments from European central bankers to the effect that post-euro interest rates would remain steady at 3 per cent well into 1999.

Anticipating the new currency, the German government is to auction 10-year bunds denominated in euros next week to raise about €8bn. It will be the first such auction in euros from that source and will mark the first of a wave of issuance in

the euro next year. In the markets, the March German bund contract stood: 0.37 higher at 115.61 in late Frankfurt trading, while the March UK silt contract was also sharply higher, settling

America, where weak sales and cost overruns in Brazil -Scania's single largest mar-WORLD BOND PRICES

WOLLD	DONE	, 1 111	ULU		-			
BENCHM		OVER						
Duc 29	Red Destr	Coupan	Bid Price	Bid Yinid	Cay dag yiddi	Wk chg yield	Month ctag yid	Yeer cbg yid
<i>lastralla</i>	01/01 08/08	8.750 8.750	197.7807 127.8513	4.68 5.08	+0.98	+0.19 +0.19	+0.09	-0.61 -0.80
Ametria	07/00 01/06	6,875 5,000	103.7900 107.0000	3.29 4.06	-0.05 -0.02	-0.05 -0.03	-0.17 -0.17	-1.05 -1.27
Beighan	01/00	4.000	100.8500	3.16	-0.03	+0.01	-0.17	-1.09
Canada	12/08	5.750 5.000	112,7100	4.07	-0.04	+0.09	-0.16 -0.02	-1.28 -0.35
	06/06	6.000	107.2700	5.02	-0.02	+0.06	-0.07	-0.63
Denn-ark	11/00 11/07	9.000 7.000	109.1200 120.0500	3.82 4.24	-0.02	-0.06 -0.06	-0.12 -0.20	-0.64 -1.37
Finland	01/99 04/06	11 000 6.000	100.2239 114.9300	2.65 4.04	-0.04 -0.03	-0.09 -0.04	-0.24 -0.19	-1.36 -1.30
France	07/00 10/05	4.000	101.2300	3.15	-0.03	+6.01	-0.18	-1,04
	19/08 04/29	7.750 8.500 5.500	124,7400 136,8700 111,6500	3.58 3.90 4.76	-0.04 -0.04 -0.04	-0.04 -0.04 -0.05	-0.16 -0.17 -0.13	-3.38 -1.36 -1.07
Earnewy	08/00	4,000	101 1000	3.20	_	+0.01	-0.11	-0.86
	10/05 07/08 01/28	6.500 4.750 5.825	118.3700 108.7800 112.4200	3.72 3.88 4.82	-0.03 -0.04 -0.04	-0.04 -0.05 -0.04	-0.15 -0.11	1,34 -1,38
ireland	10/01	6.500	108.5500	3.25	-0.02	-0.06	-0.06 -0.27	-1.03 -1.53
italy	06/08 04/01	6.000 4.500	102,7900	4.08 3.20	+0.03	-0.02	-0.18 -0.29	-1.40 -1.54
-	07/03 05/08	4.500 5.000	104.5600 107.7500	3.40 3.98	+0.02 +0.03	-0.05 -0.04	-0.28 -0.22	-1.54 -1.53
Japan	11/27	6.500 6.900	124,4000 111,8460	4.90 0.79	-D.02	-0.08 +0.08	-0.18 +0.48	+0.13
	12/03 06/08	4.100	112.6180 99.3730	1.42	+0.03	+0.11	+0.66 +0.76	+0.13
	03/18	2,700	101.0340	283	+0.03	+0.11	+0.80	+0.09
Natherlands	95/00 07/08	9.000 5.250	107.6400 109.8100	3 15 3.99	-0.07 -0.01	-0105 -0108	-0.21 -0.11	-1.04 -1.23
New Zaaland	02:91 <i>07/</i> 09	8.000 7 000	105.2264 111.1978	5.31 5.58	+0.05	+0.33 +0.20	+0.36 0.04	-2.30 -1.38
Horney	01/99 01/07	9.000 8.750	100.0400 106.8000	7.78 5 37	-0.0S	-0.04 -0.06	-0.71 +0.11	+3.37
Portugal	03/00 06/08	5.375 5.375	102.5900 109.9500	3.15 408	-0.05 -0.08	-0.09 -0.10	-0.34 -0.22	-1.48 -1.47
Spain	04:00 01:08	6750 6,000	104.5800	3.02	-0 06	-0.07	-0.25 -0.25	-1 41
Swedie	05/00	10.250	115.1800 108.4820	3.97 3.59	-0 09 +0 01	-0.19 +0.01	-0.11	-1.53 -1.49
Sultractand	05/08	6.500 4.500	117 1380 104.2500	1,47	-0.01 -0.09	-0.02 -0.08	-0.17 -0.03	-1.73 -0.41
<u></u>	11/0t	4.250 7.000	115.1000	237 476	-0.04	-0.06 -0.08	-0.04 -0.34	-0.88 -1.97
	12/03 10:08	8.500 9.000	109.3000 136.2500	4.38 4.40	-0.02 -0.04	-8.05 -0.10	-0.37 -0.36	-1.96 -1.90
	12/28	6,000	128.8200	4.28	-0.04	-9.06	-0.22	-1.90
156	09/03 05/03	4.500 5.250 5.625	99.5492 102.0436 105.7684	4.77 4.75	+0 05	+0.14 +0.15 +0.06	+0.11 +0.10	-0.94 -1.02 -0.91
	08.28	5 500 5 500	105.7984	4.85 6.25	-0.0t	+0.06	+0.03	-0.91

10 YEAR BENCHMARK SPREADS

Australia	5.	09 +1.23	+0.3	New Zee	iturd .	5.59	+1.73	+0.82
Acadela	3	98 +0.12				5.35	+1.49	+0.50
Belgium	4.	13 +0.27	-0.64	Portugal		4.18	+0.27	-0.64
Canada		02 +1 16				4.84	+0.18	-0.73
Decreasek		21 +0.35			-	4.25	+0.35	-0.52
Finland		07 +0.21				2.48	-1.40	-2.31 -0.38
France		90 +0.64				4.39 4.77	+0.53	-0.35
Geroteny		86 -				3.97	+0.11	-0.80
ireland		09 +0.2			_	_		-0.00
Jacon Jacon		09 +0.2 89 -1.97		Source to	0 دیکسی : 14 ° پوشو	atoff leite		
Netherlands		00 +0.74						
EMERG	ing i	MARKE	:I BU	NDS				
						Day's	Man's	Sard
	Red		SAP	BSd	86d	chge	chge	. 42
Dec 29	dada	Cours	Rating	orice	yieki	yid	yld	US
m AUROPE							• •	
				٠				
Crombia	05/02	7.000		94,9592	2,86	+0.20	-1.31	+4.17
Poland	07/04	7.125		104,6176	6.10 46.50	+0.03 +0.20	-0 15	+1.43
Russia	06/07	10.000	THE	23.5709	46.80	+0.20	+7.47	+42.05
IN LATER A								
	09/27			69,7890	11.04	+0.18	+0.28	+5.50
Argentina		9.750	BB	67.1889	15.18	+0.20	+1.83	+10.54
had	05/27	10.125	BB-	105.4472	10.87	+0.20	+0.48	+5.75
Manago .	05/26	11.500	B6		••••	TUZU	10.46	+9.73
III ASIA				4				•
China	07/06	7.750	RRRA	103,3673	7.14	+0.20	+0.23	+2.42
Philippinst	10/16	8.750	88+	94.2485	9.42	+0.20	-0.42	+4.49
The Ballet	04:07	7.750		96.8472	8.28	+0.20	-0.28	+3.53
1.07.71.1.2				- <* 6-as				
N. SECTION	و بازورو		- 44	1 € 120				
2 etuanos	07/00	9.125	38-	108,1425	6.90	+0.20	+0.05	+2.13
South Africa	10/05	8.375	88+	95.0676	9.09	+0.0 T	-1.82	+4.37
Turkey	19/07	10.000	. 8	50.4873	12.62	+0.22	+1,34	+7.87
			. Vu		٠.			
e selety i			_			٠		
14 ژاموری	03/23	5,750		71.5000	8.87	+0.05	+0.31	+381
Bazi	04/14	5.000	BB	59.8750	14.15	. +0.21	+1.57	+9.26
Mesico Mesico	12/19	6.250	88 .	77.3750	1.60	+0.10	+0.10	+3.62
Versezosta.	03/20	6,750	B÷	67.5000	10.53	+0.32	-0.38	+5.63
					Source	L bingate	Data ET in	-
Totale compa	Prices in LX	22	-				- SMETT (D	

BOND FUTURES AND OPTIONS

	Ореп	Sett price	Change	High	Low	Est. vol.	Open in
Mar	110.90	111.31	+0.49	111.44	110.90	13,468	96,305
		BOND OF THE	ins (mate	9			
Salice		CALL				PUTS —	
Price	Feb	Mar		-	Feb	Mar	-
10 9 110	2.43 1.60			-	0.13 0.29	0.32 0.57	:
1 10 111	0.93			:	0.62	0.95	-
112	0.47	0.79		-	1.15	1.48	-
se at se Senna	al. Callo 158 Pub 1717	102 Previous	dir/s open i	d, Calls Ma	Pyts nh		
	NAL GERMAN	BOND FITTURE	es adte) d	M250,000	100ths of 10	0%	
	Open	Sett price	Change	High	LOW	Est. vol	Open lo
Har	115.29	115.65	+0.41	- 115.75	115.27	44,936	280,425
itrice vice	Jen	CALL Feb	_ i	 Aer	,ian	Feb	Mar
1550	0.37	0.78		05	0	0.41	0.88
1800	0	0.52 0.32		79 58	0.13 0.63	0.65 9.95	0.92 1.21
1650 ka wa m	u Maj Callo () Pels (Ų.50	1,21
	NAL GERMAN I				M250,000 11	10ths of 100	N.
10010	Open	Set price	Change	High	LOW	Est. vol	Open in
đer	108.67	108.65	+0.04	108.71	. 108,51	10,313	167,529
le:	COPERT	Sett price 101.15	Charge -0.07	High	Law -	Est. vol	Open ini 985
ter .		Sett price 101.15	Charge -0.07	High	Law -	Est. vol	985
ker 160710 	Open - HAL LIFS SWAF Open	Sett price 101.15 FOTURIES (U Sett price 100.90	Change -0.07 FFE(* 10)# Change +0.05	High 4.5% Data High	Low - 250,000 point	Est. val 0 ts of 100%	985
ker 160710 	Open NAL LFS SWAF	Sett price 101.15 FOTURIES (U Sett price 100.90	Change -0.07 FFE(* 10)# Change +0.05	High 4.5% Data High	Low 250,000 poin Low	Est. vol 0 to of 100% Est. vol	985 Open in
tar iter iter iter iter tally	Open NAL LFS SWAN Open Open ou APT. All Open	Seti price 101.15 POTURES (U Seti price 100.90 a ratevar figs.	Change -0.07 FFC* 10yr Change +0.05 we for provi	High 4.5% Dec High tous day	Low - 250,000 point Low -	Est. vol 0 es of 100% Est. vol 0	965 Open int 500
tar iter iter iter iter tally	Open - HAL LIFS SWAF Open	Seti price 101.15 POTURES (U Seti price 100.90 a ratevar figs.	Change -0.07 FFC* 10yr Change +0.05 we for provi	High 4.5% Dec High tous day	Low - 250,000 point Low -	Est. vol 0 es of 100% Est. vol 0	965 Open int 500

0.79

	Open	Sett price	Change	High	Low .	Est. vol.	Open int
liker	116.41	115.55	+0.24	116.67	116.29	10,688	22,907
UK							
M HÔTHQ	MAL 5 YEAR (ali ritire	13 (FFEL) 21	00,000 100	Des of 100%		
	Open	Sett price	Change	High	Low	Est. vol	Open Int
Mar	-	109.45	+0.00	-	-	0	76
NOTIC	WL UK GILT	PUTURES (LIF	FEP* £100,0	00 100ths	of 100%		
	Open	Clase	Change	High	Low	Est, vol	Open int
Mar.	118.45	118.67	+0.25	119.18	115.40	8200	99823
lus,	-	116.57	+0.25	•	•	0	0
	nes also traded BULT POTUNES						
			IS			PU15	
Strike	la.	a Fe	<u> </u>		Jen net	Feb	Har
	Ja				_		
Price		1.0	6 1,	39	Ð	0.80	1.13
Strike Price 11800 11860 11960		1.0 0.8			0 0.24	0.90 1.04	1,13 1,38

tar iun iep Japan	126-27 126-12 125-13	127-03 128-20 126-06	=	127-10 128-27 -	125-13 125-31 125-00	91,585 612 303	592,251 12,614 4,994
NOTION	AL, 1086 TE	ru japane	E BOYT, BI	OND FUTURE	ES (LIFFE) Y	20m 1002e	e of 100%
	Open	Sett price	Cirange	High	LOW	Est. vol	Open la
	129,05	128.87	•	129.10	128.68	1155	n/s

				in i ekna	IIOIVAL	. DUI	ins .			Day-2		. استوری	
Low	Est.		pen int.	9ec 28	Red. Under	Социол	S & P Rating	price		Dey's chigo yiti	Man'a sign yid	goug ,	,
-	. 0	ı	250		-	et la	Ç.33***	<u> </u>				" 45	
			•	国 4 3 4 4	J 02/97	- 5750	AAA	111,2000	4.10	-0.05	-0.13		- '
	Day's	Mth's	Spré	Spela Philo Morris	01/07	5.750 5.375	. A A		4.09 4.21	-0103 -0103	-0.17 -0.16	+0.18 +0.62	:
Bid	chge	chge	y	Ratecal FRIN	09/02	3,408	AA		2.81	-0.01	-0.10	-0.56	
yteid	yld	yid	Gowta			· · ·						乙腺	
		.00.		Austria Abbey Net -	01/04 02/04	5.500 6.000		108.5800 110.4700	3.59 3.72	-0.01 -0.01	-0.21 -0.19	+0,11	
5.41 6.88	-0.04 . -0.05	+0.64 +0.10	+0.76 +1.70	Cred Fonder	02/04	9.125	A	123,5000	3.97	-0.01	-0.19	+0.49	
5.96	-0.08	-0.07	+1.19	3CIF FILM	12/01	3.625	M -	100.0592	3.17	-0.02	-0.16	-0.10	_
• .	.				89.877	7.000		110 255		•	-0.13	+0.18	
5.64 5.74	-0.09	-0.02 +0.17	+0.87	EB Abbey Net	02/07	6.800	AAA AA	119,3500 109,3100	4.14 3.60	-0.01	-0.17	+0,26	٠.
5./4 7. 2 5	-0.04 -0.07	+0.17 -0.26	+1.09 +2.09	. Walt Disney	06/00	8.625	A	106-9200	3.68	+0.01	-0.14	+0.48	i,
:				es firm Es euro £	_ 103/01 	3.053	AAA · ·	99.5157	3.21	+0.05	-0.08	_001 	4
6.07	-0.02	+0.13	+1.86		12/07	7.825		116,9720	5.20	+0.03	-0.13	+0.78	
5.12	-0.04	+0.07	+0.47	Orescher Bk	12/07	7.750	AA-	110.9530	5.12	-0.03	-0.40	+1.70	
6.70	-6.07	-	+1.54	British Gas Abbey Nat FRM	03/00 02/02	7.\$25 7.136	A+ AA	102,0964 160,1327	5.80 4,73	+0.01	-0.40 -0.21	+0.88	
	 -0.08	- +0.08	+0.65 .	ELEC \$			📆				30	!!;	
5.42 5.13	-0.76	+0.06	+0.43	28	04/07	7.250	AAA	112.5861	5.33	-0.02	-0.03	+0.58	
5.77 5.37	-0.07 -0.09	+0.21	+0.61	ABN Astero Cruebec	06/07 01/07	7.125 7.000	M- M-	104.9020 105.9829	6.35 5.90	-0.01 -0.02	-6.10 +0.04	+1,60	
·				Citicarp FRN	02/04	5.312	A+	94.6626	6.54	+0.01	-0.02	+1.87	•
0.00			•	E EURO CS					• .			1.	-
0.00	=	_	=	Bayer (8k Toronto	08/04	9.500		119.1919	5.43	-	-0.07	+0.15 +0.23	
0.00			<u> </u>	Bell Canada	05/04 07/99	8.500 10.625	AA+ A+	113.5967 102.6539	5.51 5.30	=	+0.07 0.04	+0.96	
Source	icencil·s	DetaileT in	ineste.	Deutsche B FRM	09/02	5.875	AA+	101.2012	5.51	+0.01	-0.06	+0.29	
	•		•	HE BURC YEN	- <u>-</u>			· <u> </u>			· - • • ·	· 33	
and B	and Yiek	is		World Benk Spaln	03/02 03/02	5.250 5.750	AAA AA	113.8239 115.1476	0.88 0.96	-0.02 +0.01	+0.42	-0.35 0.28	
Tex	79F		4.74	Cred Foncier	08/02	4.750	A	111.0915	1,56	-0.02	+0.54	+0.32	
Ree	year year		4.88 4.85	Italy FRN Landon closino.	. 07/99	0.481	<u> </u>	100,0296	0.48	+0.06	+0.29	-0.13	
10-y 30-y			4.77 5.16	Standard & Poor's n	allogs. Yelde: I	اسم احمد	at standard	ا ليطسمان				· .	
						٠.,							
ties				٠.		١,		•		i	IK Ind	dices	
j Te		Duration				-	Tite			nd adj	Total	*	,
Red			eld Wei						alteresi.			Weight	
1196			20 34. A7 29.		yeers (2) yeers (6)	:	227.35 258.12		1,03 2,08		184.04 ° 397.95	15.32 84.68	
1461	1.62 8.7	2 4	47 13.	49 3 5-15 ye	ans (5)	_	241.90	0.79	1.79	5.34 1	304.35	43.36	٠.
2 1377 7 1586	34 11.		A7 42. A4 22	55 4 Over 15 16 5 All stock	years (4) cs (11)		272.92 252.39		239 1.90			41,32 100.00	.:
1894 1354	.53 23.	24 4,	SS 0.7	77	*27 -								-
_						inflution.				وللعالط			*
. 0	ec 29 De	C 24 Y	200	Real yield	Dec 29 D	_			_	DOC 915			•
		I.61 · (6.30	Upto5yna		3.44		3.73	204	3.46	206	3.01. 3.00	7
				Cher 5 km	215	13.13	2.17 7	1.21	1.05	13.23	1.UP		
,	4.47 4	1.50 (6.21 6.30	Over 5 yes 5-15 yes	2.20	9.86	222 3	1.21 1.31	1.95	13.23 9.91	1.96 1.94	2.99	•
,	4,47 4 4,59 4	L50 (5.2 1		2.20 2.12	9.86 16.72	2.22 3 2.14 3				1.94 1.96		}
' :	4,47 4 4,59 4	L50 (5.2 1	5-15 yrs Ower 15 yrs	2.20 2.12	9.86 16.72	2.22 3 2.14 3	1.31 1.17	1.92 1.98	9.91 16.82	1.94	2.99 [*] 3.00	
ykd Your	4,47 4 4,59 4 in date.	L50 (5.2 1	5-15 yrs Ower 15 yrs	2.20 2.12 2.18	9.86 16.72 11.58	2.22 3 2.14 3 2.20 3	1.31 1.17 1.23	1.92 1.95 1.95	9.91 16.82 11.71	1.94 1.96 1.97	2.99 [*] 3.00	· ·
ptd Year c 21	4,47 4 4,59 4 In date. Yr ago	1.50 (1.61 (1.61 (6.21 6.30 Low*	5-15 yrs Over 15 yrs All Stocks	2.20 2.12 2.16 Dec 29	9.86 18.72 11.58 Dec 24	2.22 3 2.14 3 2.20 3	3.37 3.17 3.23 Dec 22 _	1.92 1.95 1.95	9.91 16.82 11.71 Yr ago	1.94 1.96 1.97 High*	2.99 3.00 3.00 Lor-	· · ·
yes Year c 21 5.32 1 nt Securi	4,47 4 4,59 4 to date. 'Ir ago (01,29 1	1.50 (1.61 (1.61 (6.21 6.30 Low*	5-15 yrs Over 15 yrs All Stocks	2.20 2.12 2.16 Dec 29	9.86 18.72 11.58 Dec 24	2.22 3 2.14 3 2.20 3	3.37 3.17 3.23 Dec 22 _	1.92 1.95 1.95	9.91 16.82 11.71 Yr ago	1.94 1.96 1.97 High*	2.99 3.00 3.00 Lor-	
yes Year c 21 5.32 1 nt Securi	4,47 4 4,59 4 In date. Yr ago	1.50 (1.61 (1.61 (6.21 6.30 Low*	5-15 yrs Over 15 yrs All Stocks	2.20 2.12 2.16 Dec 29	9.86 18.72 11.58 Dec 24	2.22 3 2.14 3 2.20 3	3.37 3.17 3.23 Dec 22 _	1.92 1.95 1.95	9.91 16.82 11.71 Yr ago	1.94 1.96 1.97 High*	2.99 3.00 3.00 Lor-	
yes Year c 21 5.32 1 nt Securi	4,47 4 4,59 4 to date. 'Ir ago (01,29 1	1.50 (1.61 (1.61 (6.21 6.30 Low*	5-15 yrs Over 15 yrs All Stocks	2.20 2.12 2.16 Dec 29	9.86 18.72 11.58 Dec 24	2.22 3 2.14 3 2.20 3	3.37 3.17 3.23 Dec 22 _	1.92 1.95 1.95	9.91 16.82 11.71 Yr ago	1.94 1.96 1.97 High*	2.99 3.00 3.00 Lor-	
yes Year c 21 5.32 1 nt Securi	4,47 4 4,59 4 to date. 'Ir ago (01,29 1	1.50 (1.61 (1.61 (6.21 6.30 Lawr 93.31	5-15 yrs Over 15 yrs All Stocks	2.20 2.12 2.18 Dat 29 156.47 (USTS). Read	9.86 18.72 11.58 Dec 24	2.22 3 2.14 3 2.20 3	1.37 1.17 1.23 Dec 22 156.14 repliation: 15	1.92 1.95 1.95	9.91 16.82 11.71 Yr ago	1.94 1.96 1.97 High* 157.10 0.33 (27//	2.99 3.00 3.00 Lour 115.32 79. Besis	
yes Year c 21 5.32 1 nt Securi	4,47 4 4,59 4 to date. 'Ir ago (01,29 1	1.50 (1.61 (1.	6.21 6.30 Low*	5-15 yra Over 15 yra All Stocks Fland Interest 42 (1/825), Jan 40.18	2.20 2.12 2.16 Dec 29	9.86 18.72 11.58 Dec 24	2.22 3 2.14 3 2.20 3 Dec 23	3.37 3.17 3.23 Dec 22 _	1.92 1.95 1.95 0ac 21 158.74 1.02 8/18	9.91 16.82 11.71 Yr ago	1.94 1.96 1.97 High*	2.99 3.00 3.00 Lorr 115.32 75, Basis	
c 21 5.32 1 of Security	4,47 4 4,59 4 to date. Ye ago 191,29 1 the light of channel 197	Hight Hight 115.62 her comp	8.21 5.30 1.00° 93.31 3.31 3.31 3.41 Red 7.45 4.54	5-15 yrs Over 15 yrs Adi Stocks Fleat Interest 40 (UNITS, law 40.18 Price 2 + or -	2.20 2.12 2.18 Dac 29 1.56.47 (1.57.75). Phod	9.86 16.72 11.58 Disc 24 1.56.41 Interest by	2.22 3 2.14 3 2.20 3 Dec 23 156.47 up alrea of	3.37 3.17 3.23 Dec 22 158.14 	1.92 1.95 1.95 0ac 21 158.74 1.02 8/18	9.91 16.82 11.71 V ago	1.94 1.96 1.97 High*	2.99 3.00 3.00 Lorr 115.32 75, Basis	
c 21 5.32 1 or Securi	4.47 4 4.59 4 to date. Ye ago 101.29 1 the high of bound 1197	Hight 15.62 her comp	5.21 5.30 5.30 83.31 83.31 84 84d 7.45 4.54	5-15 yra Over 15 yra All Stocks Float Interest 45 (1/8/25), law 40.18- Price 2 + or - 128,8514 + 1648 11	2.20 2.12 2.18 Dec 29 1.56.47 (1.575). Flued	9.86 16.72 11.58 Disc 24 1.56.41 Talasset h	2.22 3 2.14 3 2.20 3 Dec 23 156.47 pb sirce of	1.17 1.23 1.23 1.23 1.23 1.23 1.23 1.24 1.25 1.25 1.25 1.25 1.25 1.25 1.25 1.25	1.92 1.95 1.95 0er 21 158.74 1.02 (8/18	9.91 16.82 11.71 Yr age 135.56 691, tow 3	1.94 1.96 1.97 High* 157.10 0.33 (27//	2.99 3.00 3.00 Lost 116.32 75, Basis 2 week	
c 21 5.32 1 or Security Coars 4 Book	4,47 4,59 4 in date. Ye ago (91,29 1) Was high signated 197 107-202 200 107-202 200 107-202 200 107-202 200 107-202 200 107-202 200 107-202 200	Hight 15.62 Notes comp	100° 93.31 Select 127. 128 See 7 4.54 7.54 4.53 6.57 4.47	5-15 yrs Over 15 yrs Adi Stocks Fined Inderest 46 (USCS), her 40.18- Price 2 + or - 126.0614 + 1648 11 133.9596 + 1646 11 133.9596 + 1646 12 134.9575 + 40729 11 124.7512 + 1800 11	220 212 2.18 Dec 29 1.55.47 (18/15). Found 15/2 Hotel 15/2 Low 25.89 117.54 34.90 127.40 22.81 113.10	9.85 16.72 11.58 Due 24 1.56.41 Trainest b	2.22 3 2.14 3 2.20 3 Dec 23 156.47 be alrea of	Dec 22	1.92 1.95 7.95 0ec 21 158.74 1.02 9/18	9.91 16.82 11.71 19 age 195.58 96, low 3	1.94 1.96 1.97 High* 157.10 0.33 (27// 15 18.1 46 206.4	2.89 3.00 3.00 116.52 75, Basis 2 week 1 Low B 185.20 0 194.72	
c 21 5.32 1 of Security of Coars 14 Each 12 Trans 22 Trans 23 Coars	4.47 4.59 4 in date. Ye ago 191.29 1 the Migh of the	Hight 115.82 have comps 4, 15.82 have comps 4, 15.82 have comps 5,	Econ* 93.31 746 4.54 7.84 4.53 828 4.50 6.87 4.47 7.25 4.48	5-15 yra Over 15 yra All Stocks Final Interest 40 (1/8/25), law 40.18- Price 2 + or - 120.0514 + 1645 11 133.9596 + 1646 11 134.5375 + 90759 11 123.7812 + 1800 11 123.4231 + 2418 11	220 212 2.18 Dec 29 156.47 (1.875). Fleed 157.50 158.9 117.50 34.90 127.40 23.51 123.00 34.51 122.00	9.85 18.72 11.58 Dec 24 1.56.41 talasest h 2.25 2.25 2.25 2.25 4.25 4.25	222 3 2.14 3 2.20 3 Dec 23 156.47 tpb shop of	Dec 22 198.14 19	1.92 1.95 7.95 0er 21 158.74 4.02 (918 4.02 (918 25) 252 222 287.9	9.91 16.82 11.71 7 ago 135.58 496, tow 5	1.94 1.96 1.97 High* 157.10 0.33 (97// 646 198.1 446 198.1 446 207.8 62 207.8	2.99 3.00 3.00 116.32 75. Bank 7 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.	
c 21 5.32 1 of Security Constitutions of 4 Book 2 Trans 2 Trans 2 Trans 2 Trans	4.67 4.59 b date. Yr ago (01.29 Yr ago (01.29 107.20 107.20 207.20 207.20 207.20 207.20 207.20 207.20 207.20 207.20 207.20 207.20 207.20 207.20 207.20	15.62	1000° 93.31 1000° 93.31 1000 127 100 8nd 100	5-15 yrs Over 15 yrs Ad Stocks Fland Interest 46 (1/8/25), law 40.18- Price 2 + or - 126.6514 + 1646 1: 133.9564 + 1645 1: 134.6375 + 2/19 1: 134.6271 + 2/19 1: 134.6271 + 2/19 1: 134.6271 + 2/19 1:	220 212 2.18 Dec 29 1.55.47 (LS/15). Fleed 55.89 117.55 30.04 124.23 30.30 127.40 23.51 113.10 3.51 122.00 3.51 122.00 3.51 122.00	9.86 16.72 11.58 Disc 24 156.41 takent h	2.22 3 2.14 3 2.20 3 Dec 23 156.47 pp shoe of	1331 147 1223 198-14 199-14 199-15 187 2 18 2 18 2 18 2 18 2 18 2 18 2 18 2	1.92 1.95 1.95 0 21 158.74 1.02 8/18 1.02 8/18 1.03 8/18	9.91 16.82 11.71 19 aga 135.58 690, tow 5 1008 £ +0 1523 +03 1523 +03 1523 +03 1524 +03 1524 +03	1.94 1.96 1.97 1.97 157.10 0.33 (37// 16 198.1 46 206.4 80 207.8 80 207.8 80 233.4	2.99 3.00 3.00 116.52 73. Basis 20.00 194.72 7 192.34 7 192.34 3 206.58 3 206.58	
c 21 5.5.32 1 Coordinated and a second a second and a second a second and a second and a second and a second and a second	4.47 4.59 b date. b date. b sap 191.29 101.29 101.29 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 2	15.62	1007 1007 1007 1007 1007 1007 1007 1007	5-15 yra Over 15 yra All Stocks Final Interest 40 (1/8255, law 40.18- 120.0514 + 1645 11 120.0505 + 10759 17 120.7812 + 1090 11 120.9511 + 2019 11 120.9525 + 2019 11 110.0525 + 2019 11	220 212 2.18 Dec 29 1.56.47 (1.575). Pred 25.89 17.90 3.90 127.40 2.51 113.10 3.91 127.40 2.51 113.10 3.91 113.10	9.86 18.72 11.58 Due 24 1.56.41 Talanted by 2-2pc 12 2-2pc 16 2-2pc 16 2-2pc 16 2-2pc 16 2-2pc 16 2-2pc 16	2.22 3 2.14 3 2.20 3 Dec 23 156.47 the street of the stree	1.31 1.17 1.22 198.14 199.14 199.14 199.14 199.14 199.12 1	7.92 1.96 7.95 0ac 21 198.74 4.02 (918 4.02 (918 22 201) 21 183,9 22 201) 21 183,9 23 23,0 21 183,9 21	9.91 16.82 11.71 19 age 135.56 49, ton 3 492 + 13 523 + 1	1.94 1.98 1.97 1.97 157.10 0.33 (97/ 6 198.1 46 198.1 46 207.4 50 207.4 50 207.4 50 207.4 50 207.4 50 207.4	2.99 3.00 3.00 116.52 75, Basis 22 wask	
c 21 5 52 1 15 Securities at Coars 14 Endes at Coars 25 Trans 14 Coars 15 Coars 16 Coars 17 Trans 17 Trans 17 Trans 18 T	4.47 4.59 4.59 4.59 4.59 4.59 4.59 4.59 4.59	15.62	5.21 6.30 53.31 666 122 66 Fed 7.46 4.54 7.54 4.53 6.57 4.47 8.42 4.53 7.20 4.70 8.42 4.53 9.33 4.70	5-15 yra Over 15 yra All Stocks Final Inforest 49 (1/6/15), less 40.18- Price 2 + or - 126.6614 + 1646 1 134.5575 +0079 1 134.4281 +2468 1 128.9614 +2468 1 128.9614 +2468 1 128.9614 +2468 1	220 212 2.18 Dec 29 155.47 (1873). Fleet 152 153 153 153 154 154 154 154 154 154 154 154 154 154	9.85 16.72 11.58 Dec 24 156.41 Taiment in 22apc 1 22apc 1 22apc 1 22apc 1 22apc 1 22apc 1 22apc 1 22apc 1 22apc 1 22apc 1	2.22 3 2.14 3 2.20 3 Dec 23 Dec 23 156.47 pb stree of	Dac 22	7.92 1.98 7.95 1.95 1.95 1.95 2.95 2.95 2.95 2.95 2.95 2.95 2.95 2	9.91 18.52 11.71 185.58 185, tow 5 185, tow	1.94 1.96 1.97 1.97 169* 157.10 0.33 (247.6 1646 198.1 46 208.4 46 208.4 46 208.4 46 213.4 46 213.4 47 214.8 48 213.4 47 214.8 48 213.4	2.98 / 3.00 3.00 116.32 75. Basis 186.20 194.72 7 192.34 7 192.34 3 295.56 7 187.56 7 182.56 2 182.56 2 182.56 2 182.56	

		Price 2 + or -	1906		· Mobiles	_ TEST	Price £ +er-	JE VENERAL AND A LONG	
Coar 9 ¹ 200 2005 7	# 154					14 14	1442 74	194 0	-
Exch 10 200 2005									_
Trans 127 ₂ 0x 2003-5 9	AP 120	194,0775 - 1940	134.04	124.23					
Trees 81 ₂ 0x 2005 6									
Corr 94pc 2006 # 7	W 1/1	123.7612 +.1900	123.51	113.10	2 ¹ 2pc 103(78.8)				
Trans 73-pc 2006 8	49 149	130.001 - 2018	134,51	122 00					
Trees Apr 2002-8	20 470	111000	12076	PUM US					
Treat 7 200 2008 6	20 VE	110 707 - 202	111.23	מי דעו					
Tree 41 Law 2001 7 3. A	A 471	118,7960 +2185	113.94	1W.J7					
Read 11-i.pc 2005-7 9.	-30 4.00 -31 4.00	122,6484 +1803	125.82	119.51					
Tests 3 ³ 200 2007 6	m 439	127.0001 +2419	127.93	115,08					
Teats 714pc 2007	W 440	1200270 +2528	120.71	105.98		1.96 2.04	210.1245 +.5895	210.12 170.21	٠.٠
Trans 1592pt 2004-8	44 SAI	141,5615 +,1229	141.55	133.46	21295 24	1.94 1.99	162.0336 +.5736	.18203 142 8	i
Trees Spc 2008 6	56 441	136.1677 +2797	136.17	121.29	4400 30(136.1)	1,91 1,96	180.1912 +.5462	180.19 140.2	Ł
Trees Bpc 2009 8	51 4,34	130,8675 +,8889	190.86	113.99	•		· - ·	٠.	-
Times 51 _{cpc} 2009	.11 4.29	1125738 +277	11257	85.36					
Trees 64:pc 2010 5.	36 4,45	1165153 +2735	118.52	· 96.57	Properties and redespoin	na cade na na	nierini inimiae el 71	9K and (7) 9K	
C	41.4.24	· 46.2.200 +.36/	144.5	100.00	All HOUSe is assertanced	: -h 200 h			
1189 At 5 5015	21 4.35	144,9735 +3415	141.97	15.20		wied to mit	eci rebesiko of RPI to	100 in February	ł
1083-406 2009-12 5	JO 422	110,0955 +.1901	110,10	33.37	1967, CATHERSON TACKY 3	LIMS. IPP In	r April 1992, 162,6 a	ni ta Novembr	,
Trees Sec 2013 5	84 4 <u>5</u> 3	135.8401 +.2803	136.95	116.66	1998: 1644,		-		
Tota 73-pt 2012-45 5	St 4.57	13140746 +.3262	131,17	11274	·				. :
Over Altern Tears			~*		Other Elect Late			. 2	
					Other Fixed Inter	461			
Times 8pt 2015	~ ·	741,004U +29/4	141.55	118.62				ė.	,
Team 8-light 2017 6	J: 430	1204111 +230	153.39	12/57		_ Tield		_ @ west	. 4
Both 12pe 2013-17	Ma 457	185.1365 +3171	180.14	155.10	Neise	lat Red	Right + tr-	Heat Low	: -
Trees Sec 2021	22 4A3	150-3608 +,3463	150.44	121,70	Asian Day 100 2000	794 £m		energy (478-3	

77.19 B4.19 60.73

limes --

(1202) F jata. uc;

Text 10

4.90

쨦 尼汀?

ENCL INT.

. 3u:-188 185...

I R THE POP

estment in utual funds Ballet in auch

والمراجع والمتاركة

Tribination of

SMRFTON TO SEE

rik intervaluation in

Francis

141-1-17

etre en la companya de la companya d

不有人"全"的人。

Maria Santa Sa

Agriculture .

Property of the

Mark Comment

Na Salata Salata

- Sept 17 (7)

en market in

mint.

والمحاج والمستحيات

-455 ---

fall sharply

3.5

to the second

i funtal.

-1

Loiseau offering fails to excite

By Samer Iskandar in Paris

Bernard Loiseau, one of only 20 chefs with the highest, three-star, rating in the Michelin Guide of French gastronomy, has failed to find the right recipe to stimulate investors' appetite for shares in his eponymous company, recently floated on the Paris bourse.

Regulators suspended trading in the shares for a week from last Wednesday, as soon as they were issued Yesterday, they ended their first session at FFr50, up FFr1, in restricted trading.

The Commission des Opérations de Bourse, the stock market regulator, first suspended the sale on December 14, three days before the planned launch. asking the company to supply additional financial information.

However, the COB later deemed the information inaccurate and refused to clear the sale even after the shares had been placed with investors on December 23. In the past week, Loiseau has corrected the figures through advertisements in

the financial press. Portzamparc, the broker arranging the issue, said the delays had resulted in "bad timing", as market liquidity dried up in the holiday season. The offering was priced at FFr49 a share, at the bottom of the indicative range of FFr49-FFr56, but demand barely matched the 622,500 shares on offer (of which 300,000 were pre-placed).

However, Portzamparc remained "confident" the issue would perform well, claiming that at 14 times expected 1999 parnings, the shares were 30 per cent below their theoretical fair

value. Loiseau had net profits of FFr2.2m (\$391.000) on sales of FFr31.3m in 1997. It is expecting FFr4.3m in profits on sales of FFr36m in 1998. Ity comes onstream, is to light," he says.

GOLD FACILITY WILL BE USED TO HELP FINANCE PURCHASE OF MINORCO GOLD MINING AND EXPLORATION INTERESTS

Anglogold agrees \$350m syndicated loan

dicated bank loan of \$850m to help finance its \$550m acquisition of the gold mining and exploration interests of its sister company Minorco.

Anglogold said the balance would be funded from the company's cash resources.

the loan would be to help Minorco, which is listed in

ing to London next year. Anglogold's purchase of Minorco's gold interests extends the South African

maintain its current 51 per

cent share of aircraft move-

In spite of what looks like

a packed agenda for Air

with disarming - but charac-

teristic - candour that he

ments at Roissy.

South America.

of a busy year for Anglogold,

operations being confined to three countries in Africa, The acquisition gives they will now be located in Anglogold, which is the six countries on three contithey will now be located in nents. The South African company's acquisitions

shallow underground min- ing Co, which has Pikes per cent of the Jerrit Canyon per cent of Sierra Grande in Brazil; all of Morro Velho in Cerro Vanguardia in

southern Argentina. Anglogold said the mining assets purchased from Minorco met its acquisition criteria - cash costs were low (below \$200 an ounce);

800,000 ounces of gold to current gold production; and mines had a remaining life of more than five years. The additional production will boost the company's

output by 12 per cent to 7.5m ounces a year - a 10th of world gold production.

The company said the purchase price was expected to be reduced by \$50m after adjustment for long-term there was potential to on December 31.

Oil prices strengthen on signs expand while adding about of unrest

MARKETS REPORT

By Paul Solman

strengthened in London yes terday as the market noted signs of further unrest in the Middle East. However, most London commodity markets were quiet on their first day of trading since Christmas. In late trading on the International Petroleum Exchange, the benchmark February contract for Brent blend was \$10.42 a barrel compared with last Thurs-

day's close of \$10.11. Brent's rise echoed a gain of 23 cents in the New York Mercantile Exchange's WTI crude contract on Monday, after Iraq fired at US jets patrolling "no-fly" zones in the country. Bagbdad said yesterday it did not recognise the no-fly zones and would continue to shoot at

western iets. Base metals rose in light trading on the London Metal Exchange. Three-month copper ended up \$56 at \$1.527 a tonne, while nickel finished

\$45 higher at \$3,960 a tonne. On the London Interna tional Financial Futures and Options Exchange, March coffee ended down \$9 at \$1,791 a tonne while March cocoa finished up £1 at £903

Global production of almonds will fall by about 30 per cent this season, according to the US Department of Agriculture. Traders said the drop in the 1998/99 season, which began in September, was unlikely to have a significant impact on the market as there were adequate stocks left from last

season's bumper crop. USDA said the almond crops in the US and Spain, the two largest producers, had been cut by unfavourable weather, though Turkey, duction by 27 per cent.

By Greta Steyn in Johannesburg Analysts said the effect of of Africa into North and exposure to open pit and include: Independence Min-

Anglogold, the world's largest gold producer and part of South Africa's Anglo American conglomerate, has announced it is to use a syn-

By David Owen in Paris

in 1999.

If Jean-Cyril Spinetta, the

Air France chairman,

thought this was a busy

year, he may want to brace

imself for more of the same

Barring the unexpected,

the last year of the millenn-

ium should bring a real turn-

ing-point in the French

national carrier's sometimes

The main catalyst for

change should be the air-

line's long-awaited partial

privatisation. However, Mr

Spinetta has also indicated

that 1999 should also be the

year in which the company

partners - Continental Air-

turbulent history.

airline alliance.

Luxembourg, to reduce its debt significantly while time have substantial debt on its balance sheet. Minorco

American when it moves its head office and primary list-

The deal came at the end

as the company consolidated Anglogold would for the first its South African, Namibian and other African gold mines into a single entity is to be absorbed by Anglo and listed on the New York stock exchange, the first South African company to

world's foremost deep mining company, increased gold company's business out

with experience of the pri-

vate sector to cope with the

challenges, Mr Spinetta

France, the chairman admits points out that the Air thinks this should provide

France board already con-

tains a number of "pretty

ing. Analysts speculated yes- Peak Mining in Colorado; 70 terday that further offshore acquisitions, possibly in joint venture in Nevada; 50 Australia, were in the pipeline, as the gold company continued to diversify its Brazil; and 46 per cent of asset base and mining risk. Instead of Anglogold's

INTERVIEW CHAIRMAN JEAN-CYRIL SPINETTA DISCUSSES THE FLAG CARRIER'S PROSPECTS Air France ready to take off Asked whether he sees a this year's agreement allow need to recruit more people ing the pilots to acquire up

to 12 per cent of the compa-

ny's capital in return for

effective wage cuts. And he

the basis for a "structurally

modified" long-term relation-

group's overall turnover.

was down a sharp 12.4 per

cent, however, partly due to

employees, he refers to a

problem confronting many

European companies: how to

manage a pay policy in the

long term at a time of near-

zero inflation. He argues

that employees are generally

not happy with a static pay

packet, even if their purchas-

ing power is maintained or a

He suggests the issue

needs to be addressed by

frank discussions and moves

to put relations between

staff and the company in a

With other categories of

the Asian crisis.

little improved.

The company's recently One of the problems of Air nublished first-half results did much to underline its France is not that we are lacking new-found financial solidity, in spite of the impact of the in alliances. It is that the system pilots' strike. Freight traffic, which accounts for more is not visible for our clients' than 10 per cent of the

company's expected initial public offering will change. the way it is managed.

decides which of its two US He has clearly reflected on lines and Delta Air Lines - it the subject, however, "Being a quoted company means is to join in a new global first having a daily reference Meanwhile, the expansion point for everybody. This of Air France's hub at means the economic commu-Roissy, north of Paris, will nity is making a continuous take a big step forward with judgment on the company's the planned opening of a performance," he says.

third runway in April. Going ahead with the par-All told. Mr Spinetta says the airport will add 50 per "bet" on the group's ability to create value over the long cent to its "slot" canacity in three years. "That is a situaterm. And it would impose an obligation to keep investion that for the moment you tors well informed. don't find anywhere else in "All of a sudden, the com-Europe." he says.

Precious Metals continued

He says the aim of the pany would know it was permanently under the spotcompany, as this new capac-

GRAINS AND OIL SEEDS

strong personalities" who have such experience.

He singles out three of them: Francis Mer, chairman of Usinor, the French steelmaker. Jean-Francois Dehecq, head of Sanofi, the pharmaceuticals company, and Pierre Richard, chairman of Dexia, the Belgo-French banking group. Mr Spinetta expresses con-

fidence that the era of conflicts with the company's tial privatisation would be a pilots - a highly paid and powerful segment of the Air France workforce - is over. This summer, the airline found itself in the embarrassing position of battling with the pilots just days before the World Cup soccer tournament started.

framework of multi-annual contracts. On Air France's alliance He bases his confidence on strategy, he says it is too



early to know with which US airline the company will seek to build its planned

giobal alliance. He agrees with those who argue that one of the main reasons for building alliances between European and American airlines is simply

that full-scale mergers are

"legally impossible". This goes some way towards explaining why cross-shareholdings between partners are out of favour.

Air France has established code-sharing agreements with more than 20 airlines worldwide, but is not yet in any global partnership.

Mr Spinetta evidently feels a branded link-up, which is more readily comprehensible to customers, is now desir-

"One of the problems of Air France is not that we are lacking in alliances. It is the third largest producer, that the system is not visible was expected to raise profor our clients," he says.

JOTTER PAD

COMMODITIES PRICES BASE METALS LONDON METAL EXCHANGE Prices from Amelicalizated Metal Tradings M ALUMBARIAN, 99.7 PURITY (\$ per longs)

UNI ALLOY IS per tonce 1070-5 1056-8 1070 1080-1 1065-70 1025-30 Open int. Total delly tumovar E LEAD (\$ per tonne) 469-70 473/471 Kerb close Open int. Total daily summer M HICKEL (5 per toone) Closs
Previous
High-You
AM Official
Kerb closs
Open Int.
Total daily baroner 3955-60 M LIM & ber point Close Previous High/low AM Official 5165/5150 5150-65 M ZBIC, special bigh grade (5 per term 965/955 960.5-1.0 939-9.5 12,557 17,090 ME COPPER, grade A (S per toxina) 1526-7 1469-71 1535/1473 1496-7 1437-8 1455-55.5 ■ LHE AM Official £/5 rate: 1.6787 LHE Closing £/5 rate: 1.6948 Spect. 1,0032 3 miller. 1,6795 & artis: 1,6783 9 mile: 1,6778

			-
		COPPER TONE	. <u>.</u>
			Deep
	Switt .	Day's	
	Mice.	Climits . Hits	Low Vel let earn 729 693
	Dec - 68.40	+1.20 68:10	
	Jan 68.75	+1.10 68.40	KK70 1.225 3.430
			86.85 - 312 2,268
	Mar 97.70	+1.10 69.60	68.50 3.567 46,544
	Apr 68.10	+1.10 69.25 +1.10 70.30	68.05 14 1,507 68.10 91 5,864
	Many 68.50	+1.10 70.30	68.10 81 5,554 6,123 77,506
	Tatal		0,122 ///600
	PRECIOU	s metai	12
		LLICH MARKET	
	THE CHARLES	by N M Rothsc	44.2
	Luria services		
	Bolid Troy Off	S-price	E aguity SFr. 400ky
	Cânse	267 10-267 50	
	Coening.	76.59-266.00	
	Marrier Dr	256,70	171,113 391,778
	attended for	286.85	170.906 391.537
	مساله خاسمه	707 AL-70L34	
Æ	On to Low	26.50-36.00	
AT.	Bernatura COST	35.G-24.4	
N		California I	Halles (Ve USE)
15	_	472 N. R	The second second
7	1 00000	4.18 12	mortins
r	? months	444	
	3 months		tis cts aquit
	Steer Fix	. PARTY T	
	Spet	292.94	3
	Silver Leading	Rates.	2.50
	1 MOSTA		N OA
	2 mortes		Miles Sellin
	3 montes	335	
	Cald Cales	§ pajce	£ aquiv.

		AUUS					su					. JE	سع
•	<u> </u>	D COMEX	(100 Tn	y 14.; s	/IRIJ 02	<u>) </u>	<u></u>	= 100	ST LIFE	(Line de	MES, E	ber, jour	149
			Day's			w	Open			Day's	udak		
		-	change	19gm 287.7	iow and a	Yol	int.		76.65	-	76.50	LOW 78.40	V
	Dec Feb	286.1 287.1					112 69,71 7		77.75		-	70.40	
	Apr	. 289.1	-0.7	291.1	289.3	119	22,201	May . Joi	79.65		-	-	
	-	290.8		292.8		39	15,723		81.65 79.85		_	-	
	Jug Oct	292.6 294.3		294.5	294.1		6,814 2,536	Sep Nov	/8.65 81.50	Ξ	=	_	
	Total						102,318						
		THURS IN	NEX (SI) Tray a	z.; \$/tro;	(42)		m Will	EAT CENT (5,000bu	mir, etc		ورس
		357.5	+9.8	358.0	347.2	1,075	4,368	Mar	281,75	-0.75	284.50	281 <i>.</i> 50	7,3
	Apr	360.1	+9.1	360.A	351.9	1,308	6,981	iley.	291.75	-0.25	294.25	288.00	. 4
	Jol Det	361,8 363,1	+9.1 +9.1	· =		100	554 1,094		301.25 311.50	-0.50	313.00	312.00	1,5
	Total	300.1	Tel	• "			12,998	. Dec	324.50				
	≡ PAL		MMEX (1	08 Tray	oz.; \$764	y az).	: 	Total					9,4
	Mer	325.65	+6.45	328.00	324.00	36	2,840 58		ZE C81 (5		_		
	Jun	319.65	+8.45				58	Her	218.75				
	Sep Total	317.65	+6.45	-	-	. 35		May	225,50 231,75				
		HER COME	/ SE COOR 1	lane es - C	antolum		٠	Sam	231.25	-0.50	239.00	238.00	4
	_		<u> </u>					-Dec	243.50				9
	29C .aat,	500.5	+10.7 +10.9	507.0	493.0 498.0	17 1.		Har Yotal	250.75	-1100	20125	250.00	22,4
	Mar	503.5	+10.0	505.5	402.0	1,768	51,546			E (100 t	onnes: £	ner to	
	May		+10.0	50A.5	498.0		6,629	Jan	76.75			-	
	. Jul Sap	509.1 511.3		510.0 502.0			6,396 1,577		78.25	-	_	_	
	Todal	3160					76,148	May	79.50		-		
	-							Sep	78.50 80.50	Ξ.		. :	
	ENE	RGY						Total	,				
	E CR	DE OIL N	YMEX (I	,000 ba	mais. SA	раглаф		# S01	ABEANS	CBT (5,0	OCCUP DE	at camp	30 0
		Lutent	Day's				Open.	Jan	543,75				
		price	change	High		Yol	.int	Mar	547.50				
	Feb	11.60	+0.14	11.52	11.45	27,812	11 Jk	رطانا ادا	553,75 558,50	+07/2	55525) 560.50	254 SQ	4.6
•	Mar Apr	11 00	-0.67	12 00	11.65	2,047	57,236 31,680	~	333.43	+4613		20177	2
		- 12.18	+0.03	12,25	1214	714	24,331	Sep	557.50	+0.50	550,25	557.00	_
	فتال	12.38	+0.02	12/2	11.48		25,092	Total		- ~~			50,2
	Jul Total	12.57	-	12.62			21,620 477,526		ABEAN O			_	
		JOE CAL P	E Rha	nell .				Jepa Marc				22.97 23.25	
							Open	Mar	23.58	-0.05	23.50	23.52	2,8
		opica totica	Day's change	History	Low	Yel	Test.	Jel	23.80	-0.03	23.88	23.72 23.80	1,2
	Feb	10.42	+0.31	10.49	10.31	18,849	79,977	Ang Sup	23.93	-0.05	24.05	23.82	
	War.	10.54	+0.38 +0.38	10.59	10.49	6,452	42,291 19,337	Total					25,5
	Apr Mag .	. 10.96	+0.30	10.96	10.84	1,263	13,542	E 801	ABEAN N				
	Jun	11.10	+0.25	11.13	مہر ر		29,987	Jan	143.6			1427	
	Jeli Tobel	11.26	+0.21	11.37	11.20		6,708 #A	Mar May	142.9 144.1			141.3 142.8	
		THE OL	anusy :	143 AAA	i K online	cts a		Jul	146.3	+1.5	146.5	144.8	1,0
٠.							Open	Ang Con	147.5 148.7	+1.0	147.B 149.D	146.5	1
			Day's change	-	Low	Vol	-	Sep Total					18,6
	.jam	33.00	+0.49	33,05	32.55	13,839	18,119	■ P01	DATOES LI	FFE (20)	tomes,	£ per 1	orme)
	Rei E	33.75	+0.44	33,75	33,30	13,035	55,619 24 EM	. <u># P01</u>	250.0		_		
•							16,248	Apr	324.0	+1.0	325.0	324.D	
	Apr May	35.00	+0.29	36.00	34.85	205	10 533	No. 7	334.G 344.B		~	_	-
•		35.50	+0.14	33,55	ಶಾಖ	240	11,074 181,734	Her	85.0	-	-	-	
•	Total			•				Total			 -		
	= 64	OL PE	\$ torre)				E RE	30HT (BE				
			D-4				Open	Jan Feb	810 825	-10 -5	810	810	
		· price	موضعت	فواد	Low	Yol	let	Apr	910	-8	905	995	
	. set.	96,25	45	97 80	95.75	6.377	34.516	Jin	815	-5	-	-	
	Feb '						25,579 14,852	Oct . Total	915	-5	-	-	
	iller Apr	101.75	+0.75	102.75	101.75	. 321	26,121		Close				
+	May	103.75	+1,00	-	- 104.75		4,887 11,290	BR.	794	794			
	Jan. Talai	105,75	+1.00	-	rv-lu 3	10,000	148,718		_	:		_	
	Total		٠,			·		PUL	.P. AN	ID P	APE	ĸ	
		TURAL GA	s PE (i.	600 tag	es piece	per Mar	<u> </u>		PEX DML				
	. <u>= 122</u>	12 700	_in_480	12.850	12,700	· 75	2,045			Day's			
	Feb	12.590	-0.390	12.830	12,590	200	6,115		. price	change			
•	Terrel				-	1,200	27,535	No.				422.00	
		LENT EN	S NYVE	X (Loho)	mree.	; \$ mai		Jose Total	448.00	+11.00	49/.30	437.00	•
•	. `		Day's			91.1	Open						
		-420	channe	154	-1.00	10	int	ATTE	es data				-

75 294.25 288.00 476 11,369 75 294.25 288.00 476 11,369 75 303.50 300.50 1,454 28,737 50 313.00 312.00 149 1,817 50 328.50 324.50 20 1,849 9,476 115,137 90 219.50 218.25 16,467 172,892 5 226.50 225.25 1,988 51,372 5 232.75 231.50 2,471 57,940 0 239.00 238.00 458 13,271 5 244.50 243.00 979 27,824 Dec 23 Daily Total

1.2 144.0 142.7 7,799 26,496
1.2 143.4 141.3 7,663 43,133
1.3 144.7 142.8 1,493 15,897
1.3 144.7 142.8 1,996 20,296
1.0 147.8 148.5 176 4,895
1.1 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.1 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.1 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.2 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.3 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.4 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,885
1.5 149.0 147.8 95 4,8 PAPER is; 24 air dry toos) 50 430.00 422.00 52 00 447.50 437.00 75 127 467 101 666 1.828 +0.046 1.849 1.761 48,482 30,504 1.825 +0.036 1.835 1.765 22,642 46,470 1.840 +0.020 1.860 1.816 8,646 25,965 1.840 +0.020 1.860 1.815 2,246 77,042 All busines data associated by CASS. 1.540 +0.020 1.650 1.815 2.248 17.042 1.855 +0.010 1.865 1.845 1.546 12.752 Wool from Mariett & Co With Christmas and New Year holiday dominant in most of the main consumin comment in most of the main consuming and producing countries of the wool world, those keeping a way eye out for factors likely to affect prices can only watch the currency markets. The Australian dollar seems to be weekening again after a beld parted of recovery. This means that wool internationally may be cheaper to buy after the recess for major consuming countries, unless the wool market itself builds on its short-lived and uncertain pro-Christmas uptain. Fundamentals remain poor, with demand slow and difficult and stocks over-tending the merico particular. VYNNEX (42,000 US gails.; c/US gails.) prior change High Love Yeal int.

\$5.35 +0.94 \$5.35 \$4.60 \$12.603 \$1.146
\$5.30 +0.52 \$6.30 \$5.70 \$6.505 \$2.517
\$7.35 +0.37 \$7.45 \$6.90 \$99 \$10.407
\$40.50 +0.32 \$40.50 \$40.10 \$410 \$14.200
\$41.25 +0.17 \$41.35 \$40.80 \$1.945 \$12.942
\$41.80 -0.13 \$41.95 \$41.80 \$2.788108.568

MEAT AND LIVESTOCK III LIVE CATTLE CINE (40,000bs; canis/fos) 76.50 78.40 19 652 - - - 3,065 - - - 3,324 +3 879 882 1 106 +1 911 899 1,930 56,752 +1 926 920 315 29,012 +2 944 942 89 12,914 61.100 +0.200 61.150 60.650 747 60.600 -0.400 61.000 60.450 6,827 43,173 63.075 -0.475 63.650 62.900 2,825 30,921 63.025 -0.500 63.450 82.925 1,993 16,779 965 962 92 29,229 Aug 53,600 -0.350 63,975 63,300 892 10,090 989 984 129 16,180 0ct 65,125 -0.375 65,500 64,900 409 4,535 2,535 188,017 Total 13,369 104,581 III LEAN HOES CINE (40,000ths; cente/the) 1376 3,407 36,380 Feb 32:300 -0,100 32:850 31:850 39:151
1399 152 16,721 Apr 38:300 -0,75 37:850 36:600 1,773
1429 8 5,814 Jan 47.750 -1,350 49:000 47:875 926
1453 10 4,343 Jan 50,350 -1,575 51:800 50:100 32:801
1493 25 5,333 Aerg 52:300 -1,675 54:050 52:000 220
- 35 6,238 Oct 53,400 -0,500 53:900 53:150 140
3,865 75,104 Total 74,477 4 1994 --1 1999 1376 3,407 36,380 1415 --3 1419 1399 152 18,721 1436 --3 1441 1429 8 5,814 1463 --1 1463 1453 10 4,343 1493 --4 1493 1493 28 5,333 1524 --4 -- 35 8,233 1,985 75,184 ■ COCOA (CCC) (SDR's/lorne) Fabr 44.175 -0.925 48.750 43.200 1,481 Mar 44.250 -0.850 47.150 43.700 158 Mary 48.750 - 48.700 45.000 28 Jul 48.000 -0.175 48.000 47.475 58 Tutal E COFFEE LIFFE (5 tonnes; \$/forme) 1857 —8 1865 1852 1,598 10,573 1793 —7 1804 1780 1,796 24,743 1737 —2 1740 1730 83 7,782 1718 —2 1713 1708 17 1,595 1702 —2 — 664 1686 —2 — — 654 1686 —2 — 253 3,484 6,814 EL COFFEE "C" CSCE (37,500lbs; cents/lbs) 116.80 +1.70 117.90 115.00 2.483 23.585 117.55 +1.40 118.70 116.25 261 5.726 118.20 +1.20 118.75 117.00 26 2.463 118.85 +1.05 118.75 117.00 26 2.463 119.85 +0.85 - 18 797 120.45 +0.85 - 14 66 2,828 34.34 1250 _ M. WHITE SUSAN LIFTE (50 tonnes; \$/tocoe) Nur 239.7 +2.9 238.9 236.0 887 17,186

Nuy 240.1 +3.3 240.1 236.5 380 7,967

Aug 238.9 +2.9 236.1 237.0 150 5,616

Oct 232.4 +2.9 232.0 230.5 246 4,470

Duc 235.5 +1.2 235.5 233.5 - 584

Nur 238.0 +0.7 237.5 237.5 - 654

Total 1,474 36,489 M SUSAR '11' CSCE (112,000lbs; cents/lbs) 7.83 +0.25 7.85 7.58 3.270 76,189
7.83 +0.22 7.84 7.81 1.216 22,884
7.76 +0.23 7.76 7.82 346 21,892
7.93 +0.19 7.94 7.89 118 16,049
8.21 +0.19 8.15 8.15 12 8,666
8.30 +0.19 - 14 2,127
4,978 146,238 80.85 +0.37 81.15 80.15 2,770 34,543 81.80 +0.32 82.15 61.35 382 18,336 82.58 +0.22 83.00 62.50 384 12,196 64.08 +0.10 94.00 64.00 23 1,582 65,13 +0.20 65.25 85.10 204 11,849 96.15 +0.20 — 22 1,076 5.13 +0.20 — 32 1,076 IL CRANGE JUICE NYCE (15,090bs; suchafbs) 109.85 -1.30 111.50 111.50 2,351 24,857 VOLEME DATA Open interest and Volume duta aboven for contracts traded on COMEX, NYMEX, CST, NYCE, CME, CSCE —I ME Photo Oil are one day to arrears. Volume & III. Realters (Basis: 18/9/31 = 100) **III CRB Februs (Base: 1967 = 100)** Dec 26 Dec 24 month ago 189,57 189,26 — E ESCI Spot (Base: 1970 = 100)

Dec 28 Dec 24 month ago 130.86 128.24 133.48 130.65 128.24
LUE WARRINGUESE STUCKS (m. Abuninkus May 226
Copely +226
Lund -25
Abbled +1,236
Zinc +225
Tile -15 +8,775 +220 +2360 +2360 -25 +1,230 +325 -15

LONDON TRADED OPTIONS Strike price \$ tonne -- Calls -- -- Puls -MI COPPER (Grade A) UAE 96 137 --- 37 75 --- 5 36 1400 100.87 SE COFFEE LIFFE 100.90 1700 1700 _____ COCOA LIFFE LONDON SPOT MARKETS Brent Bland (debt) \$10.38-0.42 +0.35 Storm Bland (Feb) \$10.42-0.46 +0.26 W.T.L \$11.55-1.57z +0.26 ■ OB. PRODUCTS NWE-prompt delivery CSF (turnet) 596-100 \$55-57 Case URI ST.
Hemry Fixel Dil S.
Hepshitz STI
Jet had ST
Diesel ST
E NATORAL GAS (Pence/berna) \$104-106 \$111-112 1280-295 ■ OTHER Gold (per iray oz) Silver (per iray oz) Platinua (per iray oz.) Palindium (per iray oz.) Copper Lead (US prod.) 71.0c 45.00c 19.20r 243.5 The (New York) Cattle (live weight) Sheep (live weight) Pigs (live weight) \$181,40 \$237,00 Lon, day sugar (raw) Lon, day sugar (Me) Barley (Eng. 1664) Maize (US No.3 Yellow) Wheel (US Dark Horth)

46,00p 46,50p 246,50m Rubber (Jeny)* Rubber (Feb)* Rubber (R2, RSS Holl) . 315p

CROSSWORD No.9,875 Set by CINEPHILE the clues

For solutions to today's crossword call 0891 430060.

bish is in a boat (6) 4 Return to drawer for mark of appreciation (6) 6 RC isn't commonly coof appreciation (6)
8 Apple producer to tidy his hair, the old dandy (7)
10 Beater eating top of t 9 Very silly, as one before this one (7)

11 RC may bring a hundred 13 Comm

men health (10) 13 A Caledonian RC (5) 14 Dime enclosed in pieces of 17 Bring to the door to make

20, 12 Don't allow opposition 22 Fruit of love to be (5) to the American line (8) 21 Politician in cover-up for disturbance by his countryman (10)

24 Remove surface from berries (7) 25 Common name for gold 28 Attitude of Laurel to the

establishment (6) 1 Sound horn, the top of it ivory (5) 2 Countryman gets stomach pain after some burgers (7)

5 RC's collected poems (5)

10 Beater eating top of the cheese - it's lethal in a mine (9) ercial speech in wor ship (9)

15 Commercial opportunity for RC (9) canvas (3,5) savings? (7)

16 RC's appreciation of bowler 19 Tree with climbing handle

(8) going with engine (7)

18 Thin type of shrew a ferret could catch (5)

21 A cricketer's upset, partially, not exactly (5)

Solution 9,874



UK mortgages

Small companies rethink needed, says KPMG

By David Blackwell

Institutions need to rethink their approach to smaller quoted companies following tations and new share issues for almost 10 years, according to KPMG, the professional services group.

valued stocks among the smaller companies and a mitment to improve the lot professional investor should of the more than 2,000 be looking at how you take smaller quoted companies is trading companies floated, the banking software group; advantage of that," said Neil wital. "In effect, the state of raising less than £40m and Bioglan Pharma, a phar-

Munich

contract

for Limit

By Christopher Brown-Humes

investor in the Lloyd's insur-

ance market, has bought an

innovative reinsurance con-

tract from Munich Re that

should help to smooth its

The contract, which was

profits over the five under-

developed and negotiated by

Instrat, part of the Sedgwick

Group, has used a technique

familiar in capital markets.

It will protect the group's

underwriting against signifi-

cant losses during the

1998-2002. At the same time,

Munich Re will share in any

significant profits that Limit

makes. The contract is sub-

ject to limits, though details

It is thought to be the first

chairman, said: "This rein-

surance contract will give

are not being released.

company at Lloyd's.

acceptable cost."

RESULTS

writing years to 2002.

KPMG warned that the state of the new issues market is threatening to leave the weakest quarter for fio-smaller companies in "a new issues market by KPMG £3.87bn, down from 100 in of about another 40 compafinancial straitjacket -

and forced to resort to pri-"There are a lot of under- vate equity or debt finance". It said government com-

damage the real economy," KPMG said.

An annual survey of the showed there were only 14 1997, when £6.73bn was unable to raise public equity new stock exchange listings capital on reasonable terms in the final quarter. That 1996. Excluding demergers, venture capital trusts and investment trusts, only three

Anstin of KPMG Corporate the stock market for smaller (\$67m) between them - the maceuticals company specialising in dermatological time. the firm this decade. During the year there were 68 flotations, raising than offset by the departure

> Trading companies floated compares with 29 and 33 in in the final quarter were the final quarters of 1997 and MSW Technology, a computer software and information technology consultancy company: Financial Objects,

products. The arrival of these companies was more nies, many of which were Mr Austin said institu-

liked smaller quoted companies. Consolidation in the financial services sector was leading to fewer staff manag-ing bigger funds, which meant they wanted to invest ond half.

The lack of liquidity in small stocks was compounded by a lack of research, with often just the house broker publishing. It is now becoming difficult for any company to float below tional investors no longer a market capitalisation of

The situation should improve next year. However, there islittle chance of improvement before the sec-

the UK's biggest mortgage lender, that house price rises will slow to 4 per cent in 1999 is a reminder of the sluggishness of the housing market. Borrowers should be rubbing their hands with glee. Surely competition among mortgage lenders will become keener still. For instance, if base rates come down to 4% per cent by the end of next year the low end of the forecast

range - the standard mortgage rate should fall from an average of 7.7 per cent to 6 per cent. This would simply maintain the prevailing 1%

The prediction by Hallfax,

percentage point spread.

But could this margin be squeezed further? The answ lies in the spread that really matters: between mortga rates and the rates paid to savers. Although this has m rowed by more than half a point over the past couple years, it remains comfortably above 2 per cent. So does the mean that the mortgage war has been a phoney one, wi banks really giving little away? For most customers t answer is yes. Savers. who outnumber borrowers by abo six to one, have broadly paid for mortgage reductions. As old borrowers on the standard rate have subsidised speci offers to new ones. So far the mortgage banks have limit the damage to profitability by confining their fiercest battl to a small section of the customer base. But the high rate remortgages and a backlash from savers could see a hard squeeze in the coming year.

JD Wetherspoon

Mention job creation in a news starved week and you a bound to attract some free publicity. Shareholders JD Wetherspoon, the UK pubs group, must hope the pl will help attract a few more customers to the fast-expandic chain. After all, like-for-like sales have only recently turn positive again. But they should not be impressed by yests day's flannel. Plans to open up to 80 pubs a year - sendin capital spending to £100m - go back nearly two year Indeed, the news they might have hoped for was a temps ing of the opening programme as conditions have deteri rated in the over-pubbed UK market. Instead, they have h a reminder of the risks. Net debt could reach £160m by ti year-end, reducing interest cover to three times. What shar holders really need is reassurance that Wetherspoon α

JD Wetherspoon, the pubs chain, is to press ahead with its plans to invest £100m (\$168m) and open a further contract of its kind involving 80 outlets and create 2,000 jobs in the coming year.

a large corporate capital The move, which will Jonathan Agnew, Limit's increase Wetherspoon's pubs to almost 400, comes in spite of the pall of gloom surconsiderable protection to rounding the UK pub indus-Limit's shareholders at an

Yr to June 30 4.35[2] (3.49[2])

.... Yr to Oct 31 94.33 (94.1) 0.874 (0.538)

The tough trading condi-

0.948 (0.948)

Jim Clarke, Wetherspoon ably after a flat opening to £35.1m (£17.6m).

Wetherspoon to open 80 pubs

tions in Britain's pubs had so far this month brought

bad news from both national and regional groups. Also, figures from the British Licensed Retail Association show there had been no end in beer being smuggled from mainland Europe.

finance director, said it was too early to assess Christmas trading, but like-for-like sales had improved consider-

3.61 (2.92)

Tim Martin, founder and chairman, said Wetherspoon had traded through both good and bad economic times "and it hasn't made a lot of difference to the overall success of the business". Analysts were unim-

pressed that the expansion plans were unchanged from announced pre-tax profits for the year to August 2 of

Pools operators near agreement

the UK.

The UK's football pools operators believe they are close to an agreement with the government that would slash the betting duty paid on punters' stakes and sweep away restrictions on from £924m in 1993-94 to the industry in return for £366m last year. investment to preserve its

Under the agreement drawn up by the Pools Pro- Liverpool provides the base moters' Association, pools betting duty would be cut from 26% to 17% per cent. Operators would be allowed to run pools on games other than football and to pay winnings through shops in the same way as the National Lottery.

used to invest in information technology to modernise the pools industry and help it which has more than 35,000 duty.

The aim is to secure the future of the industry, which has seen the amount spent on football pools fall almost two-thirds since the introduction of the lottery. The amount staked has fallen The impact has been felt

most heavily on Merseyside, a Labour heartland where for the two largest operators. They are Littlewoods, the private pools and retailing company, and Vernons, part of Ladbroke, the hotels and betting group.

Also hit has been Zetters, a small listed group based in London with 3 per cent of The cut in duty will be the market. It yesterday warned there was no future for the industry without both deregulation and a compete with the lottery significant reduction in

Laird pays DM17m for German distributor

Laird, a automotive sealings and mouldings company, has bought Bavaria Elektronic, a manufacturer and distributor of electromagnetic interference (EMI) shielding products, for DM16.8m (\$10m)

The Munich-based comany will become part of

ences group, in 1996. KMI shielding products are

also protect the user from any harmful effects.

They are made from low-APM, the EMI business density foam, which Laird

which Laird bought from developed in its window APM's exposure to the fa Monsanto, the US life sci- seals business, wrapped in growing telecommunication metallic-coated fabric.

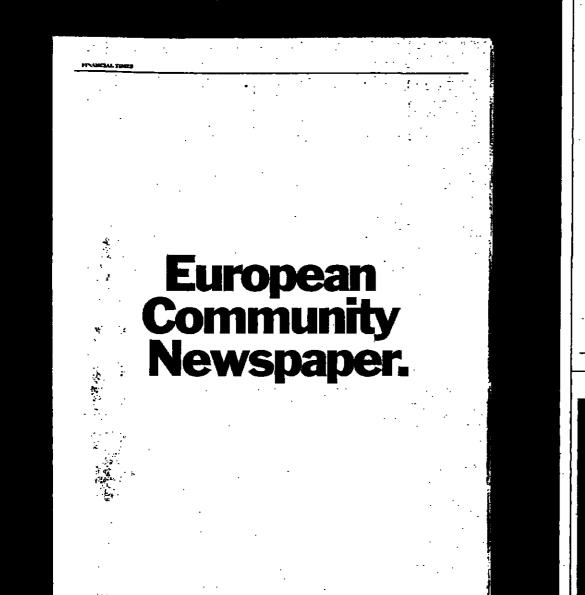
APM's purchase of Bavused to protect electronic aria, one of its largest disgoods such as computers tributors, will improve distriand telephones from electro- bution in Europe. About magnetic interference, which one-third of APM products can affect performance. They are sold through distribu- over. tors, with the rest bought direct by big customers such as Compan and IBM.

as Compan and IBM. — have sale The deal will increase this year.

industry, where Bavaria strong, and will broaden i

EMI shielding produc cent of Laird group tur

Bavaria, which was p vately owned, is expected have sales of about DM21



Subscribe for a year and receive 4 weeks extra free.

More senior business people in Europe read the FT than ever before'. They value the depth and breadth of its coverage of European news and depend on the FT's unrivalled tracking of the effects of the euro. Benefit from additional savings, subscribe now, and save on the newstand price. Tel: +44 171 873 4200 Fax: +44 171 873 3428 or email: FTE.subs@FT.com

> FINANCIAL TIMES No FT, no comment.

Republic of Venezu U.S. \$167,000,000

tamana nesquices inc 8% Senior Secured Convertible Notes due July 17, 2003

dated July 17, 1996 between Yersame Resources Inc. (the "Corporation") at Melion Trust Company providing for the Issuance of 8% Senior Secured Co Notes due July 17, 2003 (the "Notes"), that the Corporation will exercise

YAMANA RESOURCES INC.

We want your business.

For more information on classified business advertising Tel: -44 171 873 4874 Fax: -44 171 873 3064

entures will be due for payment

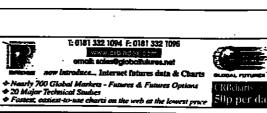
THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA U.S. \$360,000,000 Rosting Rate Debentures due 2005 iance with the Terms and interest rate for the period 31st December, 1988 to 29th Jenuary, 1999 has been fixed at 5.6875% per ennum. On 28th January, 1989 merest of U.S. \$4.581597 per U.S.

The rate of interest for the period commonaing 28th lessuary, 1999 will be determined on 27th January, 1999. Agent Bank and Principal Paying Agent OF CANADA



Telephone +1 345 945 3100 Website www.cfbh.com. Facsimile +1 345 945 3199

24 HRS GLOBAL OFFSHORE TRADING



COUNTRY REVIEWS...191 COUNTRIES....191 REPOR 191 reports for \$115 2.900
Order on the Web @ https://www.comehnine
Call 1-888-365-6923 (tall free in 1215 or 713-355-650)
or fax us at 713-355-2008

The FT GUIDE TO WORLD CURRENCIES, published in Monday's espaper and covering over 200 correncies, is now available by dialing the following number from the handset of your fax machine, 0891 437 801. Calls are charged at 50p per minute at all times. For service outside the UK please telephone +44 171 873 4378 for details on Cityline International.

he new Weekly Petroleum Argus

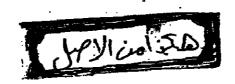
Petroleum Argus

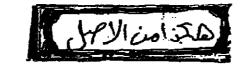
+46-406900012

If you would like to advertise, or require any further information, please contact; Sherie Donovan Tel: 0171-873-4928 Fax: 0171-873-4296

> Notice of Redempt The Nippon Credit Bank, Ltd. U.S. \$150,000,000

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, pursuant to the first per-





CUBBENCIES & MONEY

EURO PRICES

EQUITIES

TOWN N

min a man

A GARA CAST CONTRACT OF

Printer was as Marie Committee

r 14 (16)

tipe (ale of

witch tear year age ben ann in

المساب والمراسخ

F 45.57

harring.

The second

ALL CONTRACTOR Main worden.

Mark of the co

医新斯克 1 appear of the second hace termine ata Jan Shiri Witness . Service in **e**gition of the ● \$000 (1.15) (1.15) GEOGRAPHIC L

erepoon de legislature

974-3-5-4 -. g ag Derici Africa Commission et Maes المراجعة والانتهام \$60 and 150

Him No. 1995 etti evisit e and the second

h=---

45.2417

34. €₹7. (~ -₹**±**--R. 18-2 Mary 1975

裏がら オール

@reconstruction

erman distribute #

Beren balt, ein abgrich

more brains a sie e de Landa

W ...

Frank Fath Co.

स्त्रक के का का

Salver Salvery

UK mortgages

Washington Market Stage

Fears raised over 1999 earnings

EUROPEAN OVERVIEW By Vincent Boland

European stock markets posted small gains yesterday thoughts remained firmly fixed on the euro's introduction this weekend. Despite the absence of many big institutions, the mood remained upbeat, with UK

stocks leading the way. European central bankers admitted 1999 would be interest rates were likely to

diate threat

1,000.64.

The strategy team at increase." HSBC said corporate profits to, the bank predicted, to group rose Ecu 0.10 to Ecu 1.40 to Ecu 37.18.

be steady well into next year restrain the US economy and 7.87, while the French engineers and that neither inflation correct the financial imbal-nor deflation posed an immeance in the personal sector. 0.80 to Em 34.30.

euro-zone stocks rose 1.87 to the differential between winners and losers is likely to

Defence stocks were

iliate threat.

"Rising [US] interest rates
Telecoms stocks recovered
The FTSE Eurotop 300 are likely when they come their poise after Monday's posted small gains yesterday index of leading European this will trigger a major bear falls in German telecoms thoughts remained fig. 1.191.62, market," the bank said. In shares, and the sector while the FTSE Eurotop 100 the meantime equities in recouped some losses to index rose 14.7 to 2,749.08. Europe are likely to remain close 0.12 per cent higher. The FTSE Ebloc 100 index of in an upward trend although Deutsche Telescom gained Ecu 0.50 to Ecu 28.52, while Vodafone rose Ecu 0.20 to Ecu 14.10.

Profit-taking after Monwould rise about 8 per cent among the highlights, day's surge dented Daimlernext year. European markets largely on the strength of Chrysler, which shed Ecu tough on the economic front, were in "a secular bull moves to bring forward a 0.60 to close at Ecu 84.12, and confirming analysts' fears of trend" and would remain pan-European merger link other German car makers lower corporate earnings. there until US interest rates ing GEC and Thomson-CSF. But the bankers suggested rose - as they would have Shares in the UK electronics bucked the trend to add Ecu

Dan 29	Cattoring unde	. Clouding mild point	Change up day	Change so day%	Charge Of Teach	Crange Week %	S per Euro 1.24			·			·	·
Scrope		-					1.22						i.	
Austria	ATS	14.049724	+0.0025	+0.02	+0.0033	+0.02	. 1.22						AN -	
Belgium	3 F	41.188884	-0.0278	-0.07	+0.0000	+0.00	1.20						' 'K.	
Deck Republic	CZK	35.813878	+0.0068	+0.24	+0.1744	+0.49							;── ¶7	· /\:
Denmark	DKK	7.602450	+0.0025	+0.07	+0.0075	+0.10	1.18			٠				ነር ግ
Poles⊿	FM .	6,070137	+6,0006	+0.01	-0.0003	-0,01								u-
France .	FRF	6.696868	+0.0006	+0.01	+0.0001	+0.00	1.16							•
Sermony	984	1.995987	+0.0004	+0.02	+0.0004	+0.02							_	
Graces	GRD	3 35.129991	-0.2519	-0.08	+0.0889	+0.03	1,14					!_		
tongary	HJF	258,538234	-0.9924	-0.38	+2.1624	+0.84	حياه			AAA				
reland	ø	0.502118	-7.0005	-0.07	-0.0009	-0.11	1.12 3/20			ተትብ		XI		
tsly	πL	1977,281975	-0.1513	-0.01	-0.1664	-0.01		1 NL e		1 1	/\./`	V		
manispient.	ЩF	41.188894	-0.0278	-0.07	+0.0000	-0.00	T.10	L/Y	₹					
ießerlends	NLB	2.249805	+0.0001	+0.01	-0.0004	-0.02	1.08		-7)		. •	_		
icrosy	HOK	9.087710	-0.0040	-0.04	-0.0587	-0.64						—-		
oland	PLN	4.173824	+0.0230	+0.55	+0.0502	+1.22	1997				98	•		
eginday.	PTE	204.798012	+0.0227	+0.01	+0.0930	+0.05	Souther Piege	1						
Tomarie	RÓL	13088.729453	+85,1432	+0.65	+509.1933	+4.05		 .		٠.	• • .			
iussia.	RUB .	25.198193	-0.1312	-0.52	+0.2894	+1.16								
Siovalcie	39K	44.164908	+0.2797	+0.64	+0.5739	+1.32	EUROZO	ine cu	RREN(Y CO	INVER	GENCE		
ing.	ESP.	169,676811	-0.1013	-0.06	-0.0730	-0.04							•	
Sweden .	SEK	9,658073	-0.0175	-0.18	+0.0949	+0.98	Materal Conve	raice rates a	galant the l)-Mark				
Suitzerland	CHF	1.527851	-0.0044	-0.27	-0.0003	-0.02		Fixed	Merket	Ditt bal	Week	Forward	Forward	DIII I
zited Xingdom	886	0.709610	-0.0003	-0.05	-0.0006	-0.08	Dec. 29	1200	TRIC	Yphi %	290 %	rate		THEVD
ECU .	ECU	1,018528	-0.0001	-0.01	+0.0000	+0.00		7.005	7.000		-0.01	7.0355	32	+0.0
Norices		4 444707	. 0 5754	-0.40	. 0.0044		Acestra Belokum	7.03552 20.6255	7.0355 20.8255	+0.00		20.6258		+0.0
inacil. Sensola	BRL CAD	1,442626 1,853321	+0.0051 +0.0089	+0.43 +0.48	+0.0041 +0.0038	+0.29 +0.20	Sergum France	3.35396	3.3535	+0.00 -0.01	+0.02	3,3536	3.46 3.74	+0.5
anaga Meden	MOON	1.653321 11.792396	+0.1005	+0.88	+0.1008	+0.20	Poland	3.04001	3.0396	-0.01	+0.00	3.0396 3.2536	3.2	+0.0
vengo Jellad Stales	HEAR LISED	11,792396	+0.1005	+0.43	+0.0024	+0.20	reland	0.402676	0.4022	-0.12	+0.00	3,0395 0,4022	32 32	+0.0
Mariu Suurs Pacille-fulldulla Es		1.194227	+4,000	+0.43	+0.1024	تعلاد	reserve Bally	990.002	990.1328	-0.12 +0.01	+0.04	990.135	3.24	+0.0
racestation = kustralia	ALD	1,854353	_(L 0059	-0.30	+0.0155	+0.80	essy Leostrobauro	20.8255	20.6255	+0.00	+0.04	20.6258	3.46	+0.0
iong Kong	HIND	9.252872	+0.0416	+0.45	+0.0241	+0.25	Helbertsock	1.12874	1.1266	-0.01	+0.03	1.1265	32	+6.0
gogu Kristi khisti	JPY	137.557053	-0.0538	-0.04	-T.8190	-1.31	Portugal	102.505	102.5535	+0.05	+0.03	102,5557	359	+0.3
avai Bagapore	59D	1.979431	+0.0072	+0.36	+0.0106	+0.54	Social	85.0722	85.0678	-0.05	+0.0g	85.0602	3.64	+0.4
cush Africa	ZAR	7.019070	+0.0012	-0.38	-0.0339	-0.49	Germany	65,0122	924010	+0.00	+0.00	03.000	3.2	+0.0
		Dir Mole gives a foa					CONTROLLY			_~~	77-00			+17.0

			ikely to	to, th	e Dank	predi	icted, to	group rose Ecu	0.10 to	Ecu	1.40 to	Ecu 37.	18.	
FTSE E	bloc 180			* 1	Per cont	ond year December	d corve 29 1995	FTSE Actuari				Et Januariae in	гореа	
1100	<i>i = 19</i>	45.3		7			50	Dec 29						
			ં	,		Ecu		National & Regional Maximis	Ecu Index	Dey's	change points	Yield gross %	अर्थ करी स्टो	Total re (6224)
1000						- > 	45	FTSE Eurolop 300	1191.62	+0.43	+5.05	226	25.50	1226.9
			4 /3			1	57**	FTSE Eulotop 100 FTSE Ebloc 100	2749.08 1009.64	+0.54 +0.19	+14.70	2.34 2.07	40.15 15.83	985.4 1015.6
9004		. /	W:			/ —		FISE EuroMid	1134,78	+0.02	+1.87 +0.25	23F 234	2.10	1175.8
	·	╼		•				FTSE Burelviki, Ebioc FTSE Burelviki, Ex UK	1202.09	-0.12	-1.43	2.34	0.51	1226.0
•	M /	4			I —		35°	LISE GRAMME EX OV	1199.44	-0.20	<u>-2.42</u>	221	0.35	1221.8
803	<u> </u>				Germany			FTSE Eurotop 380 Ragio: Eurotoc	1251. 23	.047	+2.16	2.02	04 PE	1200
	W		5.3		<u>.</u>		3.0	UK .	1110.74	+0.17 +1.25	+2.63	274	21.55 35.36	1277.9 - 1168.2
	49		ž					Europe Ex-Europiec	1142.71	+0.70	+7.98	2.58	28.30	1183.5
700	Sep	1000		1 - 1 - 1			25	Europe Ex-UK	1238.36	+0.03	+0.36	2.06	19.86	1261.
1. 7		1998	Dec		5 7 N Years to ma		80	FISE Busing Industry S						-
wa f	SE Instantion	el, jajerscije	سبط الصاد	in a			3	RESOURCES	871.66	+0.14	+1.24	3.30	29.22	911.5
								Extractive industries Oil integrated	745.29 844.03	+1.70 +0.08	+12.46 +0.66	4.85 3.24	14.54 21.73	781,0 864,4
		·						4918AL POUSTRIES	1071.36	+0.08	+0.69	248	21.44	1004
			(LIFFE) Ecurino					Construction	879.37	+0.09	+0.83	2.22	11.08	880.6
								Building Matts & Merchs	865.57	+0.12	+1.03	282	8.98	903.2
ı	Open-	Set prio		High	List	Bat. vol	Open int.	Chemicals Diversified ledustrials	847.74 982.19	-0.30	-2.54 +13.26	2.75 2.33	17.45 22.61	882.7 1004.
		96.800 96.920	+0.030	-		0.	0 2233	Bectronic & Bect Equip	962.19 946.79	+1.37 -0.27	+13.20 -2.60	1.89	5A1	951.4
		96,925	-	-	-	Ö	1101	Engineering	881.75	+0.02	+8.00	3.54	13.02	893.1
	•	96.570	+0.030	-	-	0	666	Paper, Policy & Printing	795.85	-0.84	<u>-6.70</u>	2.89	1.21	796.6
							•	CONSTINER GOODS	1239.34	+0.79	+9.76	1.52	18.56	1273/
		O GPTIONS	(LIFFE) Ecutio	coins of 10	10%		٠.	Actornobiles	923.09	-0.80	-7.45	247	10.25	931.
			Alls	<u> </u>	 -	PITS -		Alcohelic Severages Food Producess	971.74 1006.18	+0.29 +0.54	+2.77 +5.39	2.79 1.53	17.83 11.84	992.7 1017.
20	Jan	Feb C	Mar Ju	an Jen	Feb	PUIS -	.len	Household Goods & Texts	1109.33	+0.93	+10.19	1.76	8.94	1118
100	0.010	0.015	0.025 0.14	40 0.120		0.125	0,170	Healthcare .	904.04	+1.32	+37.46 +10.03	1.30	13.51	917.5 1109.
25	G		0.005	0.235		0.240		Pharmacouticals Tebacco	1103.93 1315.19	+1.02	+13.30	1.17 3.56	5.27 22.77	1340.
	L Caste O Pata	O. Provides	day's open let.,	Calle () Puis	0			SERVICES	1221.14	+0.34	+4.16	1.89	24.59	1258
FISE B	JROTOP 180	BODEX FUT	TURES (LIFTE) 8	Scu20 per hr	a todex poir	X		Distribution	778.36	+0.74	+5.71	2.79	11.37	787.1
	Open	Sett geld	a Change	High	L Ser	Est. voi	Open Int.	Lebore & Hotels	804.53	+0.78	+6.21	2.51	12.27	815.0
•	2764.D	2757.D	+27.0	2765.0	2764.0	30	5996	Media	1024.08 1048.15	+0.55	+5.65 +8.99	2.25	10.68	1035.
	4.0		10.10	-1000			•	Retaliers, Food Retailers, General	1045.35	+0.86 +1.33	+13.73	1.96 3.00	15.00 20.46	1064.1 1068.5
		-						Telecommunications	1180.26	+0.12	+1.47	1,58	18.16	1197
								Brameries, Pubs & Rests	793.79	+0.14	+1.08	3.48	24.30	816.9
LUMO S	TYLE FISE (OROTOF 1	00 MEDEK OPTE	out (vex) ea	nto ber and	ex potat		Support Services Transport	1054,41 970,36	+0.28 +1.00	+2.99 +8.62	1.39 2.57	<u>9.87</u> 18.24	1065.6 988.2
	100 255	¥ 20	50 2608	2650	27M1	2751	2000	information Technology	857.75	-1.87	-16.38	0.44	233	859.7
ď	PC	PC	PCP	C P	C P	C P	C P	ani.mes	1513.63	+0.22	+3.28	2.92	62.05	1805.
263	12 217	17 174	24 134 35		88 71	45 97		Bactricity	1149.55	+0.35	+4.03	3.06	31.89	1186.
311	52 272	E2 256	75 199 90		137 128	110 151		Case Distribution	1244,59	-0.18	-2.22	1.51	93.32	1370.4
10 DEC	· . Her vog s	خد سه	t totat: 5,976 . P	Jodney Sta	10 40 JENN		ik birer	Water	1009.91	+0.15	+1.49	4.94	47.79	1057.6
					٠.			PENANCIALS	1279,46	+0.58	+7.35	2.58	27.91	1314.3
1111	R IND	ICES						Berniss, Figitali	857.92	+0.10	+0.87	3.37	13.54	880.20 1032.7
	טאו ה.		الكبيب					ingurance Life ingurance	1020.39 -1228.95	+1.28 +1.08	+12 .9 1 +13.11	1.35 1.59	11.79 12.98	1032.7
		Dec			1998		eplator.	Other Pinancial -	863.51	+1.57	+14.22	2.24	15.95	877,9
		29	28 24	l Rep	· Lime	High	Low	Investment Companies	995.80	+8.90	+8.92	1.90	25.55	1019.7
			_					Property	642.94	-8.44	-2.84	3.74	21,26	699 F

INTERES	T RA	TE S	SWA	PS							EUROZONE	COR	PORA	TE B	ONDS				
Dec 29	 Bid	Rerk Ank	Bed Bed	Ask	2 St Bid	Ask.	128 184	S Ask	94 84	Act	Dec 29	Red	Coupon	S & P	Bild Isrlen	SM4	Day's chige vid	MED's, ctype yid	Spread Y Ecu
1 year	. 3.18	3.21	3.20	3.24	6.22	6.25	4.95	4.98	0.43	0.48		==		<u> </u>					
S Ace.	3.24	3.27	3.24	3.25	5.46	5.49	4.98	5.01	0.54	0.57	Soversign Fungible			•••	440 740	. 20		0.10	
3 year	3.34	3.37	3.34	3.36	5.44	5.48	5.06	5.09	0.69	0.72	Belgicom (Kingdom of)	03/08 D4/08	5.750 5.250	AAA AAA	112,710 110,280	4 07 3.91	-0.04 -0.04	-0.16 -0.15	+0.1
4 year	3.47	3.50	3.47	3.51	544	5.48	5.11	5.14	0.85	0.88 1.04	France (Rep of) Raby (Rep of)	05/08	5.000	AAA	107.680	4.00	-0.03	-023	+0.0
5 year 6 wear	3.52 3.77	3,65 3,80	3.82 3.77	3.66 3.81	5.43 5.41	5.47 5.45	5.16 5.23	5,19 5.26	1.01 1.14	1.04	Portugal (Rep of)	06/08	5.375	M -	109,331	4.16	-0.05	-0.23	+0.1
oyear 7 year	3.93	3.96	3.93	3.97	541	5.45	5.28	5.31	1.28	1.31	Para lasate	Jurus			100001	7.10	~ ~		74.1
5 Year	4.09	4.12	4.09	4.13	5.41	5.45	5.23	5.36	1.41	1.44	Abbey Kati Treas Siv	02/03	4.875	AA	104,726	362	-0.01	-0.18	+0.0
9 1988	4.22	4.25	4.22	4.26	5.41	5.45	5.39	5.42	1.53	1.56	Gen Blectrit, Can Cro	10/04	5.500	Ã	108,743	3.78	+0.00	-0.16	+0.1
10 year	4.31	434	4.31	4.35	5.41	5.45	5.44	5.47	1.65	1,68	Oest Kontrolinenk	04/06	5.250	AAA	108,743	4.12	-0.03	-0.20	+0.1
12 year	4.47	4.50	4.47	4.51	5.40	545	5.51	5.54	1.88	1.92	Cred Local de France	0408	5.250	AA+	107.050	4.31	-0.05	-0.22	+0.3
15 mm	4.68	4.69	4.88	4.70	5.30	5.45	5.82	5.65	213	217		-400	-E-00	-244	147 3530	-21	-0.00	-	
20 year	4.86	4.89	4.86	4.90	5.28	5.45	5.71	5.69	2.34	239	Ren issues	-			400 700		- 0.04		
25 year	496	4.99	4.96	5.00	5.37	5.44	5.71	5.70	2.41	2.46	Bayer Hypo & Wett Bk		5.000	₩-	103,730	3.42	+0.01	-0.12	-0.0
30 year	5.03	5.08	5.03	5.07	5.26	5.44	5.71	5.70	2.48	2.53	Cred Fencier France	03/04	8.375		119,360	4.16	+0.00	-0.16	+0.5
Std and ask max											ELITO KIV BRINK ABN AMTO HILIO, NV	04/64 04/07	5.250 6.375	MA.	108.250 112.162	3.51 4.58	+0.01 +0.02	-0.18 -0.12	+0.7
agelest 3 excelles D-mark and Eco 1 year rate which	LIBOR, 2 qualed on	and Yes Securi Y	quoted (on a stea 360 basi	ni-arecai is egaine	العيدي	65 basi h UBOR	192455 1745 17	t 6 mon t succep	dis LIBOR,	Source: Interactive De- sovereigne and fought books are issued to !	le ista que	big Euro is	1/1/99 سب	t Euro Aspess				
GOVERNI		B0		SPR	EAD		S E0	_	yrs	30 yns	EUROZONE	CREI	Red	PREA	DS vs		_	read (Spread
									_			rating	data	Coupn	code	Spre	ad wak	адо п	nin ago
76			_								KPW	AAA	01/09	5.000	DEM	+0.1	2 +	2.12	+0.14
Austria		-0.15		.03	+0.16		+0.01		1.44	+0.11	France Telcom	AA-	11/06	B.250		+0.2			+0.21
Belgiom		-0.11	-0	.04	+0.10	J	+0.15	44	1.16	+0.02	Halifay	45	07/07	5 625		-0.4			-D43

GOVERNM							EUROZONE			PREA	_	ECU		
Dec 29	2 912	5 yes	7 yrs	10 yrs	20 yrs	30 yns	Dec 29	S&P rating	Red data	Coupn	Conte	Spread	Spread wek ago	Spread min ago
764°					•		KPW	AAA	01/09	5.000	DEM	+0.12	+0.12	+0.14
Austria.	-0.15	-0.03	+0.16	+0.01	-0.44	+0.11	France Telcom	AA+	11/06	6.250	FRE	+0.26	+0.09	+0.21
Belgium	-0.11	-0.04	+0.10	+0.15	+0.16	+0.02	Halifax	ÄÄ	07/07	5.625	DEM	+0.47	+0.49	+0.43
Paland	-0.27	-0.02	+0.11	+0.10	-0.51	-0.93	ing Sank W	Ã.	01/08	5.500	NLG	+0.44	+0.44	+0.34
Fratace	-0.22	-0.12	-0.12	-0.07	-0.06	-0.24	Bayer Hypo W Bk	AA-	02/02	6.750	πī	+0.27	+0.25	+0.26
	-0.21	-0.15	+0.04	-0 .11	+0,03	-0.17	Cred Poscier	Ä	02/03	7.250	DEM	+0.32	+0.30	+0.47
reimi	-0.22	-0.09	+0.00	+0.12	+0.20	+0.48	Thomson-Brandt let	Â	03/04	6.375	FRE	+0.57	+0.52	+0.49
	-0.20	-0.13	-9.02	+0.12	+0.19	-0.02	Generale des Eaux	H/A	03/04	6.250	FRE	+0.48	+0.42	+0.39
THERMOORE	-0.11	-0.04	+0,10	+0.16	+0.16	+0.02	Bank of Chica	BESE	07/98	7.125	DEM	+2.27	+2.20	+1.73
Netherlands	-0.18	-0.01	+0.05	+0.03	+0.13	-0.17	Hadi Bik of Hungary	BBB	06/01	9.000	ATS	+123	+1.22	+0.96
(Biblio	-0.20	-D.04	+0.24	+0.16	+0.15	-0.09	Korea Dev Basik	68÷	11/02	5.625	AIS	+5.20	+5.31	+5.65
Spelin .	-0.42	-0.19	+0.95	+0.07	· +0.10	-0.14	Argentina	BB	04/08	8.125	XDEU	+5.70	+5.60	+5.34
OUTS"									-			_		
Dengark	+0.42	+0.39	+0.40	+0.24	-0.03	+0.38	Source: Maractina D							màrtic (a
Breece	+5.83	+3.87	+3.19	+2.87	+2.29	+1.87	broadly representative			bend deno			rescies.	
Switedon.	+6.22	+0.28	+0.34	+0.28	+Q,1B	-0.24								
K	+1.52	+0.80	+0.74	+0.42	-0.12	-0.72								

FTSE EUROTOP 300

Prior Chapa Military Tel. (Ecc) + er- Eccelori (er) Tel *21 154 61 87 -17 73 - 12 +3 673 27 14 +22 89 - 05 +4 853 05 13 10.5 16.5 12.0 10.1 10.1 2.6 ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES 24 25 45 14 - 1.1 38.1 25 28 763 00 66 148 81 21 -9 -1 -77 -1 24 US 22 12 02 22 19 22 40 02 23 55 23 14 55 61 12 22 13 13 30 82 13 9.6 9.75 1.11 4.33 19.5 34.5 27.5 44 44 45 45 45 45 415 W 10
45 67 - 07
45 773 - 63
44 205 19 - 52 21 15
- 52 21 15
- 52 21 15
- 53 25
- 44 773 05 15
- 44 73 05 15
- 44 73 05 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
- 44 73 15
-**RETAILERS, FOOD** 111.00 121.04 13.05 40.75 10.77 10.87 10.77 10.87 10.77 10.87 10.77 10.87 10.77 10.87 10.77 10.87 10.77 10.87 10.77 10.8 69.8 4.2 19.3 19.3 27.3 10.9 10.9 7.1 7.1 28 955 17 14 948 - 87 7.8 - 13 19 - 10 11.5 - 8 48 07 89 11.3 0.3 34 167 25 28 22 31,6 67,5 82 71,8 67,2 429 429 431 RECIBERT Br Entiger Beform Bectrished Bect alle Per Bedtrishe des Gald Ber Promet Promet Ben Sout Hydro Sout Hydro Sout Hydro Trectalent Bullen Festi BANKS BETAEL 47.12 17.25 7.16 13.67 2,230.44 642 RETALENS, GENERAL, 156 63 27 52 66 16 15 03 35 150 61 04 127 03 23 170 15 44 189 61 13 BLECTROPIC & ELECTRICAL SOPT. ASS A
ASS DO NAME OF THE SA
ARRIVES
EXCORNE B
ESC
Lagranian
Lagranian
Refer
A
Pyllin
St Ultradi
Superior
Superi 9.17 1.207.76 19.20 19.23 29.34 7.20 29.51 40.77 21.85 40.77 21.85 57.46 57.46 57.46 57.46 55 - 05 52 0.4 1.3 54 0.1 0.9 48 15 0.7 11.5 0.5 6.5 3.8 0.3 4.9 144. 441.

-1 -2

EXTRACTIVE WOUSTIESS

1.72 14.97 247,81 141,71 42,91 22,89 2,70

A 9 Produ Cachery Sylve Busses Cristoph 9-5 Medic It Steamer Str Colores FLC

HEALTH CARE

+2 25 10 12

127 \$3 1.4 11.6 \$3 2.5 10.5 \$2 2.5 60 \$1 4.7 15.5 \$2 2.7 15.5 \$1 1.7 15.5 \$1 1.7 15.5 \$1 2.7 15.5 \$1 2.7 15.5 \$1 2.7 2.6 \$1 2.7 2.7 \$1 2.7 \$1 2.7 2.7 \$1 2.7

1170 800 802 1284 •2 •1 -2 •1

BUILDING MATERIALS & MERCHANTS

MEDIA

B Sty B Carrier G Carles G But Expelor Attribute Poster Root Ist Rectus Unificate VIII IN

CIL, INTEGRATED

Anto A Since Tilesto Venetis A Here Herital Thoma Profes Pocke Hold &

17.36 20.65 1.780.71 112.36 40.65 10,657.71

155 7.94 7.94 7.94 7.97 11.99 8.83 7.90 11.71 12.77 11.72 11.72

TELECOM

+2 124 08 53 41 61 45 +1 48 04 45 174 63 12 12 -3 48 12 13

+1 +2] +1259 +1

*1 253 14 11 +J 1074 19 17 +5 1059 21 09 *15 73 01 07 +3 251 22 13

Acomo BAA BAS 1672 B DAS Sweete Latinose F 1 O Reference Sageometr

U.S. \$150,000,000

Credit Suisse First Boston (International) AG

Junior Guaranteed **Undated Floating Rate Notes** Guaranteed on a subordinated basis as to payment of principal and interest by

Credit Suisse First Boston (International) AG

Interest Rate Interest Period 5,4375% per annum 30th December 1998 30th March 1999

Interest Amount due 30th March 1999 per U.S. \$ 5,000 Note

U.S. \$ 67.97 per U.S. \$100,000 Note U.S. \$1,359.38

Credit Suisse First Boston (Europe) Ltd. Agent

NOTICE TO THE BONDHOLDERS OF

U.S. \$140,000,000

Dual Basis Guaranteed Bonds due 2004

(the "Bonds")

issued by

FINANCIAL TIMES FT FINANCIAL TIMES 0 l 6

If your non-life depends on it

i.et our unparalleled global network of corresponds and industry contacts provide you with up-to-the-m news and analysis of:

Minist developments in individual markets Milegal and regulatory changes Mipotential business and investment oppore Microspetions' activities and financial status Abso leagured in each issue

Micotopophersive log of losses around the world Minagalar Sistings of conferences and meetings Mi People in Insurance - international appointment

Annual subscription (25 issues) £745 UK £775/US\$1209 overseas

For your FREE sample copy please call Laura Butler

on +44 (0)171 896 2279 or fax on +44 (0)171 896 2274 quoting ref: 23206A

BTM Finance (Curação) N.V. rly, NEL Finance (Caração) ILV.) (the "Issuer")

Guaranteed on a subordinated basis by The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi, Ltd.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Condition 6(b) and 13 of the Terms and Conditions of the Bonds that the Issuer Intends to redeem on 20th January, 1999 (the "Redemption Date") all

outstanding Bonds at par together with accrued interest to the Redemption Date. BTM Finance (Curação) N.V. By: The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi, Ltd.

London Branch 30th December, 1998 as Principal Paying Agent

IRISH PERMANENT

8 1/2% Bonds 2004 NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the semi-angual dividend on the Lish Permanent Building Society's 8 1/2% Bonds 2004 is payable on 15th January 1999. The record date for this purpose (as defined in Article 4 of the Terms and Conditions of the Bonds) is the 31st December.

BUILDING SOCIETY

Bonds) is the 31st December 1998. The Bonds will go ex-dividend on 4th January 1999 avident of an lanuary 1999
and payments will be posted on
14th January 1999. Payments
will be effected through Bank of
Ireland, Registration Department.
4th Floor, Hume House,
Ballsbridge, Dublin 4, who are
the Registrar for the issue.

Plan O'Sullivan Secretary

EUROPEAN INVESTMENT BANK ESP 20,000,000,000 Capped Floating Rate Notes Due 1999

The notes will bear interest at 3.57000% per armum for t 15 December 1998 (included) to 15 Merch 1999 (excluded). internet payable on 15 March 1999 will ar

Machic, 15 December 1998 BANCO CENTRAL HISPANO Paying and Calculation Agent

This window

open.

Banking & Finance Appointments in the FT. For more information on advertising opportunities please call: Tel: =44 171 873 4153 Fax: =44 171 873 4331

Ų.

CITICORPO

U.S. \$150,000,000

Subordinated Floating Rate Notes Due September 2005 Alotice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest for the period December 30, 1998 to March 30, 1999 has been flood at 5.5% and that the interest payable on the relevant interest Payment Date Nearch 30, 1999, against Coupon No. 22 in respect of US\$5,000 nominel of the Notes will be US\$68.75 and in respect of US\$100,000 nominal of the Notes will be US\$1,375.00, Global Agency and Trust Services Cabank, N.A. London

mber 50, 1998 CITIBAN()

CENCUS

Salar History

Reports of real peg's death premature

MARKETS REPORT

In markets where year-end thinness means that that Brazil was about to abandoning its currency abandon its currency peg got regime, a crawling peg more than the usual attenagainst the US dollar, and

The story was encouraged by a record daily outflow of dollars from the Brazilian economy on Monday and repeated heavy falls in the country's stock market.

The Brazilian foreign exchange market showed a loss of \$1bn on Monday, the highest single daily leakage since the end of October. This brought the accumu-

lated outflow for December to over \$4.5bn, compared with a total net loss in November of just \$1.91bn. The loss of dollars from the economy further frightened traders in the stock

market, which added sub-stantial losses yesterday to the fall of nearly 4 per cent "This came at the same on Monday

have been fully expected.

zil, corporate dividend remit-

renavment of maturing loans

POUND IN NEW YORK

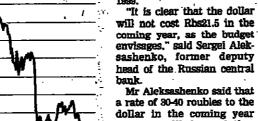
time as the Brazilian author-The combination of bad ities are due to set the wide news from the stock and curbands for the currency for rency markets no doubt contributed to the stories that circulating out of New York Brazil was on the point of at Bank of America in London. "The two issues seem to have been confused and this may have contributed to the devaluing the currency.

But analysts pointed out Mr Gray said that the botthat much of the dollar out-flow from the foreign tom end of the wide band for the real against the dollar exchange markets should considerably lower than the Special factors increasing the leakage included banks level of around R\$1.31 which would be obtained from protecting forward the bands for buying dollars to cover year-

He thought that a relatances overseas and the tively soft peg would decrease rather than increase the chance of Brazil abandoning its exchange

"A band as wide as R\$1.36 will allow some reflation of

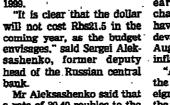
currency assumptions which underlie the draft budget for



Mr Gray.

He estimated that this depreciation could leave the currency at its most competitive level in real terms since the peg was adopted in 1995.

■ A chill wind blew through the Russian government's cosy predictions of the strength of the rouble yester-



of 30 per cent for 1999 could His comments came as money supply data for November showed that the

Russian printing presses

the predicted inflation rate

OTHER CURRENCIES

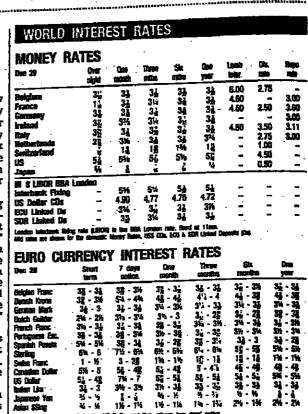
Dec 29 \$ \$
Carch Ry 51.4253 - 50.5057 28.6740 - 30.9040
Ruspary 384.053 - 394.586 216.380 - 216.580
Intel 5048.90 - 5048.90 3008.00 - 3008.08
Rwald 6,5774 - 0.5052 - 0.3076 - 9.3079
Peru 5.2952 - 5.3074 - 3.1500 - 3.1538
Pulmal 5.4574 - 5.8673 - 3.4625 - 3.4675
Russia 5.451601 - 3.5548 20.9000 - 21.3000
UALE 6.1788 - 6.1833 3.6728 - 3.6733

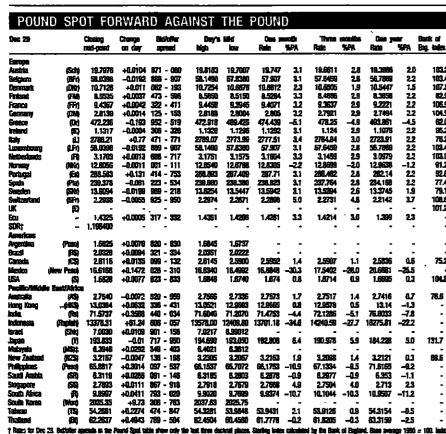
money (M0) stock rising by nearly 30 per cent on a year The monthly earlier. changes in money stock have risen sharply since the devaluation of the rouble in August, threatening higher inflation in the future.

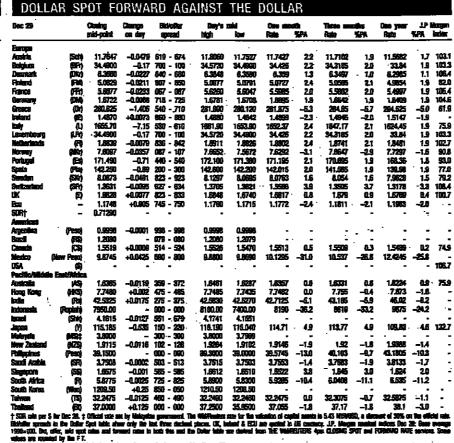
"All the signals are telling the main players in the foreign exchange market that the rouble is likely to fall," said a currency analyst at a US bank in London. "The was more likely, and that quality of a budget in Russia is rarely correlated with the ease with which it is passed by the Duma, and this one was adopted very quickly."

The analyst said that as time went on, the budget appeared softer and softer. which was likely to drive the currency lower.
"The Rbs32bn which

appears in the budget as direct central bank financing seems unrealistically low compared with what is likely







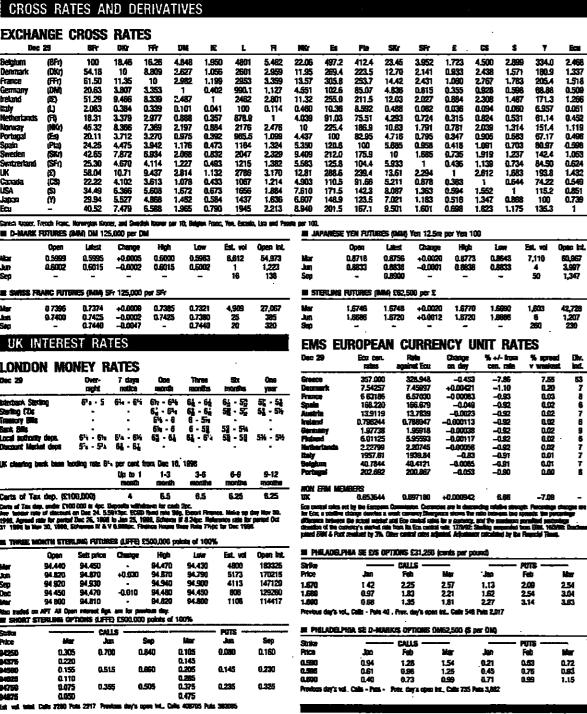
gangeu ripa. Po nomer	31	3 34		n - 31	33 - 3-	34 - 34	31 - 31
Jananese Yen		- 4	- 4	4 - K	9 - 3j	6 - H	
Asian \$5ag	4	-14 1%		내 - 1년	14 - 1%	24 - 1 4	24 - 24
Stort by 128	s are call to	r the US Both	and Ten.	others has	days notice.		
			SEATED-L	interturik i	Sternel rate		
E THREE IN						Est. vol	Open int.
	Open	Sett price	Change	High	ļ.m		
Mar	96.84	96.85	+0.1	96.85	96.84	4,T35 1.006	45,388 18,032
Jon	96.93	96.93	-	96.93	96.92		14,032
■ TRB車 W	WITH EURO	MARK FUTU	RES (UFFT) DMIn p	elets of 100	<u> </u>	
	Open	Seti price	Change	filigh	Low	Est, vol	Open tot.
.ian	96,790	96,800	+0.030	95.800	96,785	2824	21421
Jan .	98.925	96.920	••••	95.940	96.910	22609	394186
Sec -	96,925	96,925	-	96.945	96,910	10462	285450
Dec	96.535	95.570	+0.030	96.590	96.525	4186	203062
M CHE MOR	TH BURGH	NAK FUTURE	S (LFTE)	DN43m pois	ds of 100%		
		Sett price	Change	High	Low	Est. vol	Otote int.
	Open	Sea burn	Campe	ragii.	200		-,
-						_	
書 丁田姓 謝		LIRA FUTUR	25 (THH).	T1000a t		<u> </u>	
	Oper	Sett price .	Change	. Liigh.	Low	Est. vol	Open Int.
Har	96,630	96.850	+0.025	96.680	96.830	4269	247041
Jes	96.920	98.920	+0.010	96.930	95,910	1963	71883
Sep	96,920	96.925	+0.005	96,930	96.910	868	43085
Dec	96.540	196.570	+0.040	96.550	96 530	313	41509
馬 不配主 純	DATE HTM	SWISS FRA	NC FUTUR		SErina pokate	of 100%	
	Open	Sett price	Change	Hah	Low	Est. vol	Open int.
Mar	98,370	98,440	+0.070	98,450	98.340	2931	64921
Just Just	98.276	98.310	+0.040	98.230	98.250	1943	32996
Sec	98.190	98.190	+0.010	98.210	98.170	280	19014
Dec .	97.780	97.790		97,790	97,780	140	8583
		YEAL FUTURE	S AUTTO Y	1100ms poin	es of 190%		
					LOW	Est. vol	Open Int.
	Open	Sett price	Change	High			
Mar	-	99.27	-0.04	-	-	Q	P/2
Jan	-	99.33	-0.03	-	•	0 6	10/E
Sep		99.25	-0.02	•	-	v	ian.
" LIFFE leakards	MAT 64000						
	W711 CINA			no nainte d	1005		
	ТОреп	Sett price	Change	· High	Low	Est. voi	Open Int.
Jan	-	96.800	+0.030	-	•	0	0
Jon	•	96,926	-	-	· -	0	2233
Sep	-	96.925		-	•	0	1101
Dec		96.570	+0.030	-		0	666
		1 1000	es points o	f 100%			
	OPTIONS (
ELECLERA	OPTIONS (_		_		
Striker					No.	- PUTS —	
Strike Price	Mar	CAU		Sep	Mar	- PUTS Jun	Sep
Strike Price 96875	Mar 0.075	CAU	1	•	0.000	Jun	
Strike Price 96875 97008	Mar 0.075 0.050	CAU	1	•	0.000 0.160		Sep 0.215
Strike Price 96875	Mar 0.075 0.050 0.020	CAU Ju	. O.	185	0.000 0.160 0.255	Jun. 0.175	

522

3333

£5.£22

RERKELEY FUTURES LIMITE 58 DOVER STREET, LONDON WIX 5RB TEL: 0171 629 1135 FAX: 0171 495 0022 http://www.bfl.co.uk



6.25 6.25 6.25

,20 0.120 0.030 0.010 0.005

Sun Benk TSB

United Bank of Kuwak. 6.25 Unity Trust Bank Pic 6.25 Whitemay Laidlaw 6.25

BASE LENDING RATES

Financial & Gen Bunk 8.00

@Robert Fluming & Coll.25 Habib Bank AG Zurich 6,25

Hertable & Gen Inv Bk 6.25 C. Hosse & Co 6.25

Honglong & Stanghal 6.25 Invested Bank (LIK) Ltd6.25

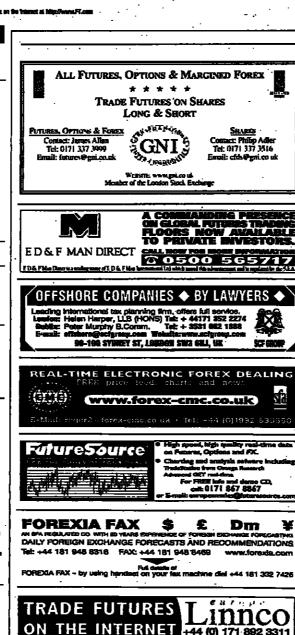
hrvester Benix (UTC) LUBS25
Julian Hodge Benix 625
Uoyde Banix 625
Midland Benix 625
Midland Benix 625
Midland Benix 625
Anii Westwinster 625
Ghan Brothus 875
Royal Bix of Scotland 625
Scotlanh Widows Benix 6.75

625

6.25 6.25 6.25

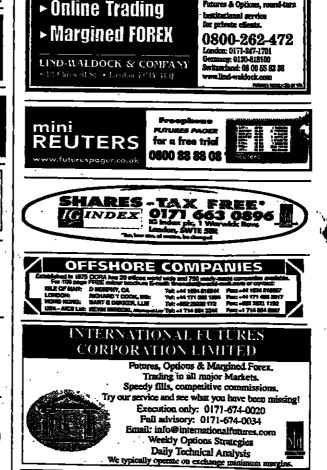
6.25 6.25

Box Bix of Mid East 0.25 6Brown Shipley & Co Util 0.25



to Moscow, from Finland to Yemen Juternations

www.dbceuro.com



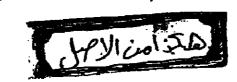
FOR BEST SERVICE & BEST FILLS

CALL 0171 940 9600 NOW



TREUED STEVER

Futures & Options



Open int. 500,303 405,057 361,488

6.076

+0.02 +0.01

+0.05 +0.01

Jun 9.240 0:120

Jan 0.026 0.055 0.160 0.280

He

Feb 0.030 0.070 0.170 0.285

High 94.98 95.03 95.03

94.95 94.97 94.97

17,524 20,154 18,933

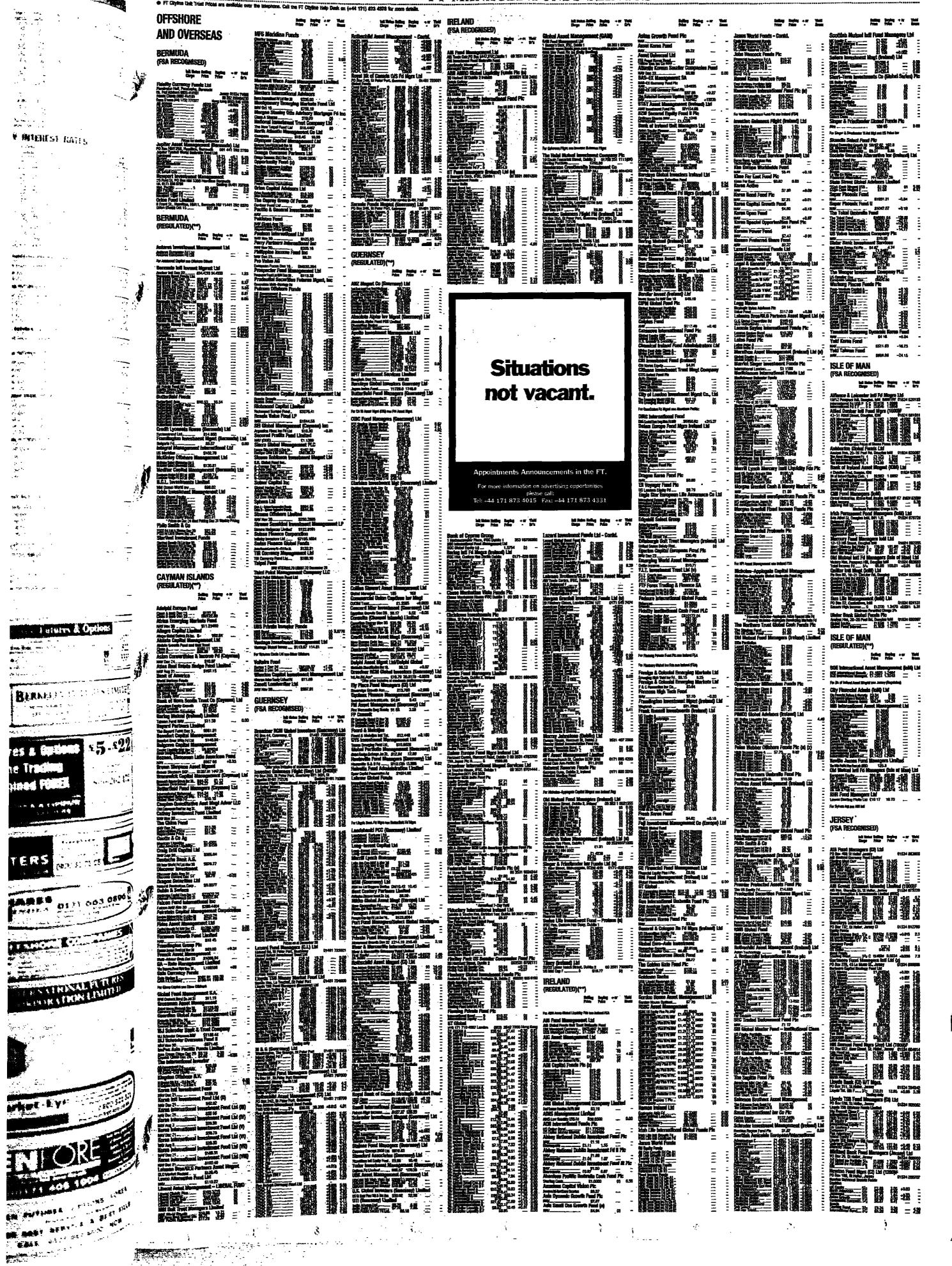
Mer 0.040 0.090 0.190 0.295

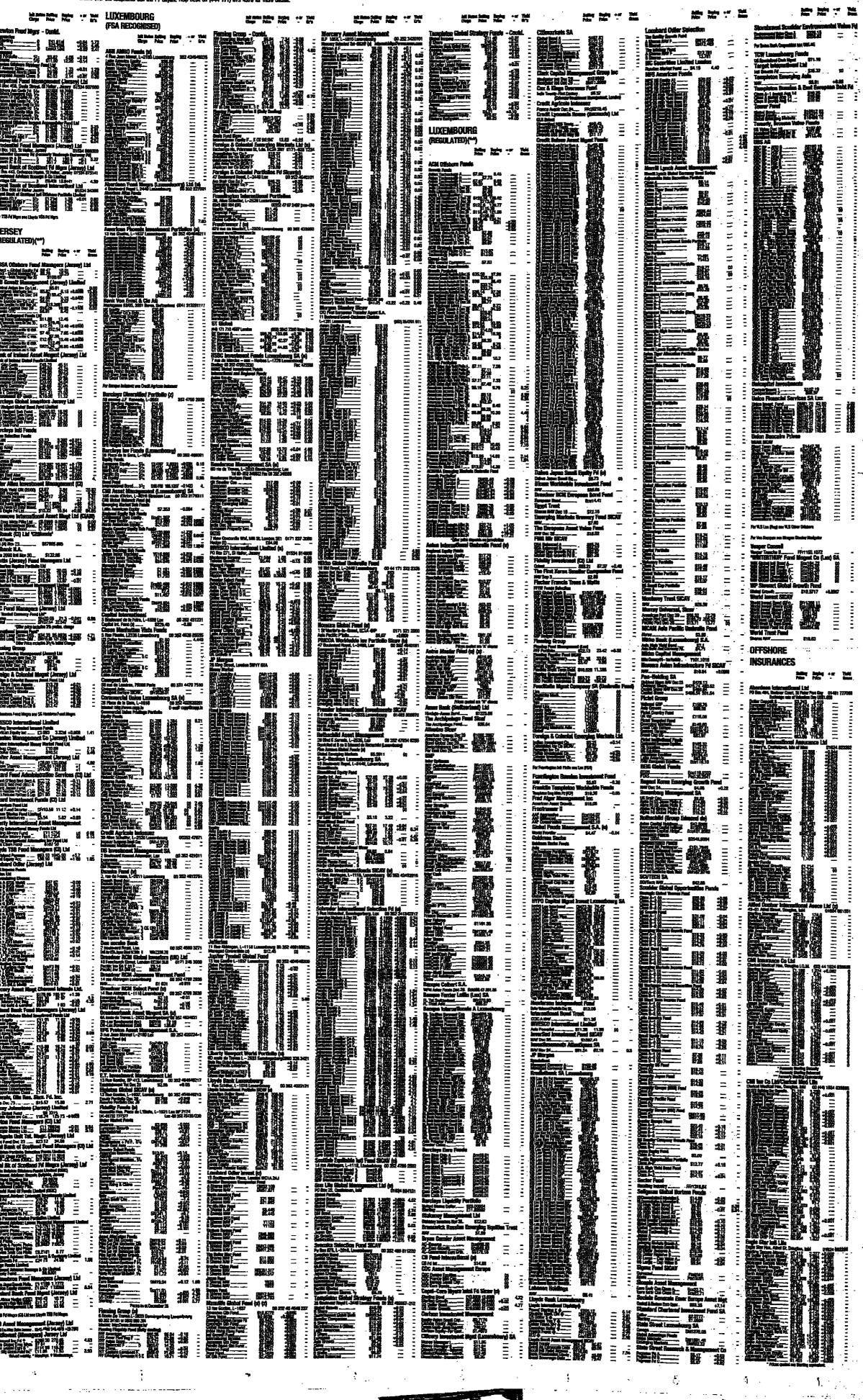
Jan 0.360

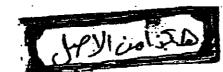
· 無知证ST RATES

Offshore Funds

FT MANAGED FUNDS SERVICE

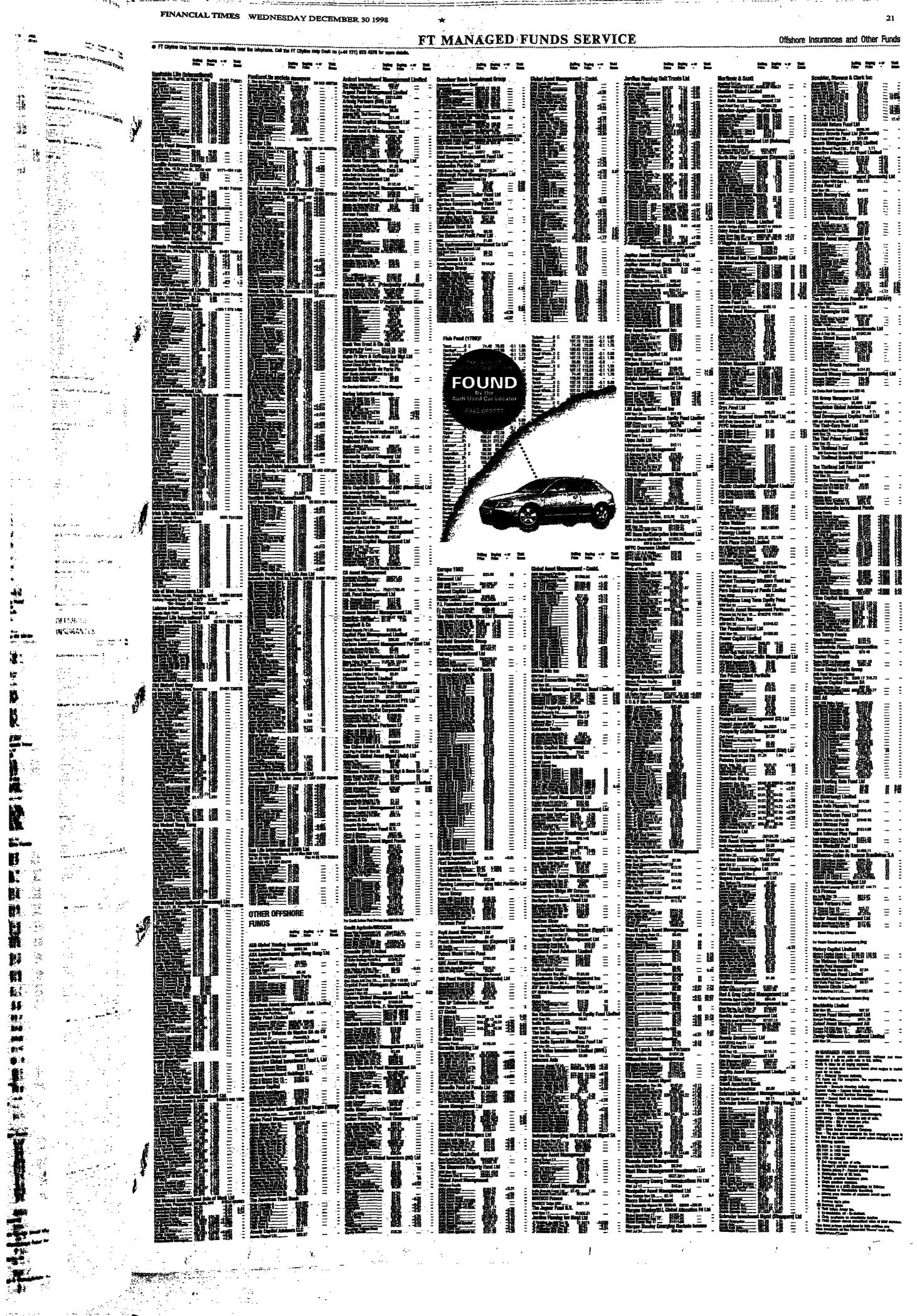






Marie and white of the same

7815433



Lost your MasterCard® card? Can't find a cash machine? **Held is just one call a**

stance, call MasterCard Global Service."

In the U.S. and Canada, call toll-free*:

1-800-307-7309



| The control of the

| The state of the

日本の「「「「「「「「」」」」「「「」」」「「」「」「「」」」「「」」「「」」」「「」」「」」「「」」「」」「「」」「」」「「」」「「」」「「」」「「」」「「」」「「」」「「」」「「」」「「」」「」」「「」」「「」」「「」」「」」「「」」「」」「「」」「「」」「」」「」」「「」」「」

The state of the s

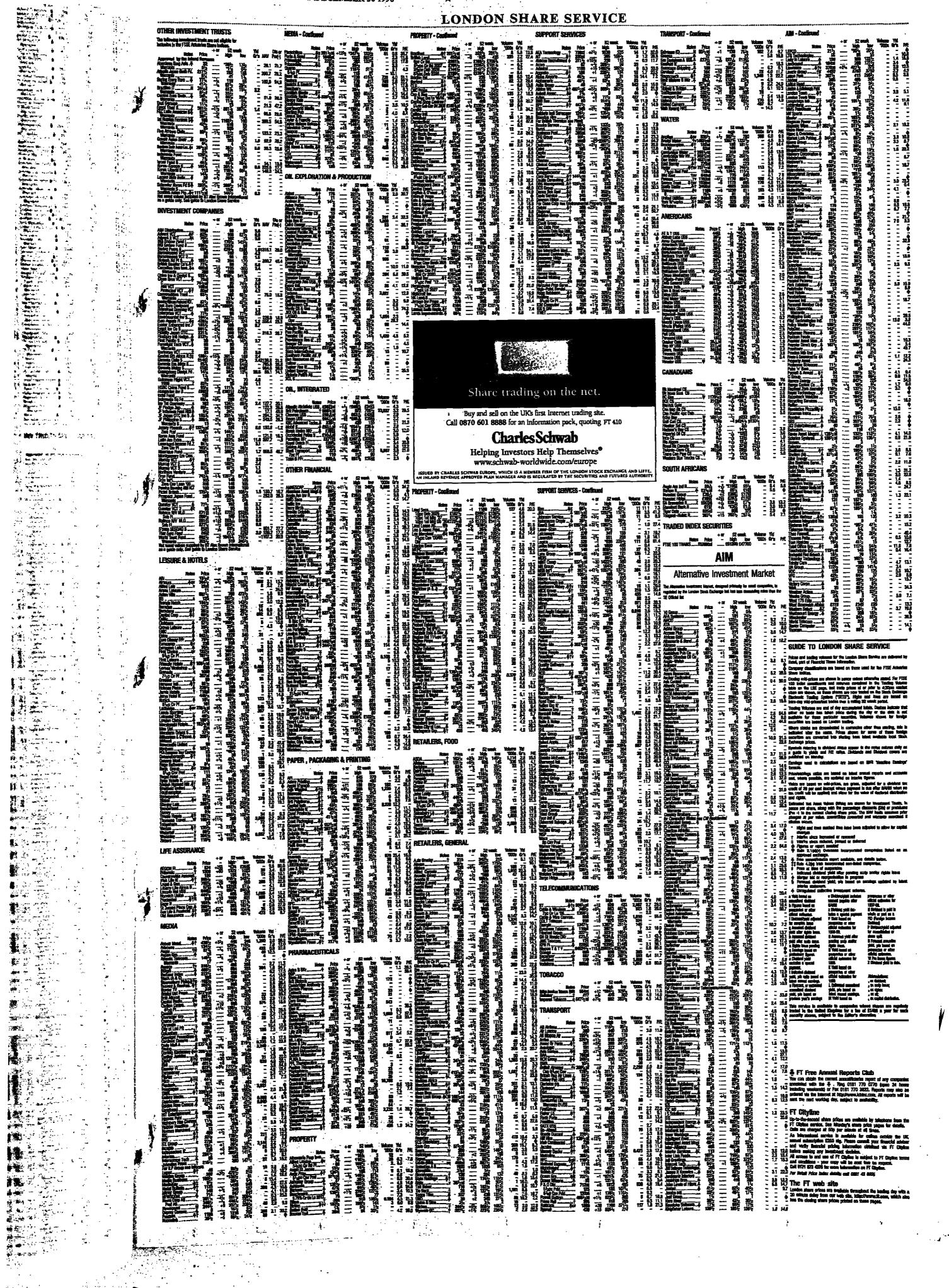
CHEMICALS

AGA SU PUDO
AGA SU PUDO
AGA SU PUDO
AGA SU SUBALA AGA
AGA SUBALA AGA
AGA SUBALA AGA
AGA SUBALA AGA
AGA SUBALA
AGA SUBAL

| The content of the

4.5





LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Thomson Indigation Landwick Committee Commit

BP and Quadrant flesh out skeleton trade

MARKET REPORT

UK blue chips shrugged off and continued the recent

The FTSE 100 index ran ahead more than 100 points in the first couple of hours and, although it came under after the Dow Jones Industrial Average opened

had held up on Christmas saw 16m change hands. Ex-

and the SmallCap 9.8 to 2.061.7.

However, the real story was in the turnover. Volume by the 6pm cut-off reached only 286m shares - and more than 13 per cent of that was in two stocks: BP and Quadrant Healthcare.

BP, which is poised to merge with Amoco of the US, so prompting a hig asset shift as fund managers adjust their weightings in what will be the UK's biggest company, saw 23m traded; Quadrant Healthcare

eve, saw lesser gains. The shareholders bailed out from PTSE 250 rose 30.7 to 4843.5 Andaris, a company Quadrant bought in October.

By contrast, turnover on a normal working day - even out but they reflected nothon Mondays and Fridays when volumes are traditionally light – would be light at 800m shares. "The trains were empty

staff in the offices," said the head of sales trading at one broker. "Morning meetings were more or less cancelled. There was trading but Sets [the stock exchange's electronic

would normally get." Other dealers said there

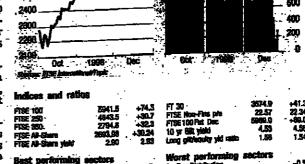
were basket trades carried ing more than arbitrage between the Footsie and the relevant futures contract and the day's activity was

and there was a skeleton hold until the launch of the strategists believe there could be a flood of buying from European institutions which have been waiting on the sidelines to see how the trading system] was pretty launch goes and which have ugly. Prices were wider and

"January effect" - a sharp rise in equities as fund managers make their new year investment decisions - has already happened.

A sceptical Richard Kersley at CSFB maintains an end-of-1999 forecast of 6,200, just 260 points above last night's close.

He says: "While the pros pect of falling interest rates and strong liquidity inflows suggest that there is scope for some additional re-rating of the UK market, this increasingly feels like the last leg of the p/e expansion phase of the bull market."



m FISE 10	BODEX FOR	URES (LIPTE	210 per	tuil index poli	£		
Mar Juli	Open 5920.0	Sett price 5989.0 6029.0	+89.0 0.68+		1.0× 5915.0	Est. val 10776 0	Open Int. 185296 13538
三月美海	D INDEX FIR	wes (JPT)	210 per	tud index pole	<u></u>		

headed for sunshine

COMPANIES REPORT By Joel Kibazo

Fresh hopes for consolidation in the package holiday sector sent Thomson Travel Group sharply ahead.

The shares rose 1114 or nearly 8 per cent to 160%p, making it the best performer in the FTSE 250.

The merger talk came after last week's news that German group Preussag had agreed to buy control of Thomas Cook, the UK travel agency and financial services firm.

Preussag said it had agreed with Thomas Cook's majority shareholder, Westdeutsche Landesbank, the German public sector bank, to buy 24.9 per cent of the UK group now and another 25.2 per cent from WestLB by September 30 next year. Dealers said sentiment in

the stock had been enhanced by recent news of a favourable outcome to an investiga-The Securities and Futures

Authority said only 41 complaints were outstanding of the 960 inquiries it had

age tour operator went on the market. The stock came to the market at 170p a share in

in the same month. Many summer holidays are usually booked in the period just after Christmas and analysts are said to be cautiously optimistic about prospects for the sector although there was little activity among other tour operators yesterday.

Airtours edged up 1/2 384%p while First Cho

hardened a penny to 122½p. Turnover of 23m made oil giant British Petroleum the 100. With completion of the group's merger with US oil group Amoco believed to only days away, the stock has been at the top of investors' shopping lists with few fund managers unwilling to take the chance of not being exposed to the UK's biggest

company. Analysts are still hoping

							DEX
"Low	"High	Yr ann	Dec 21	Dec 22	Dec 23	Dec 24	_
2790.6			3536.4			3533.6	3574.9
2,72	4.22	3.42			2.92	2.93	2.90
15.80	25.41	21.23	22.86	22,78	22,98	22.87	23.12
15.71	25.19	26.94	22.77	22.69	22.88	22.77	23.03

FT 30 Mag	-	-	77-5/96; lo	= 4 8.4 5 25	P40. Base C	1 7725.	٠		
9	18	11		13 3579.4				1 5gb 3594.1	Low 3533.6
O FISE MA	medonař U	mited 1996	. AS egits	servet.	For 1898.	-			
				ABIN					

	Dec 29	Dec 24	Dec 23	Dec 22	Dec 21	Yr ago
EAC bargains	35,290	16,193	42,585	50,500	55,903	35,021
quity turnover (Emil)		1017.7	2256.0	44,633	49,981	1186,4
guily bacainst	-	17.788	39,270	2527.1	2767.6	15,912
lares traded (saj)	-	296.0	924.0	771.3	753.7	359.7
otal wasted bargainst	· -	19,343	44,812	49,293	57,765	
otal turnoves (200):	-	1177.8	2586.2	2901.6	3370.5	
otal shre tracked (mit	286.4"	319.6	999.9	855.0	894.3	
radepoint turnover (Em)	1.4	0.4	4.3	8.2	9.5	26.8
radepoint siss tradedim)	1.0	0.2	2.2	4.2	5.3	7.5

Federal Trade Commission, tomorrow. Yesterday the: 908%p as profit-taking and lies took place

There was a slightly neging shutting its 30,000 barrela-day Ula oilfield in the North Sea because of the low oil price.

However, there was also support from the US as brecer Edward Jones initiated. coverage of the stock with a buy" recommendation.

In contrast, Shell Trans port put on 7% to 373p after rade of 5.9m. Enterprise Oil vas also wanted, the shares udding 5% to 293p. There was little interest in

British Borneo, which left the shares 4 lighter at 100p, the worst performer in the The prospect of lower

interest rates and hopes of forther sector consolidation stocks in demand. Barclays, often spoken of

as a bid target, rose 34 to £13.33 while Halifax hardened 12% to 862%p. Bank of Scotland rose 14 to 718p and gained 23 to £11.94. Tightly held merchant

hanking group Schroder izmined 64 to £11.67 to mak it the best performing stock in this TSE 106. Lights TSE, which was tipped by Nat West Stockbro

kers, improved 13 to 878p. Pharmaceuticals stock were well bid with the Astra of Sweden, reviving old hopes that SmithKline Beecham and Glaxo Well

come might link up. Glaxo gained 47 to £20.78 SmithKline 23% to 842p and

	Ant ·	MC.			- ' - ' :	Com	•			
price P	gald up	(20) (20)			Stack	price p	+#-		CON. (ins phr
_	FP.	15.0	10b		AN WIT	109	·		-	-
-	F.P.		95%		Abbay Net Duble	31#		-		
5	F.P.	277 35.2	5% 118%		producer (CR) BPS (Course Inc.	1179		B-12.65	-	18.1
Š	fø.		1192		Da Cap	75%	-4%		_	
3	F.F.	5.85	117%		(Charle)	11764		-	_	_
8	FP.	6.10	117		Collector August 19			-	_	-
-230	F.P.	-	255		Finançial Object	245	+î	-	-	-
	F.P.	422.7	325h		First Active	303%	+2	-	-	-
	FP.	-	119%		Fire Arrows Uts 140				-	-
-	F.P.	-	53%		### Zong (Str Pf	53W		-	-	-
=	F.P.	37.3	125		likeley B	11		-	-	-
. §	F.P.	4.92	. 34	**	Historia Bidg Little	2		-	-	-
ş	F.P.		105	705	TOo Cay Pri	105 97	٠.ي	. 16	88	21
	F.P.	auc	100		Piccardily Brooks	151	+4	- 14	-	
100	FP. FP.	150	103 100		REXAM 8 Singasiya ana ya					
5	F.P.	25t			Signary and re-	77%	-75	F&Ô	27	72
-	F.P.	281	, 6 5	""	Xanora Wattack	134	-1A	102		'4

■ F	TSE 10	0 100	EX O	PNO	岬	Ð (*5	941 }	\$10	per be	بخدا ا	x poin	Ł	٠.	٠.	. D	ec 29
_	57	8	5	هف	SI	160	51	60	54	80 .,	. ,90	90		58	- 61	08
	C	P	C	P	C	P	C	P	G	`.P.	C	Р.		.6	C.	·P
300	2/2%	50	236	\$43	190%	79	犡	96	. CON	Alb.	1075	151	, 18 ,	470	6 6	30%
Ρeb	401%	150	3075	173	376X	191	335	211	_ 27	231	200	27	2(0)	730	1944	\$00X
	400%	234	477	為用	400%	200	374	207	3425	365	111%	3233	2017	3434	256	367%
kx	. 525	26	30%	25	528	JI (SE	41%	324	46	32	400	3525	3007	1	助抗	3637
jest			127				57%				STEER	植		. :	Time:	537
	2,618 P	± 2	u						,	. :	· ~.	4.	24	1	2 5. ÷	4. 2
	URO 31			106		OP D	00 LL	æ	£10.5	i	inite		18	de	: +	3007

		4.5	· ·	-					
FTSE		D Mil							
	٠.			Dec 24		Gross div yield %	Total retorn	. 52 w Hilph	nek Low
		a a company		85į m	166.0	1.95	921.49	1351.57	701.5
i Régional álca (8)		1000.2	-	···. 	1164.96	196	1006.66	1485.D4	765,6
والمراجات	94	1182.0	∵-0\$ -	1139,10	1154.42	2.57		1600.53	
mericas (1					1018.22		859.36		
Appropriate, Fill	SE 1880	المتامل المات	1938. AL	100 S N	erec, no	COL 8 1937	4 202 2		

21.74 98.11 2324.20 21.74 98.62 1300.95 16.40 89.48 2044.55 32.70 50.44 2170.62 15.47 62.05 1820.77 13.70 65.43 1802.70 21.54 67.26 2474.42 20.86 35.26 1207.56 17.59 29.39 1300.71 16.35 3.70 1321.37 14.33 3.95 1329.22 80.001 10.04 741.39

2.01 1.92 2.17 2.05 2.17 2.00 2.02 1.35 1.89 1.89

5867.2 5908.8 5132.3 2.74 2.94 4812.8 4798.0 4758.1 3.45 2.96 4819.6 4806.8 4802.9 3.60 3.10 2782.5 2777.8 2466.5 2.85 2.44

8 +1.2 2762.5 2777.8 2466.5 2.65 2.44 9 +1.2 2762.5 2775.3 2470.4 2.86 2.45 9 +1.2 2762.5 2765.3 2470.4 2.86 2.45 1 +0.5 2052.7 2618.8 2460.5 3.97 3.39 1 +1.5 2921.8 2942.4 2487.3 1.76 1.52 1 +0.5 2052.41 2044.40 2307.36 3.94 3.24 1 +0.5 2052.41 2044.40 2307.36 3.94 3.24 1 +1.1 2663.74 2577.23 2407.74 2.90 2.48 1 +1.1 2574.59 2688.80 2413.54 2.92 2.49 1 +0.7 1135.78 1132.88 1259.97 4.45 3.61 1 +0.5 1166.22 1161.99 1307.65 4.06 3.32 +0.5 1164.47 1160.16 1330.94 4.38 3.60 1 +0.7 782.1 782.2 888.9 1.32 1.05

Year Dec 24 Dec 23 age

FT Credit Ratings publications

Default Risk: Who is Next?

In today's financial markets your firm's prospects depend more than ever before on the objective assessment of credit risk. Whether your exposure is as investor, lender, counterparty or depositor you need instant access to comprehensive, easy-to-use and authoritative information on sefault risk.

FT Credit Ratings International and FT Credit Ratings in Emerging Markets have been designed to meet this need by bringing together the ratings of the worlds leading ratings agencies.

NOTICE OF REDEMPTION

Pharmaceutical Marketing Services Inc.

61/96 Convertible Subordinated Debentures due 2003

Notice is hereby given that on February 1, 1999 (the "Redemption Date") Pharmaceutical Marketing Services Inc. will redeem all the custanding 6k% Convertible Subordinated Debenures due 2003 at 100% of principal amount (the "Redemption Price"). On the Redemption Date such principal will become due and payable and interest will cease to accrue as of such date. Interest payments due on the Redemption Date will be paid to holders of record as of the close of business on January 15, 1999.

The right to convert the Debentures into shares of Common Stock at the conversion price of \$20.00 per share (the "Conversion Price") will terminate at the close of business on January 18, 1999.

Registered Securities should be presented for conversion or surrendered for payment at the following address: Harris Trust Company of New York, Wall Street Plaza, 88 Pine Street, 19th Ploor, New York, New York 10005, Amr. Corporate Trust Department.

Beater Securities, with all coupons appertaining thereto, should be presented for conversion or samendered for payment to the following address: The Bank of New York, 30 Camon Street, London, EC4M 6XH, England, Attn: Deborah Cummer-Price or Banque Internationale à Luxembourg, 69 Rome d'Esch, L-2953, Luxembourg,



for more information >

For more information on the FT Coult Ratings publications phone Robert Shiell on +44 (0)171 825 8642 e-mail robert shiell@ft.com

CUSIP 717123AA1

FINANCIAL TIMES

Euro 90,000,000 Series 1998-1 Class A1 Secured Floating Rute Notes due 2016 Euro 130,000,000 Series 1998-1 Class A2 Secured Floating Rute Notes due 2016 Euro 35,000,000 Series 1998-1 Class B Secured Floating Rute Notes due 2016

	Clast A)	Class A2	Class B
Note-Principal Psyment	5,550.61521111		; nå
Principal Amount Outstanding	90,678.2198	100,000	100,000
Redemption Premium	p/2	nil	nil
Aggregase Principal Amount Ountanding	81,610,397.82	130,000,000	35,000,000

BANQUE GENERALE
DU LUXEMBOURG
Agent Bank

Notice to the holders of Gallop Ex. Limited U.S. \$102,000,000

Bankers Trustee Company Limits

To Advertise Your

Legal

Notices

Melanie Miles

Tel: +44 0171 873 3349 Fax: +44 0171 873 3064

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE BESH COURT OF JUSTICE CHANGERY DIVISION COMPANIES COURT IN THE MALTIER OF PRIMARY HEALTH PROPERTIES - and -EN THE MATTER OF THE COMPANIES ACT 1985

NOTICE IS RUREBY CIVEN that the Order of the High Court of Justice (Chancey Civision) dated Webschay 16th December 1998 confirming the reduction of shore prevalent account of the above, named Company from 27,770,000 to 25,810,000 was registered by the Registers of Companies an 32nd December 1998. DATED this 30th day of Dox Nabarro Nathanaoz The Aschorago 34 Bridge Street Reading RGI 2131

■ FTSE Actuaries Industry Sectors 10 RESOURCES(18) 12 Extraolite Incustrice(9) 15 Oil, Integrated(3) 16 Oil Exploration & Prod(8) 60 UTILITIES(20) 62 Electricity(7) 64 Gas Distribution(2) 68 Water(11) 70 FRANCIALS(129)
71 Banks, Retal(12)
73 haurance(21)
74 Life Assurance(3)
77 Other Financial(31)
79 Property(48) FT\$E 180

FISE All-Share as law Tr FISE All-Share as law Tr FISE Pledging as law Tr FISE Pledging as law Tr FISE All-Shari

FISE All-Small as lay Tr

+0.4 4150.31 4143.58 4506.66 3.58 3.18 +1.5 2609.87 2682.43 2995.11 5.15 4.75 +0.3 4694.18 4669.57 4961.33 3.37 2.99 +0.2 1404.22 1395.84 3620.60 3.96 3.46 1.52 2.00 1.45 0.97 12.15 130.45 854.22 25.57 145.75 2354.91 32.56 47.73 880.86 13.70 82.90 9.89 40.44 12.45 85.64 13.83 73.92 12.65 59.23 23.00 61.77 13.59 85.26 15.12 77.26 20 GES BRUGSTREALS(198) 1790.21 27 Construction(37)
22 Building Holds & Mercha(25)
23 Chamicals(20)
24 Diversibled industrials(4)
25 Bugines(sq(36)
27 Bugines(sq(36)
27 Bugines(sq(36) 28. Paper, Polig & Printing(18 20 CONSTRUER GOODS(R2)
32 Anoholic Buvanges(5)
33 Food Producers(28)
34 Household Goods & Texts(14)
36 Health Care(14)
37 Pharmacosticolog(2)
38 Tobacco(3) +1.5 6091.98 6114.72 4913.27 219 1.98 1.92 29.65 132.53 2481.14 415 3890.79 3833.09 3255.52 3.16 2.94 2.13 18.57 132.20 1557.38 +12 3822.99 3840.85 3339.72 2.32 2.01 2.31 23.34 90.25 1898.96 +0.9 2118.55 2113.76 3113.92 4.75 4.27 1.96 13.22 93.16 91.70 42.4 2385.35 2377.02 2284.17 2.11 1.95 2.11 28.07 47.75 1577.28 +23 19778.47 10863.22 8153.56 1.60 1.49 1.61 48.65 16524 3971.55 41.5 6890.69 6394.79 4805.47 4.57 4.09 2.04 12.50 249.54 1966.58 7003_83 +1.5 6890_60 6994_79 4805_47 4.61 4.09 2.04 12.50 240.64 1986_58 3480_76 +1.9 3457_45 3478_55 2861_52 2.47 2.04 2.10 24.14 77.07 1941_46 183.43 -2.11 1838_44 1839_38 2501_70 5.19 4.29 1.99 12.10 61.99 736_51 3247_83 +1.4 2204_24 321_50 3306_83 2.83 2.50 2.85 12.50 80.41 1855_76 4302_85 +0.6 4276_13 4299_25 4156_47 2.41 2.04 2.16 24.01 87.75 1844_58 2769_02 +1.8 2744_21 2733_81 2734_33 3.28 2.63 2.14 17.79 72.64 1823_51 2769_02 +1.8 2744_21 2733_81 2734_33 3.28 2.63 2.14 17.79 72.64 1823_51 2769_02 +1.8 2740_21 2733_81 2734_33 3.55 2.65 2.09 16.65 61.15 1308_99 5338_24 +0.8 5223_8 5398_55 2722_29 1.59 1.38 1.59 46.71 73.68 2631_83 329_52 402 5322_83 353_63 354_96 3.56 2.88 2.21 15.99 40.71 73.86 2631_83 354_25 405 4602_22 4503_65 3476_28 356_28 2.21 15.90 101_89 1831_89 467_67 33_85 51.55 256_28 42 12.50 101_89 1831_89 467_67 33_85 51.55 256_28 42 12.50 101_89 1831_89 467_67 33_85 51.55 256_28 42 12.50 101_89 1831_89 467_67 348_67 34 38 Tehecoca 40 Sethectoru(25) 41 Distributuru(25) 42 Leisuru - 8 Hotels(31) 43 Madisi(47) 44 Realieru, Generali(42) 46 Telecommunications(7) 47 Breweries, Pube & Rest (24) 48 Support Servicus(63) 48 Temaport(28) 69 NOW-FRANCIALS(801) 2748.74 +1.0 2720.25 2732,01 2418.19 2.82 2.44 1.98 22.57 67.53 2288.24
 2748,74
 +1.6
 2720,20
 273,97
 2418,19
 2.52
 2.44
 1.98
 22.57
 67.53
 2002,22

 5161,77
 +1.4
 5089,73
 5131,64
 4821,99
 3.19
 2.65
 2.17
 18.07
 140,03
 2417.19

 7737,50
 +1.2
 7648,64
 7717,53
 7745,97
 2.31
 2.65
 2.17
 18.07
 140,03
 2417.19

 2305,61
 +2.4
 2250,83
 2274,16
 2117.93
 3.08
 2.90
 1.91
 21.22
 77.69
 1833,18

 7661,89
 +1.7
 7333,96
 740,51
 5875,34
 2.58
 2.23
 2.70
 17.94
 167.39
 3363,78

 3605,24
 +1.8
 3540,49
 5824,09
 3782,99
 3.07
 2.54
 2.52
 18.15
 108,95
 2227.03

 3661,32
 +0.4
 1857,11
 1689,37
 241,03
 3.76
 3.20
 1.70
 18.61
 82.37
 1106,57

 3579,77
 +1.0
 3545,02
 3831 AC INVESTMENT TRUSTS(117) 2883.98 +1.1 2673.74 2677.23 2407.74 2.90 2.48 2.00 21.54 67.26 2474.42 2706.08 +1.1 2674.59 2688.80 2413.54 2.92 2.49 2.02 21.23 88.01 1278.43 89 FIRE All-Charg(CSE) 105 FIRE All-Share ex law Tr(721) 1445.59 -0.2 1449.51 1438.42 1002.38 0.85 0.52 4.21 45.82 7.35 1454.50 9.03 19.00 11.08 13.90 14.00

5673.4 5951.3 5650.6 5943.4 5944.8 5335.5 5931.3 4615.1 4825.1 4830.2 4834.2 4836.6 4843.6 4842.6 2763.2 2797.1 2797.3 2794.7 2795.7 2792.4 2790.7 2064.18 2056.18 2057.82 2059.20 2059.71 2060.28 2056.40 2696.31 2895.71 2855.97 2683.74 2694.65 2691.88 2690.08 5932_1 4843.1 2701.0 2061.27 2690,47

FREE AN-States 2009.37 2009.77 2009.37 2009.37 2009.37 2009.42 2004.65 2007.88 2000.08

Take of FREE AN-State Day's high to 1200 Bay's took 2009.00 FREE AN-State 1988 High 2007.88 Law, 4943.7 (06/10/98)

For State Information is available on http://www.fast.com.

© FREE Informational Limited 1998. All Hights reserved: "FT-SE" and "Footsia" are trade marked of the London Stack Exchange and The Financial Times and are used by FTSE informational under Econom. † Sector PRE ration greater than 80 are not about. † Values are negative.



Classified information.

Dated: December 30, 1998

Classified Business Advertising in the FT eall: Tel: +44 171 873 4874 Fax: +44 171 873 3064

Open for business.

Pharmaceutical Marketing Services Inc.

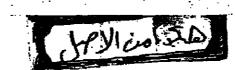
Home and Office Software Tel: #44 171 873 3348 Fat: #44 171 873 4431

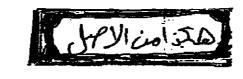
Please contact

 $\Theta\Pi$

We want your business.

For more information on business advertising please call: Tel: +44 171 873 4874 Fax: +44 171 873 3064





WEDNESDAY DECEMBER 30 1998 Highs & Lows shown on a 52 week basis WORLD STOCK MARKETS EUROPE ACO 11.20
ACO 12.20
ACO 12 71.90 2.77 18 273
7.157 1.85 2.5
7.157 1.85 2.5
7.16 2.14 7.17 2.5
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6
7.10 2.6 TRALY (Dec. 29 / Ling)

***Bill 14,290 + 49'

***Bill 8,170 - 45'

***Bill 8,170 - 45'

***Bill 8,170 + 45'

***Bi +8.97 348.05 58.68 9.4 4.5 +10.10 1,138 424 4.6 - 8.200 2.850 1.2 38.1 - 30 18.17 89.32 73 8.8 3 - 30 7.306 27.18 38.4 1.3 3 - 187 9.900 6.000 10.2 14.4 Rockwell 221197
475164
1970019
1970019
1970019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019
1980019 Augitus Carif Accident Carif Acciden +35 52 10 22 35 18 2 17 2 17 2 1.8449 62/4573467 1.272 225 8.3 4.7 100 115 2.0 175 67 4.2 175 67 5.6 1,750 7 5.6 725 1.6 25.9 100 16.8 1.5 200 13.2 2.8 1,275 1.8 11.1 125 32.9 0.9 Files Gender Gender H.C.P. IFI P. IFI S haden Raden Ra Amer A Anto A Custri Custri Flanck Flanck Hunt I Hunt A Karaka Vandan 52 29.50 217 96 190 210sr 38.10 77 TorDom x
Tracel x
Ucorp
Unification x
Value
Wester x
Wheeling x
Value
Value Kone B Loncom March Marc 037 70 197 1 102 40 87 1 102 40 87 1 108 21 183 1 108 22 103 1 108 22 103 1 108 22 103 1 108 21 123 0 108 1 124 1 108 1 40.80 29.90 18.30 17.80 22 12.80 432 A TOP OF THE PROPERTY OF THE P -18 546 277 0.6 54.5

Actanix 5.400 -100 10.30 3.000 44 32.2

Actanix 5.200 -100 10.30 3.000 14 30.2

Actanix 5.200 -100 10.30 3.000 12 —

Cases 30,000 15.00 10 12 —

Cases 30,000 15.00 12 —

Cases 30,000 15.00 10 12 —

Cases 5,784 5,223 5,300 3,220 1,440 5,345 1,760 4,246 7,929 8,200 34,900 4,080 #2 S +/- Hote La 43.1 - 15 GLS 23.4 7.6 + 1.1 11.5 8.8 14.76 17.3 11.5 33.4 + 2 33.4 5.25 19 - 4 22.1 14.8 32.65 - 36 33 23.6 22.95 23.5 12.5 3 -05 345 155 53 88
256 +06 229 170 - 6
043 -01 123 030 - 6
125 -18 222 113 43
259 -15 45 120 47 75
355 -10 509 225 44 58
046 -02 150 039 - 71
750 -20 76 476 25 25
750 -20 76 476 25 25
750 -10 10 10 10 11 12
565 - 593 180 32 714
150 -10 126 225 134
565 - 555 380 32 714
150 -10 126 225 134
565 - 755 380 72 183
565 - 755 380 72 183
565 - 755 380 72 183
565 - 755 380 72 183
565 - 755 380 72 183
565 - 755 380 72 183
565 - 755 380 72 183
565 - 755 380 72 183
565 - 755 380 72 183
565 - 755 380 72 183 +15 4.250 2.502 2.9 763 January III.

Pit.]

-10 2.800 1.450 1.5 19.9 Alleys Al MESCIČO (Dac 29 / Pesci) +/- May Lew Yel ME
-10 MATO 18.22 2.8 4.8
-20 61.50 27.15 20 19.4
-20 51.50 27.15 20 19.4
-20 51.50 19.10 6.8 25.6
-20 51.10 19.10 6.8 25.6
-20 51.10 19.10 2.8 25.6
-20 51.10 19.10 2.8 25.6
-20 51.10 19.10 2.8 25.6
-20 51.10 19.10 2.8 25.6
-20 51.10 19.10 2.8 25.6
-20 51.10 19.10 2.8 25.6
-20 51.10 19.10 2.8 25.6
-20 51.10 19.10 2.8 25.6
-20 51.10 2.8 25.6
-20 51.10 2.8 25.6
-20 51.10 2.8 25.6
-20 51.10 2.8 25.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 26.6
-20 51.10 2.8 2 1,530 16,350 1,250 2,350 9,315 2,350 1,365 3,935 3,935 3,935 3,935 1,450 FRANCE (Dec 29 / Frs.) Accine
Actine
Ac AGÉ-ACONS \$27.60 1,188 1,010 680 1200 1219 790 305 2,460 1,150 2,460 1,150 2,460 1,150 2,460 1,500 44,30 303,303 | Sum with two | IFC investable indices | Dother terms | Dother te Emerging markets: FT/S&P ACTUARIES WORLD INDICES 1996 -----Local Coereincy Index FROMAT | FRO US Delter Index Local Carrency index
211.68 155.78 352.84 201.89 453.50 461.26 261.95 11.88 241.89 453.50 11.84 201.89 453.50 11.84 201.85 201.8 Coral 7, day 0.0 0.7 0.8 -2.6 0.1 1.8 0.5 -1.1 -0.2 0.5 1.3 0.5 1.3 0.5 1.3 0.6 0.1 1.3 0.1 1. Day's Change US Dollar Index 52 week Low Yen Index
141.23
191.25
191.25
303.80
97.88
144.81
303.80
303.83
347.83
247.83
247.83
352.76
385.86
17.14
832.76
385.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
185.87
17.86
17.86
17.86
17.86
17.86
17.86
17.86
17.86
17.86
17.86
17.86
17.86
17.86
17.86
17.86
17.86
17.86
17.86
17.86
17.86
17.86
17.86
17.86
17.86
17.86
17.86
17.86
17.86
17.86
17.86
17.86
17.86
17.86
17.86
17.86
17.86
17.86
17.86
17.86
17.86
17.86
17.86
17.86
17.86
17.86
17.86
17.86
17.86
17.86
17.86
17.86
1 52 week
16gh

219.96
253.73
415.33
268.78
258.78
345.18
357.33
585.33
585.33
345.18
325.67
338.12
382.55
67.27
106.98
299.39
246.74
346.20
386.24
417.23
437.26
447.26
386.24
113.28
555.97
119.48
220.19
483.13
366.32
108.93
109.21
216.94
104.07
2218.94
220.19
228.92
246.74
246.74
246.74
246.74
246.74
246.74
246.74
246.74
246.84
503.95 of stock 211.66 155.80 355.00 221.89 456.76 282.15 245.25 24 142.48 130.99 302.65 145.18 365.89 149.27 234.23 247.10 230.85 365.70 125.85 362.86 135.46 142.92 332.86 135.46 142.97 155.90 362.86 155.97 155.96 362.86 163.97 155.96 362.86 163.97 16 185.92 185.92 380.24 485.91 172.80 485.91 485.91 485.91 485.91 180.32 485.91 180.32 485.91 180.32 AMERICALA (Dec 28 / Austis)

AMERICALA (Dec 2 168.53 168.53 168.52 361.54 172.53 451.45 27 163.88 166.45 250.39 102.68 159.94 420.12 267.59 271.47 196.94 383.13 115.86 45.88 191.13 45.88 191.13 102.45 151.56 42.48 191.13 377.73 378.74 377.97 378.74 378.7 170.89
159.11
367.61
118.07
174.95
444.95
444.95
45.08
1007.95
467.13
1007.95
467.13
1008.64
17.51
1268.11
168.64
17.51
1268.11
168.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64
169.64 193.07 179.77 .415.33 .133.40 .197.66 .501.98 .585.83 Belghim (22)
Brazil (32)
Canada (32)
Canada (31)
Polend (28)
Florend (28)
Francis (75)
Sammery (55)
Greece (35)
Hong Atong, Chine (67)
Indonesta (28)
Head (38)
Special (46)
Special (46)
Sector (46)
Sector (46)
Sector (30)
Theliand (30)
Theliand (30) 289,70 \$38,12 \$11,12 \$0,94 \$41,08 \$17,97 \$7,26 \$1138,45 \$27,13 \$7,26 \$1138,45 \$27,13 \$7,26 \$1138,45 \$27,13 \$7,26 \$11,20 \$11,2 SUUTH KORKA (Dec 28 / Won)

+/- Main Low Yet P.E.

| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E.
| Heigh Low Yet P.E. 0.1 0.8 1.4 0.3 0.7 0.1 1.3 0.4 1.2 -0.5 0.2 0.4 0.4 0.4 01 09 1.3 05 05 0.1 1.2 0.2 0.3 0.3 Prices sempled by Edel, past of FT information. MOTES - Poisse on this page are as countries to

....

THE P 16 MIN TO 13 P 16 MIN TO 13 P 16 MIN TO 13 P 16 MIN TO 12 P 16 MIN TO 13 P

- S -

- N -

97, fundamental 12% beryelf for 12% beryelf fo

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE PRICES 14. F 16. 1

221; Glassing Co.
231; Glassin 在一个时间,一个时间,我们就是一个一个时间,我们就是一个时间,我们就是一个时间,我们就是一个时间,我们就是一个时间,我们是一个时间的,我们就是一个的人的人,我们也会会

15½ Constant 22 Constant 22 Constant 24 Constant 14½ Constant 15½ Constant 15½ Constant 25½ Constant 25½ Constant 17½ Constant 17½ Constant 17½ Constant 17½ Constant 17½ Constant 12 Constant 12 Constant 12 Constant 12 Constant 12 Constant 13 Constant 11½ Constant 1 はるないのでは 私からな 215 164 DP. 1668 996 225 Date See 295 Date S 李子子等在了一次

去子 城市 有事情事情情情 并将将的情形情况的情况的

25 | STEEL OF 12 | STEEL OF

Fig. 45% attention of the control of

人名英格兰人名英格兰人姓氏 人名英格兰人姓氏克里的变体 经有人人的人的 有有的 中華的 经有人的人的人的

5 Milliams
143 F Dande
143 F Resident
143 F Resident
5 F Resident
5 F Resident
5 F Resident
15 F Res

と関するとは、10mmのでは、10mmのできた。たべるとは、10mmので

- H -

去 妈 有魔者中语有人的人的人 经国有证据 大概 经有代价经济 经力量之代表 医大量目的大量经济的人的

经经济股份的存储分别 医自己有力 化 中国教育 人名英格兰人名英格兰人名英格兰人名

| 1.10 | 6.2 | 14 | 551 | 773 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774 | 774

Fife And Supplies

474, 271) Out tale 474, 1074 Outcome the 35°s, 48°s, Goodf a 37°s, 15°s, Outcome 22°s, 23°s, Other GAE 46°s, 33°s, Other GAE

77. 15 to Company of the Company of

是我们就是我们的是我们的,我们也是我们的,我们就是我们的是我们的是我们的我们的我们的我们的我们的我们的我们的我们的我们的,我们也可以是我们的,我们也是我们的,我们也是我们的,我们也是我们的,我们也是我们的,我们也是我们的,我们也是我们的,我们也是我们的,我们也是我们的,我们也是我们的,我们也是我们的,我们也是我们的,我们也是我们的,我们也是我们的,我们也是我们的,我们也是我们的,我们也是我们的,我们可以是我们的,我们可以是我们的,我们可以是我们的,我们可以是我们的一个一个一个一个一个一个一个

SET THE STATE OF T

外是这个大学的,我们是我们的,我们的是我们的,我们的是我们的是我们的,我们们是我们的,我们们的一个人们的一个人们的,我们们的,我们们的一个人们的,我们们的人们的 我们是我们的一个人们的,我们们是我们的,我们们就是我们的一个人们的,我们们是我们的,我们们是我们的,我们们就是我们的一个人们的一个人们的一个人们的,我们们们们的 经外外的人的人的 不 人名英格兰人姓氏格特的变体 人名西西 不 人名 五七 不不不 人名英格兰人姓氏克克斯的变体

37 | Westers | 12 | W

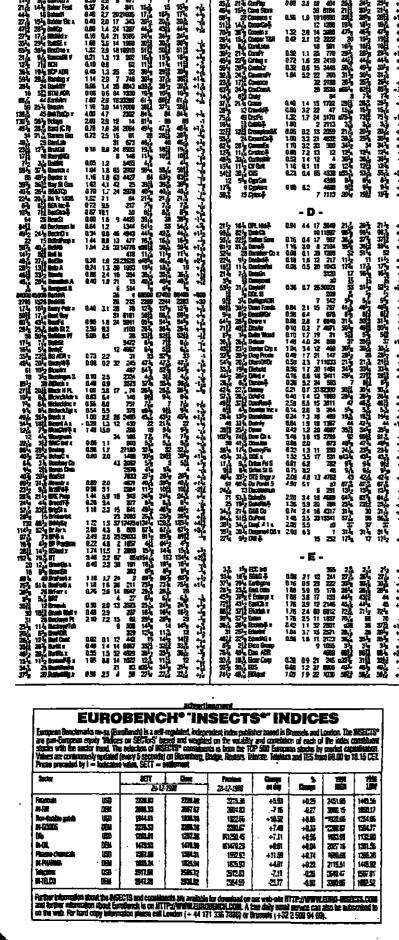
- ย -

《日本教育》的《《日本教》的《日本教》

S. Tarifford Description of the Control of the Cont

はないないのでは、 のでは、10mmのでは、

ETT Free Annual Reports Club
You can obtain the current annual reports and it
available quarterly reports of any compenies on the
US exchanges with a \$ symbol. To order reports fing
(international Access) 1-804-92 0-8097 or give the
names of the companies whose reports you want
and tex your request to (international Access)
1-804-920-9195. Reports will be sent the next working day, subject to availability. You can also order
online at http:// www.lcbinc.com/cgi-bls/fit.

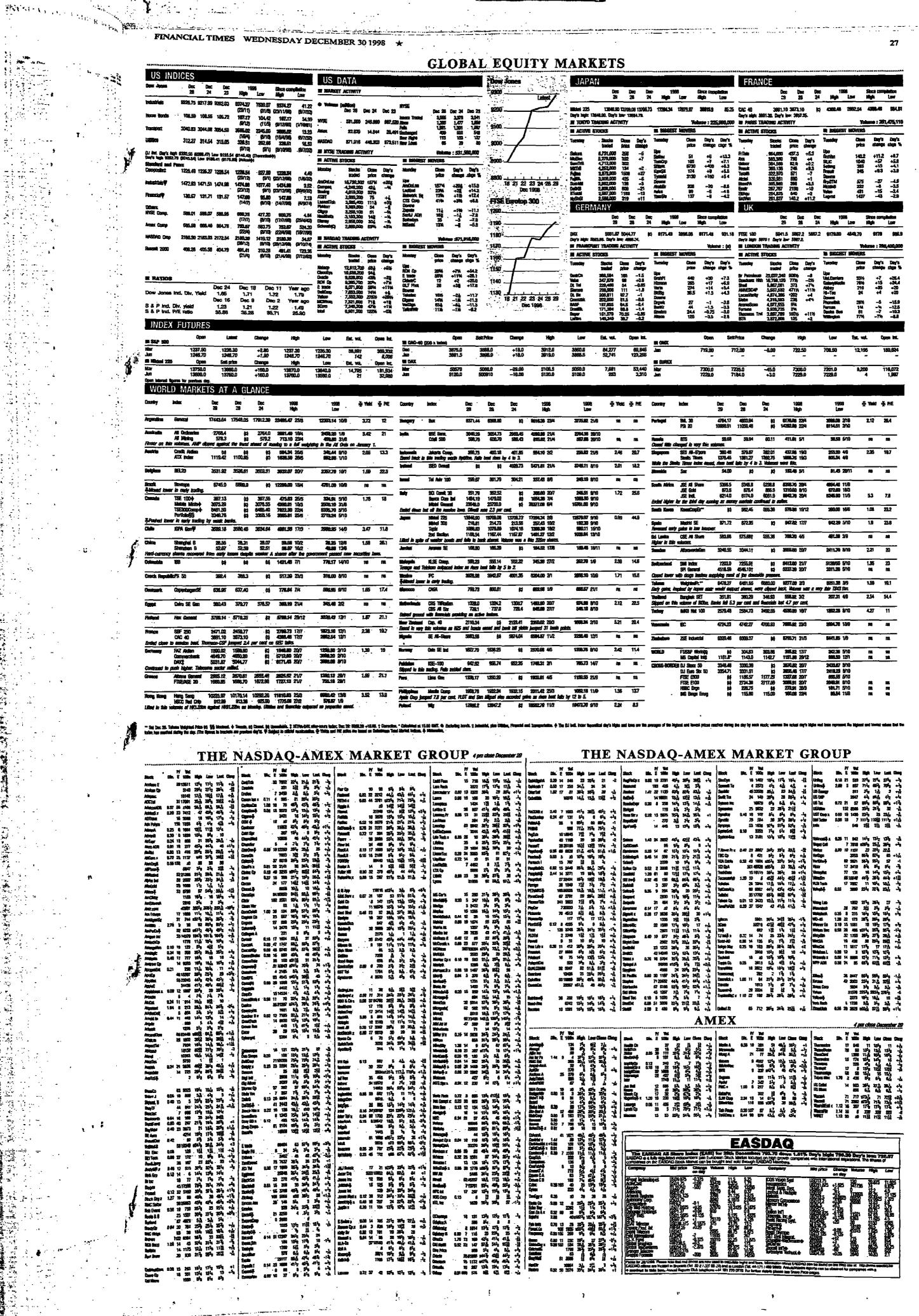






AND THE PARTY OF T

...



STOCKOMARKETS

Wall Street edges higher in thin trade

AMERICAS

Blue chips reversed a sluggish start to lead Wall Street higher in early afternoon trading, writes John Labate in New York.

By then the Dow Jones Industrial Average had gained 69.77 or 0.8 per cent to 9,296.52. The Standard & Poor's 500 index was slightly stronger, adding 11.21 or 0.9 per cent at 1,236,70.

Trading volume was thin, as expected during the week leading up to the new year. Advancing shares pulled ahead of decliners by four to three on the NYSE

Mild selling in high-tech shares put a damper on the Nasdao composite, which trailed the broader market with a gain of less than 1 point at 2,181.01. Shares of Dell Computer, one of this year's best performers, came

off \$74 to \$744. major internet shares gave way to profit-taking throughout much of the morning. with Amazon.com down \$14\frac{1}{4} to \$337\frac{1}{4} and Yahoo! falling \$7% to \$267%.

But online brokerage stocks swam against the tide, with Ameritrade Holdings up \$21 to \$35 and E*Trade climbing \$311 to

SAO PAULO dropped about the recent rapid move-

or 3.0 per cent lower at 6.693. as concerns about the health Monday's session on the of Brazil continued to worry foreign exchange markets local investors. The Merval yielded a net dollar outflow of \$1bn, meaning that a net lower at 428.08 at midses-\$4.51bn has left the country this month

\$35m late on Monday.

higher at \$76% after the company released new information about its job-cutting

Bookseller Barnes & Noble gained more than 10 per cent at \$44% after Morgan Stanley Dean Witter raised its

But Ziff-Davis was down 5 per cent to \$17% after Morgan Stanley cut its rating to "neutral".

TORONTO moved lower in thin volumes as investors made a slow return to the

Monday's euphoria for composite index was off Banks set the early tone

In the energy sector, Con- sectors, Alcan Aluminium oco fell \$1/4 to \$20 after the fell 40 cents to C\$41.55.

São Paulo falls sharply

sharply in early trading many companies and banks amid investor nervousness are using dollars to meet ment of dollars out of Brazil loan obligations.

The Bovespa index was 206

company said it would take a \$50m charge in the fourth quarter, Halliburton, the oil services company, lost \$2# or more than 8 per cent to \$30 after it issued news of its own fourth-quarter charge of

In the Dow, AT&T was \$2%

market after the four-day At the moon count, the 300

23.70 at 6.441.70. with Royal Bank of Canada off 45 cents at C\$76.45 and Bank of Montreal dipping 10 cents to C\$83.40. Golds, too. were dull. Barrick shed 30 cents to C\$29.40.

Among telecoms, Northern Telecom gave up C\$1.25 at C\$77.95 and BCE 90 cents at C257.10. In the metals-based

Currency traders say that overseas year-end bond and

BUENOS AIRES weakened index was 5.92 or 1.4 per cent sion. Declining issues led advancers 17 to nine.

Paris advances in front of futures expiry EUROPE Helped by technical support

ahead of tomorrow's futures expiry. PARIS ended within a whisker of its best of the session, gaining 18.0 at 3,891,10.

Thomson-CSF climbed to FFr230 after the group confirmed talks with GEC aimed at a CSF link with the UK group's Marconi defence operations. The shares closed up FFr5.20 at FFr226 in FFr35.5m turnover that stood out on what was generally a seasonally thin ses-

L'Oréal gained FFr58 at FFr3,966 and Renault was also firm, rising FFr9.30 or 4 The FTSE Eurotop 300 Index

rose 5.05 or 0.43 per cent to 1,191.62. See Euro Prices page. per cent to FFr245. Among motor components, Michelin and Valeo were weak, dipping FFr8 to FFr222 and FFr15 to FFr431 respectively. Spectacles chain Grandvision, which has fallen

the back of bid talk. The shares added FFr11.20 or 8.7 per cent at FFr140.20 after a local press report suggested that retail glant Pinault-Printemps was keen to take a stake.

FRANKFURT continued to rally, adding 16.05 at 5,056.20 on the Xetra Dax index. Telecoms recovered after marked weakness on Monday when a wave of competition worries sparked selling. Insurers were also in favour. Deutsche Telekom gained 95 pfg to DM55.97 and Mannesmann added DM5.30 at

DM812 and Allianz gained DM16.50 to DM631.50. Share buy-back news sent BHF-Bank down 25 pfg to DM67, with the bank confirming it had acquired 3.4 cent of its capital over

DM197.80. In insurers, Munich Re rose DM14.80 to

MILAN edged lower on a quiet day dominated by domestic fund activity. The Mibtel index closed 72 or 0.8 per cent down at 23.648. Olivetti, the computer and

the past two months.

recovered from profit-taking in midsession to end L130 or 2.3 per cent higher at L5,710. The stock has been buoyed

pects for its Infostrada fixed-line unit. Olivetti shares, which were the most heavily traded on the bourse vesterday. have risen 509 per cent since the start of the year.

by optimism about the pros-

Mediobanca, the merchant cent up at L22.412 as inves-

in its prospects after the launch of the euro in the new year. The stock has gained 20.1 per cent in the last five sessions. AMSTERDAM finished

session of narrow trading. The AEX index was up 2.28 at 1.194.67 at the close. With financials providing some of the day's liveliest action. ABN Amro ended off 10 bank, closed L187 or 0.8 per cents at F1 40.40 in 10.8m shares traded while ING

which dropped Fl 1.50 or 2.6 per cent to F155.80. Philips dipped F11.50 to F1126.70. HELSINKI fell for the first time in nine sessions as

investors took profits from market leader Nokia. The Hex index closed 91.06

5.628.29. The index had risen 15 per cent in the previous eight days' trading.

FM685.50 on Monday, Pta109bn. reached FM640 before inves tors started to sell in earnest. The stock, which had climbed 20 per cent in eight sessions before yesterday, ended FM5.50 or 0.9 per cent down at FM630. Raisio, the food group,

continued its variable perforclose to all square after a mance ahead of the US launch of Benecol, its cholesterol-cutting food agent. It lost FM3.80 or 5.6 per cent to finish at FM55.70.

Talentum, the media company, continued to enjoy the benefits of positive reviews on the bourse and in the gained Fl 1.30 to Fl 117.10. A media.

dull day for the dollar The stock jumped FM5 or 6.3 sparked selling at KLM, per cent to close at FMS5. It has gained 51.8 per cent in the last five days' trading.

MADRID gave back early gains after Wall Street opened lower. On a day of thin trade, the general index shed 12.9 to end at 9.940.7.

Although the index or 1.6 per cent lower at climbed above 10,000 at one point, dealers said investors had little incentive to buy further. The volume of Nokia, which closed at shares traded was low at

ZURICH slipped in a ses sion that attracted little investor interest. The SMI index of leading shares dropped 52.5 or 0.7 per cent to 7,203.0. Financial stocks failed to

provide the kind of support they lent the market on

UBS fell SFr7 or 1.6 per cent to SFr422, while Credit Suisse Group closed SFr3.25 or 1.5 per cent lower at SF1220.25.

Written and edited by Jeffrey Brown, Michael Peel, Peter Hall

Tokyo moves ahead despite rise in bond yields

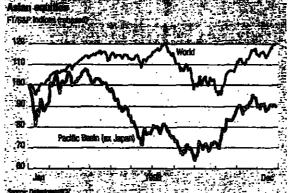
ASIA PACIFIC

Shares in TOKYO, boosted by last-minute trades of a large-lot futures order, rose government bond yields,

mrites Alexandra Nusbaum. The Nikkei 225 Average rose 137.84 or 1 per cent to close at its session high of 13,846.90 after trading as low as 13,664.79. The Nikkei 300 rose 2.08 to 216.81 while the Topix index of all firstsection shares rose 8.94 to 1.088.83.

Volume was light with 225m shares traded. The momentum was up, with 635 shares advancing and 435 declining.

Toyota Motor gained Y160 to Y3,130 and Nissan Motor Y11 to Y346. Sectors dependent on dollar-denominated raw materials like forestry. paper and pulp, and iron and



cent as the yen improved in foreign exchanges

Oji Paper rose Y21 or 3.6 per cent to Y589, Nippon Steel Y5 to Y208, Kawasaki Steel Y9 to Y174 and Sumitomo Metal Y3 to Y128. The bank sector fell 0.7 per

cent, with Sakura Bank Insurance rose Y43 to Y1,377 overall 55.83 rise to 10,225.97 down Y5 to Y256 after on local newspaper reports on the Hang Seng index. HK Krung Thai Bank dropped to R78.

reporting it would consider a request from construction company Fujita for debt waivers. Fuji Bank fell Y6 to

Y425 on a report it would

sell Y217bn in new shares to Fuyo group companies. Tokio Marine and Fire

its derivatives venture with Bank One into a securities

brokerage. Matsushita Electric Industrial rose Y21 to Y2,005 after announcing the purchase of an 8.1 per cent stake in Poly-Gram, the music company recently acquired by Seagram of Canada.

The yield on the 10-year government bond rose 18.5 isls points to 1.87 per cent. In Osaka, the OSE index fell

11 to 14,646. HONG KONG rallied but volumes staved minimal and brokers said trading was again mostly technical with futures-related trading dic-7.1 per cent third-quarter

contraction for the economy

came after market hours. HSBC rose \$2 to HK\$197.50 to account for about half the

HK\$13.90. Fabric maker Ying and Stam Commercial Bank Wing made a smooth debut, closing at HKL01 against a Bt17.25.

KUALA LUMPUR pushed higher as local funds bought cents to M\$6.50 and Telekom 40 cents to M\$8.90. The composite index ended 10.09 or 1.8 per cent ahead at 566.28. BANGKOK was dragged

flotation price of HK1.

down by a fall in banking stocks. The composite index closed 8.48 or 2.4 per cent lower at 851.81.

said investors had become 5,396.5. tating direction. News of a more wary of banks since the central bank announced on Monday that there had been an increase in nonperforming loans.

Kiatnakin shed Bt0.75 or per cent to R199.80. 6.4 per cent to end at Btll,

fell Bt1.75 or 9.2 per cent to

MANILA prospered on late buying of blue-chip stocks. selective blue chips ahead of 35.84 or 1.9 per cent higher at the new year. Tenaga rose 80 1,968.78 compared with its 1998 starting level of 1,891.27 and a year-low of 1,082.18 in September. .

SOUTH AFRICA

Shares in Johannesburg improved for the third day running, with financials con-The banking sector index tinuing to push higher. The lost 5.3 per cent. Brokers all share index rose 47.7 to

> Money market rates continued to soften and financials gained 2 per cent amid hopes of interest rate cuts. Investec jumped R8.40 or 4.5

In metals, implats rose R3

CITRA MARGA FINANCE B.V.

P.T. CITRA MARGA NUSAPHALA PERSADA

as Guarantos

NOTICE TO THE HOLDERS OF THE GUARANTEED US\$ 175,000,000 FLOATING RATE NOTES DUE DECEMBER 1998

on January 21, 1999, at 2:00 p.m. (the "Noteholders' Meeting") for the purpose of hearing and considering certain proposals relating to the restructuring of the Guaranteed US\$ 175,000,000 Floating Rate Notes due December 1998 (the "Notes"), and (if thought fit) passing, with

1. that, a committee of the holders of the Notes (the "Steering Committee") be appointed in accordance with Schedule 3 clause 2(f) of the Trust Deed dated December 14, 1995 made between Citra Marga Finance B.V. and P.T. Citra Marga Nusaphala Persada and BT Trustness (Hong Kong) Limited, to consider and approve, in accordance with the terms of reference to be agreed in relation to the Steering appropriate (the "Restructuring").

2. that, the maturity date of the Notes be extended from December 16, 1998 to April 21, 1999 in order for the Noteholders, the Issuer and the Guarantor to agree the Restructuring, provided that such extension of the maturity date shall be conditional on the Guarantor and the Issuer satisfying all of the conditions set out in the letter addressed to the Issuer and the Guarantor from BT Trustees (Hong Kong) Limited dated December 15, 1998 and such other conditions, if any, as may be proposed by the Steering Committee at the Noteholders'

3. that, the Steering Committee may, on behalf of the Noveholders, raise additional matters in connection with the Restructuring for such matrets to be approved by the Noreholders, as Extraordinary Resolutions or otherwise, at the Noteholders' Meeting.

that, provided that the Steering Committee approves the Restructuring on behalf of Noteholders in accordance with the Terms of Reference, on or before April 21, 1999, and subject to such further conditions as the Steering Committee may consider appropriate, the maturity date of the Notes shall be extended for a further three months from April 21, 1999 in order to

5. that, the Trustee be authorised to execute such documentation subject to the Trustee's satisfaction as may be necessary to implement the

The attention of Noteholders is particularly drawn to the quorum required for the meeting and for any adjourned meeting, which is set out below. Having regard to such requirements, Noteholders are particularly requested either to take steps to be represented at the meeting, as

In accordance with normal practice, the Trustee expresses no opinion as to the merits of the proposals as presented to the Noteholders and in relation to the Notes. The Trustee has not been involved in formulating the proposals and recommends Noteholders who are in any doubt

as to men impact to seek ment with processors agents holding or representing not less than 75% in principal smount or the Notes for the The quorum shall be two or more Noteholders or agents holding or representing not less than 75% in principal smount or the Notes for the time being ourstanding, not being Notes which are beneficially held by or on behalf of the Issuer or any of its subsidiaries and not yet cancelled. If a quorum is not present within 15 minutes from the time initially fixed for the Meeting, it shall, if convened on requisition of Noteholders or if the Issuer and the Truster agree, be dissolved. In any other case it shall be adjourned until such dare, not less than 14 nor more than 42 days later, and time and place as the charman may decide. If a quorum is not present within 15 minutes from the time fixed for a meeting the adjourned until such days agent which the decided of the such as the content of the c so adjourned, the meeting shall be dissolved. At such adjourned meeting the quorum shall be two or more Not representing not less than 15% in principal amount of the Notes for the time being outstanding. Noteholders may appoint proxies or representatives by instructing, and providing the required details to, the relevant clearing.

72 hours prior to the Noteholders' Meeting.

Voting certificates for the meeting will be obtained from the Principal Paying Agent or Paying Agent by Notebolders at the Notebolders' To be passed, each Resolution requires a majority of not less than 75% of votes cast at the Noteholders' Meeting. If passed, the resolution shall be brading on all the Noteholders, whether or not present at the Noteholders' Meeting, and all the Noteholders and each of them shall be braind to give effect to it accordingly.

BT Trustees (Hong Kong) Limited, December 30, 1998

Hong Kong

CITRA MARGA FINANCE B.V. c/o Greba Cura Buikling, 9th Fl. Jalan Gator Subroto Kav. 35-36

garra 1 2950, Indonesia

PT CITRA MARGA NUSAPHALA PERSADA TBK Greha Citra Building, 9th Fl. Jalan Cator Subroto Kav. 35-36

BT TRUSTEES (HONG KONG) LIMITED 36th FL, Two Pacific Place 86 Queensway

Principal Paying Agent BANKERS TRUST COMPANY, HONG KONG BRANCH 36th Fl., Two Pacific Place



